

BASIC TERMINOLOGY. DOSAGE FORMS

- Biologically active substances (BAS) are substances that affect biological processes in humans and animals.
- Pharmaceutical substance is a drug in the form of one or more active substances with pharmacological activity, regardless of the nature of their origin, which is intended for the production, manufacture of drugs and determines their effectiveness.
- Active, or pharmacologically active substances are biologically active substances that provide therapeutic value of the drug. They can change the state and functions of the body, exhibit prophylactic, diagnostic or therapeutic effect. They can be used in the form of substances in the manufacture of finished drugs.
- **Excipients** are substances of inorganic or organic origin, used in the production or manufacture of drugs to give them the necessary physical and chemical properties.

- Medicinal raw materials a set of natural and artificial materials and substances used for production of medicines.
- Drugs substances or their mixtures of natural, semi-synthetic or biotechnological origin, which are used for the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of diseases or to change the state and functions of the human body.
- Medicinal product is a drug in a certain dosage form.

Phytopreparation is a medicinal product of plant origin in a particular dosage form.

- Galenic preparations are medicinal products of plant origin in the form of tinctures or extracts.
- Novogalenic preparations are maximum extracts of herbal products, cleared of ballast substances, which contain the whole complex of BAS.
- The term "herbal preparations" is used to describe a mixture of some types of crushed (less often whole) herbs, sometimes with an admixture of mineral salts, essential oils, etc., which can be used for therapeutic purposes.

- **Standardization** is the establishment of authenticity, quality and other indicators in accordance with the requirements of the standard.
- A normative document (ND) is a document which sets out the requirements for the quality, products of primary processing (briquettes, collections, fat and essential oils), phytopreparations and other medicines, as well as methods of analysis of the relevant products.

- State Pharmacopoeia is an official guide for pharmacists; a collection that regulates the quality of medicines, indicating methods of manufacturing, rules of prescription, the highest doses, storage rules, etc.; it may also contain the texts of regulations concerning the circulation of medicines, other information and reference materials.
- Pharmacopoeial article normative document, regulating the quality of medicinal raw material, drug or standard sample and including the appropriate methods of analysis.
- Pharmacopoeial article of the enterprise a normative document, regulating the quality of raw materials or drugs and including the appropriate methods of analysis.

- Russian Federation State Standard (GOST) a document defining the regulatory requirements for raw materials, products, drugs, manufacturing processes, which regulates the methods of determining the quality of products and the conditions necessary for their preservation.
- **Standard** is a regulatory document for general and multiple use, which establishes the rules, requirements, general principles or characteristics to achieve an optimal level of order in a particular area.

- Technical specifications (TS) is a normative document that establishes the requirements for specific products and regulates the relationship between the manufacturer and the consumer of the product.
- Industry standards are standards that set out additional technical conditions for the production and delivery of products.

Dosage forms

Dosage forms are drugs that have certain physical and chemical properties and provide optimal therapeutic effect.

I. Classification of dosage forms by aggregate state.

II. Classification of dosage forms depending on the method of application or method of dosing.

III. Classification of dosage forms depending on the method of administration into the body.

Solid dosage forms



Soft dosage forms

Ointments



Vaginal suppositories





Cranial suppositories



Rectal suppositories

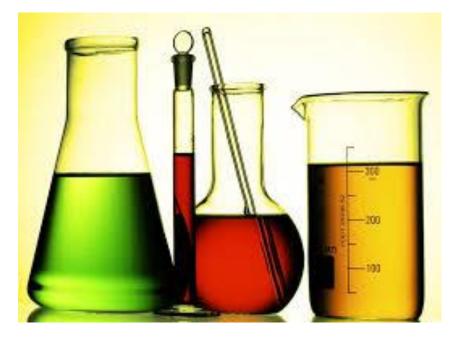


Pills



Liquid dosage forms

Solutions



Suspensions



Emulsions



Gaseous dosage forms

Aerosols





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