Стратегия выполнения заданий раздела «Грамматика и лексика» часть 2

Как работать с блоком «Лексика»?

Как преобразовывать слова

Порядок работы:

- 1. Смотрим на данное слово и пытаемся подобрать производные формы
- 2. / Изучаем предложение.
- 3. Определяем часть речи, на которую нужно заменить данное слово.
 - С помощью суффикса или приставки преобразуем слово.

Например, нам дан глагол win.

Определяем часть речи, посмотрев на предложение. После пробела мы видим сказуемое were, подлежащее отсутствует. Соответственно, мы должны употребить данное нам слово в форме существительного. Образуем сущ. Win —winners, окончание —s добавляем, так как сказуемое стоит в форме мн.числа.

bin. Among the 2)

were two 12-year-olds who made
an off-the-shoulder dress out of
coffee filters! The stunning outfit

Word Formation Nouns referring to people

- verb + er / or / at teach teacher,
 act actor, lie liar, employ employer
- noun / verb / adjective + ist art artist, tour - tourist, national - nationalist
- verb + er / or / at teach teacher,
 verb + ant / ent contest contestant, study student
 - act actor, lie liar, employ employer on noun + an / ian republic republican, library librarian
- noun / verb / adjective + ist art artist,
 verb + ee (passive meaning)
 employ employee

3 Complete each of the sentences with a word formed from the word in bold.

Word Formation

Nouns formed from verbs

-age pass - passage

-al propose – proposal

-ance accept - acceptance

-ation investigate -

investigation

-ence differ – difference

-ion select - selection

3	Complete each of the sentences with	a word
	formed from the word in bold.	

- 1 Jennifer received her letter ofacceptance....

 (accept) from the university.
- 3 From his (investigate) the detective was able to find out who took the documents.

- 6 I have a (prefer) for pop music over rock.

- Nouns formed from verbs

-age break - breakage

-al arrive - arrival

-ance perform - performance

-ation represent - representation

-ence confide- confidence

-ion complete - completion

-ment pay - payment

-sion extend – extension (verbs ending in -d/-t)

-sis diagnose – diagnosis

-tion delete - deletion

-ure seize - seizure

-y discover – discovery

Nouns formed from adjectives

-ance arrogant - arrogance

-cy accurate – accuracy

-ence confident - confidence

-ion perfect - perfection

-iness happy - happiness

-ness shy - shyness

-ity equal - equality

-ty safe - safety

-y jealous – jealousy

- Adjectives formed from nouns

-ous courage – courage**ous**

-al person - personal

-ic hygiene – hygien**ic**

-ical myth - mythical

-ish girl - girl**ish**

-ive excess - excessive

-ful (with) meaning – meaningful

-less (without) meaning – meaningless

-ant importance - important

-able comfort - comfortable

hand – handy

-ly time – timely

Adjectives formed from verbs

-able count - countable

-ible comprehend - comprehensible

(verbs ending in -d/-t)

-ive dismiss - dismissive

-ate consider - considerate

-ent depend - dependent

Verbs formed from adjectives

-en bright - brighten

-ise immobile - immobilise

Verbs formed from nouns

-en length – length**en**

Suffixes are syllables which we add to the end of certain words to form new words.

Prefixes are syllables which we add before certain words to form new words. The meaning of the new word depends on the prefix that has been used.

The prefixes below are used to express opposite meanings.

de- deforest, desensitise

dis- disagree, dissimilar

in- insincere, incomplete BUT il- (before I)

illegible im- (before b, m, p) impolite,

imbalance BUT unpopular ir- (before r)

irrational

non- BUT unrest, unrestricted

un- non-existent, non-stop

uncomfortable, unlucky

Упражнения на отработку

Thousands of tourists	s visit Edinburgh every year. The capital of Scotland isfor its history and architecture.	FAME		
The main	of the city is Edinburgh Castle.	ATTRACT		
	It's one of the centres of	the country.		CULTURE
	usually full of noisy tourists with cameras but if you want a quive it too - the beautiful and countryside			
It was built in th	ne 12 th century but it still looks magnificent and very 	IMP	RESS	
		·		
	There are many historic monuments in Edinbu to Walter Scott, a well-known	rgh. One of them is an	unusual monume	nt WRITE

Use the word given in capitals to form a word that fits in the gap.

	1 2 3	Don't	CONSCIOUS
)	We were feelingso we decided to run 5 km rather than our usual 2 km.	ENERGY
	4	She broke her sister's necklace in a fit of	JEALOUS
	5	I thought my essay was fine, but my teacher told me I had to it.	DO
	6	My French improved greatly once I was living in France.	PRONOUNCE
	7	My	PREDICT
	8	Our Physics teacher told us to imagine the of space.	EMPTY
	9	My neighbours are building an on their house.	EXTEND
1	0	I can't believe how many there are on this TV channel.	ADVERTISE
1	1	I was full of for his achievements.	ADMIRE
1		I prefer to my mobile phone plan because then	
		I don't have to worry about bills every month.	

30	My parents think I'm because I'm always late when they arrange to meet me somewhere.	RESPONSIBLE
31	Philosophers are very good at exposing arguments.	LOGICAL
32	The reason you don't understand what he's saying is that he is talking a lot of	
		SENSE
33	He lost all his money and now he is	PENNY
34	The chicken was and that's why we all got food poisoning.	соок
35	It's a really bad idea to do something so	RISK
36	If the two of you, you will get the job done a lot faster.	OPERATE
37	Luckily, our dog and cat with each other quite well.	ACT
38	It's incredible that for doctors today, a heart	PLANT
	is a routine matter.	
38	It's incredible that for doctors today, a heart	PLANT

<u>Образуйте как можно больше (2 -4) производных</u> форм от следующих слов.

Use

Compete

Impress

Response

Differ

Collect

Beauty

Success

Science

create

interest

tradition

fame

person

attract

happy

friend

national