

**LAW NO. 12 OF
1996 PROMULGATING
THE CHILD LAW**

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Goals

- ❖ To protect children against discrimination
- ❖ To ensure that every disabled child enjoys his rights as a disabled child

Part six:
care and rehabilitation of disabled child

Article 77:

- A disabled child shall have the right to rehabilitation
- Rehabilitation shall mean providing social, mental, medical, educational, and professional services necessary to the disabled child and his family to assist them in overcoming the consequences of his disability

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- The state shall provide rehabilitation services and prosthetic equipment, free of charge within the allocations earmarked for this purpose in the general budget of the state, and subject to the provision of the article 85 of this law

Significance

- The promulgation of child law number 12/1996 is considered one of the most important accomplishments of the national council for childhood and motherhood after the council's technical advisory committee took upon itself the task of forming a "legislative working group" to prepare a proposal for the promulgation of a child law which would translate the provisions of the united nations convention on the rights of the child, ratified in November 1989

Practical realization

- In Egypt, the state enforces and protects the provisions of child law against any violation and protects the disabled children from all types of abuse.