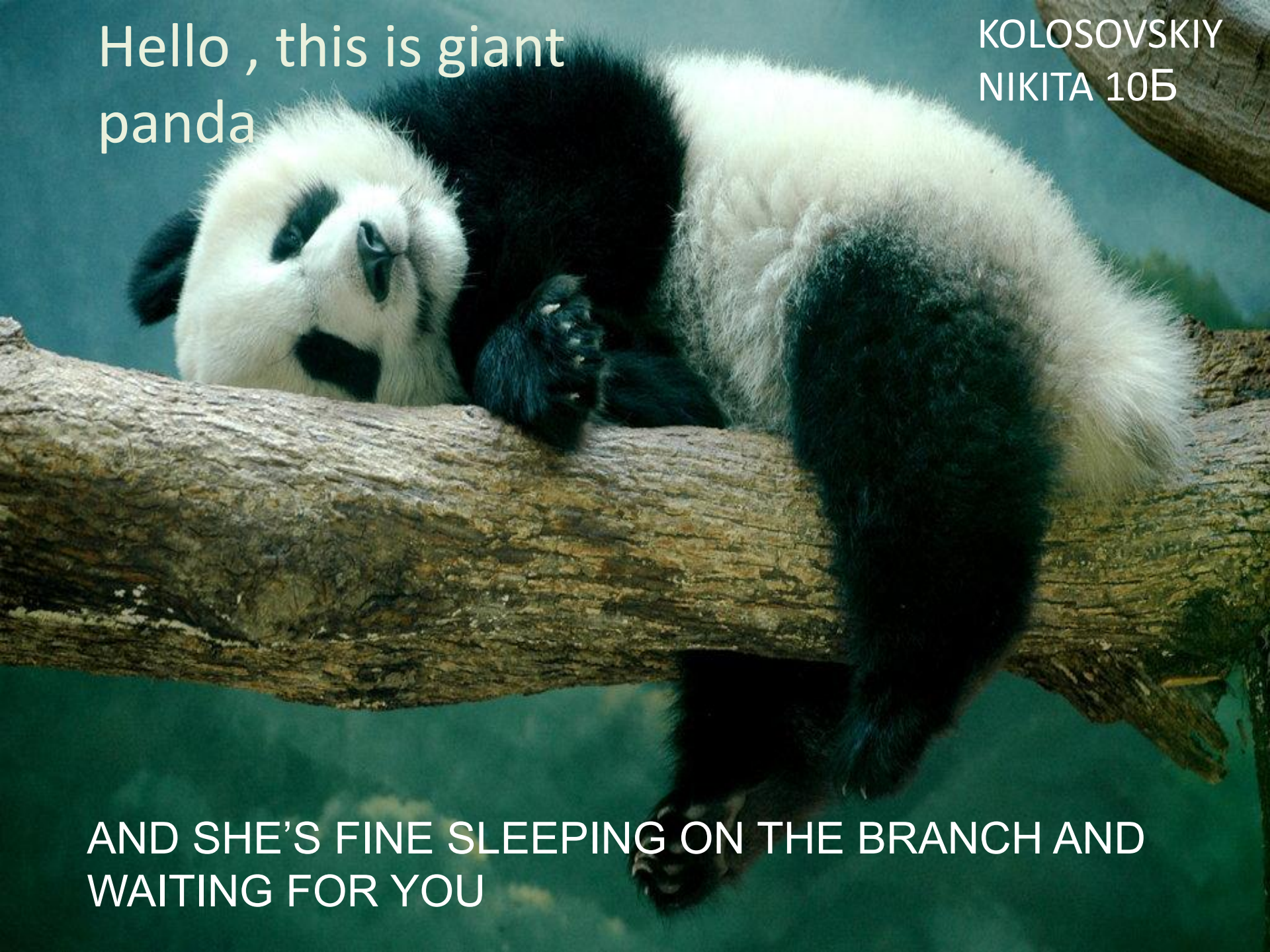


Hello , this is giant
panda

KOLOSOVSKIY
NIKITA 10Б

AND SHE'S FINE SLEEPING ON THE BRANCH AND
WAITING FOR YOU



Classification

A giant panda is the central focus of the image, sitting on a wooden platform and eating bamboo. The panda's black and white fur is clearly visible, and it is holding a bamboo shoot in its mouth. The background shows a wooden fence and a tree trunk, suggesting a natural or zoo-like environment.

For many decades, the precise taxonomic classification of the giant panda was under debate because it shares characteristics with both bears and raccoons. However, molecular studies indicate the giant panda is a true ursine, part of the family Ursidae. These studies show it differentiated early (about 19 million years ago) from the main ursine stock; since it is the most basal member of the group, it is equidistant from all other extant ursids. The giant panda has been referred to as a living fossil.

Despite the shared name, habitat type, and diet, as well as a unique enlarged bone called the *pseudo thumb* (which helps them grip the bamboo shoots they eat), the giant panda and red panda are only distantly related.

A close-up photograph of a giant panda sitting on a thick, light-brown tree branch. The panda is facing left, holding a piece of bamboo in its mouth and eating. Its black and white fur is clearly visible. The background is a soft-focus green, suggesting a forest setting.

Predators

Although adult giant pandas have few natural predators other than humans, young cubs are vulnerable to attacks by snow leopards, martens, eagles. Sub-adults weighing up to 50 kg (110 lb) may be vulnerable to predation by leopards

Behavior

The giant panda is a terrestrial animal and primarily spends its life roaming and feeding in the bamboo forests of the qinling mountains



And again this fine creation
got on a branch, thank you
for attention

I hope you learned
something new about
the pandas, they just
about us all know

