

Chemical Training – for Crew CHEM02

Environmental Officer

Objectives - SQM Environmental Chapter 11

SDS Forums and available chemical online training

- Know how to read Labels, Super Labels SDS
- Chemical storage and transportation procedures
- (Chemical color codes)
- **Proper PPE**
- Where you can find "Proper PPE"
- The dangers of mixing chemicals
- Emergency response procedures in case of a chemical spill

Chemical color code

 All Chemicals assigned color code. Identify the chemical type for safe storage and safe handling as per color code.

 Do not mix chemical with non-compatible type



SDS Website – What is SDSForum?

- The SDS website will work on all shipboard computers
- To obtain information about chemicals used onboard
- To print Labels, Super labels, Safety Date Sheet(SDS)
- Do chemical training for more familiarization

SDSForums.com

[Home]

Making safety data manageable, affordable, easy



or



(must be supported by your organization)

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Labels

- Labels are a basic compact explanation of each chemical.
- They give all essential information to include the hazards, PPE requirements and color coded storage instructions.
- This label should be readily available anywhere chemicals are stored and clearly posted where the chemical is stored
- Any person using chemicals should be trained to read and understand the labels.



Labels



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Super Label

- A Super Label is a 1 page summary of the SDS that has the essentials from the SDS and can give you all information that may be required during an emergency.
- The Super Label should be available inside all main chemical stores
- All supervisors, middle management and above should be able to read and understand how to interpret the Super Label



Super Label

SdsForums - SuperLabels



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Toxicity - level 1(extreme) to 4(Low)

- Acute- if it is so toxic that even a small amount can cause injury or death (example from the ship H2S)
- **Chronic** Repeated exposure that cause long term issues like cancer. (constant exposure to ammonia can cause asthma and permanent lung damage)
- **Target Organ Effects(TOE)** chemicals that target specific organs such as the liver or kidneys (the tar in cigarettes that effects the lungs different ship example)
- **Carcinogens** suspected to cause cancer (Lead was a suspect for causing cancer when it was used in fuel for cars)
- **Mutagens** chemicals that causes mutations in organisms (passed along through the offspring one example is arsenic find example)
- **Teratogens** Chemicals that cause fetal development defects (alcohol consumed while pregnant causing birth defects)

Proper PPE- Gloves, Apron, Eye protections, <u>respiratory protections</u>

Respirator Stora





















Respiratory protection management guidance

 Care & Use of Respiratory Protection Equipment not followed, e.g.:
Respirator cartridges found overdue in excess of 30 days.



Storage of Chemicals

- Developing good onboard practices will help reduce the risk of injury and accidents
- As you can see from the picture, this ship used solid colored paper to identify the color code of the chemicals being stored there from a distance





Storage of Chemicals

- Chemicals shall be stored on shelves by color code
- When chemicals of different color coding are stored on the same shelf there must be a leak proof physical barrier separating the 2 chemicals.
- Chemicals must also be secured to reduce the likelihood of a spill or cross contamination





Storage of Chemicals – Chemical Management violation



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Storage of Chemicals - Chemical Management violation



Storage of Chemicals - Chemical Management violation



Chemical pail without any labels.

All chemical container must be labeled.



Storage of Chemicals – Danger!

Excessive heat can cause the chemical containers to expand making it unsafe to open



Storage of Flammable Chemicals

- All Flammable chemicals must be stored in a category 14 space
- Daily use chemicals shall be stored in a flammable cabinet and can not exceed 5 gallons or 20 liters
 - Cabinets are available through crunchtime
 - Cabinets can be stored in the following space categories 8, 11, 12, and 13



Storage of Flammable Chemicals – SQM violation

FIRE & EXPLOSION

Flammable Lockers Store More Than "Daily Use" Quantities





Storage of Flammable Chemicals – SQM violation

Chemical Management Not Followed

Flammable substances / materials stored in non approved lockers and store rooms (Cat 14 Spaces)



Chemical storages signage

- All Chemical stores shall be clearly marked as such and equipped with a spill kit, eye wash solution and PPE for emergency use.
- Chemical stores and lockers shall have a sign that identifies the responsible person for maintaining the locker and their phone number posted on the door in crew areas and inside the door in guest areas



Audit top findings

FIRE & EXPLOSION

- a) Inadequate or non-compliant trash bins found in various venous under the Deck Department / Division supervision.
- b) Storage of combustible goods up to the ceiling and blocking sprinkler nozzle heads.
- c) Fire doors found blocked.





More Audit Top findings

Combustible Trash Bins.



Combustible Trash Bins.



RCL Chemical Management policy - DO NOT



Emergency eye wash stations



- If seal is broken, replace immediately
- Where chemicals are stored and near all dosing stations an eyewash station shall be available within 5 meters
- Eye Wash Bottles are one time use only, do not reuse
- Will only rinse eye for 2 minutes (it is recommended to wash eye for 20 minutes if contact with chemicals)
- Eyewash Replacements for Hotel Department go through Crunchtime

Eye Protection Note

 If chemicals are to get in your eye, make sure to wash your eyes with water, if no washing station is available there will be eyewash close by to use instead



Spill Response Kits Requirement

- Chemical Spill Response Kits are required inside or immediately outside chemical storage areas if the space is greater than 4 m2 (43 ft2)
- Spill kits are required to be within 5 minutes walking from all other chemical storage areas



Incident Response Policy

- The Hazardous Material Spill response procedures can be found under the Situation Management policy 3.03.3 Oil Spill/Hazardous Material Spill.
- This policy provides a checklist with the proper steps to take in the case of a spill along with additional reporting requirements.

Spill Response Procedures

- What are the steps a crew member should take in the case of a chemical spill.
 - Secure and evacuate the area, make sure that there is no entry to the area by other crew members

If you are outside the area do not enter the area

• Call the bridge to report the spill

Please provide as much information as you can give (location, type of chemical, size of the spill etc.)

• Wait for help to arrive to give a briefing of the situation to the person cleaning up the spill.