

Phrasal verb GIVE

give away 1) открыть секрет, 2) отдавать
give back возвращать
give out раздавать
give up сдаваться, прекращать попытки

- 1 Tony gave my secret and now the whole class knows! **(reveal)**
- 2 Don't give trying and your marks will improve. **(stop trying)**
- 3 Diane, could you please give the tests? **(distribute)**
- 4 Sorry, I've forgotten to give you your dictionary! **(return)**
- 5 I've given all my textbooks from last year. **(give sth because you no longer want it)**

Words often confused

ad • ver • tise • ment *BrE* / əd'vɜ:tɪsmənt / **noun**

1 [**countable**] (also *informal ad*) (*BrE* also *informal ad • vert*)
~ (for sth) a notice, picture or film telling people about a product, job or service

an • nounce • ment *BrE* / ə'naʊnsmənt / **noun**

[**countable**] a spoken or written statement that informs people about sth

ex • plan • ation *BrE* / ,eksplə'neɪʃn / **noun**

1 [**countable** , **uncountable**] a statement, fact, or situation that tells you why sth happened; a reason given for sth

2 [**countable**] a statement or piece of writing that tells you how sth works or makes sth easier to understand

in • struc • tion *BrE* / In'strʌkʃn / **noun**

1 instructions [**plural**] detailed information on how to do or use sth

edu • cate *BrE* / 'edʒukeɪt / **verb**

1 [**often passive**] ~ **sb** to teach sb over a period of time at a school, university, etc
She was educated in the US.

teach *BrE* / ti:tʃ / **verb**

(**taught** , **taught** / *BrE* tɔ:t ; *NAmE* tɔ:t /)

1 to give lessons to students in a school, college, university, etc; to help sb learn sth by giving information about it

tem • per *BrE* / 'tempə(r) / **noun**

[**countable**] the way that you are feeling at a particular time

mood *BrE* / mu:d / **noun**

1 [**countable**] the way you are feeling at a particular time

Compound Nouns

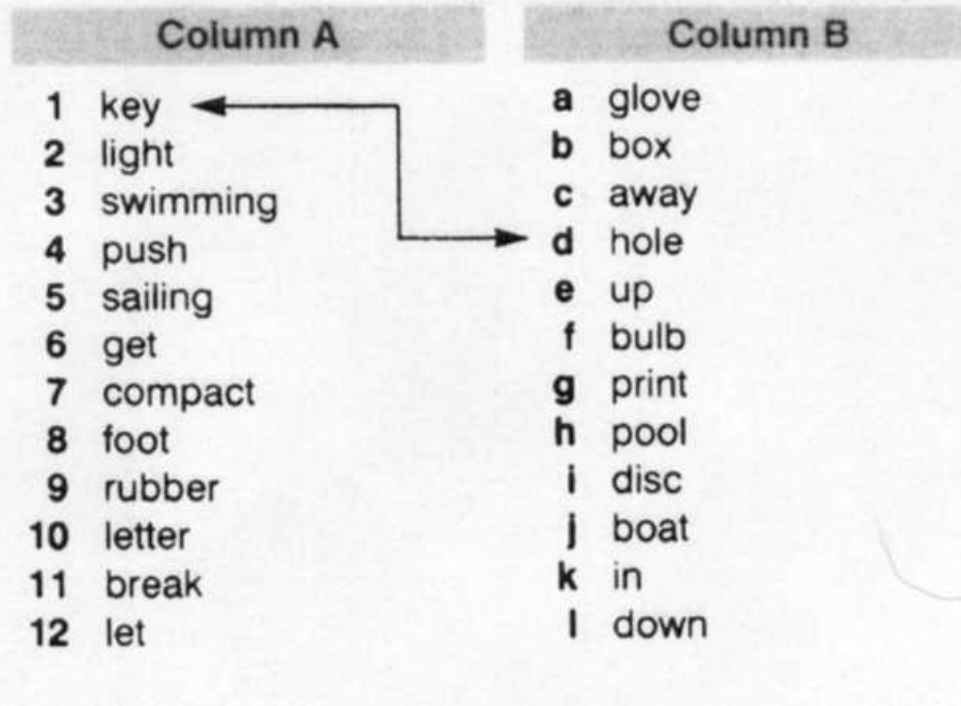
Compound nouns are nouns that are made of two or more parts and are formed as follows:

- ◆ noun + noun. The plural is usually formed by adding **-s/-es** to the second noun.
e.g. *bus driver* ⇒ *bus drivers*
- ◆ **-Ing form/adjective** + noun. The plural is formed by adding **-s/-es** to the noun.
e.g. *rocking-horse* ⇒ *rocking-horses*
dining room ⇒ *dining rooms*
darkroom ⇒ *darkrooms*
- ◆ noun + **in-law**. The plural is formed by adding **-s** to the noun. e.g. *brother-in-law* ⇒ *brothers-in-law*
- ◆ noun + **adverb**. The plural is formed by adding **-s** to the noun. e.g. *passer-by* ⇒ *passers-by*
- ◆ **verb + adverb particle**. The plural is formed by adding **-s** to the word.
e.g. *breakdown* ⇒ *breakdowns*

Match the items in column A to the ones in column B to make compound nouns. Then, form the plural.

1 - d keyhole - keyholes

Column A	Column B
1 key	a glove
2 light	b box
3 swimming	c away
4 push	d hole
5 sailing	e up
6 get	f bulb
7 compact	g print
8 foot	h pool
9 rubber	i disc
10 letter	j boat
11 break	k in
12 let	l down



1 wife*wives*

2 stepmother

3 father-in-law

4 safe

5 workbook

6 sister-in-law

7 dictionary.....

8 teapot

9 mouse.....

10 brush

11 parking space

12 watch

Home task

- 1. составить по одному предложению со словами из упр 3 стр 116
- 2. составить по одному предложению с фразовым глаголом GIVE
- 3. (не выкладывать на сайт) р.т. Стр 69