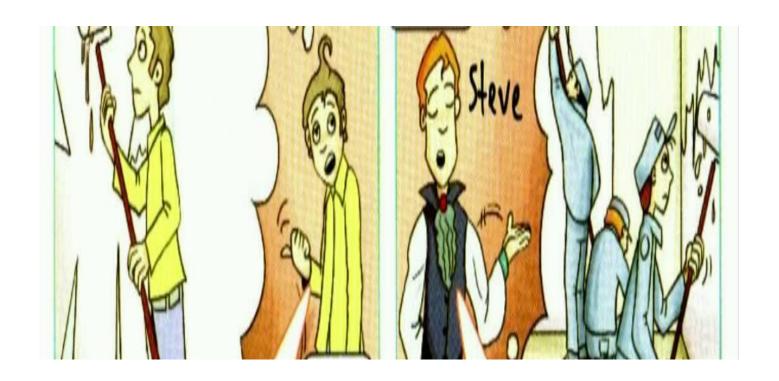


By himself

Hired someone



We use the Causative form in English to

say that <u>we have arranged for someone to do</u> <u>something for us = instead.</u>

Causative Form

 We use have + object + past participle to say that we have arranged for someone to do something for us. David arranged for the builder to build a shed. David had a shed built. (He didn't do it himself - the builder did it.)

Present Simple Present Continuous Past Simple Past Continuous **Future Simple Future Continuous** Present Perfect Present Perf. Cont. Past Perfect Past Perfect Cont. Infinitive -ing form

She paints her portrait.

She is painting her portrait.

She painted her portrait.

She was painting her portrait.

She will paint her portrait.

She will be painting her portrait.

She has painted her portrait.

She has been painting her portrait.

She had painted her portrait.

She had painted her portrait.

She had painted her portrait.

She can paint her portrait.

She likes painting her portrait.

She has her portrait painted. She is having her portrait painted. She had her portrait painted. She was having her portrait painted. She will have her portrait painted. She will be having her portrait painted. She has had her portrait painted. She has been having her portrait painted. She had had her portrait painted. She had been having her portrait painted. She can have her portrait painted. She likes having her portrait painted.

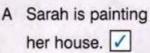
To have smth done

get smth done

- The verb to have used in the causative, forms its negations and questions with do/does (Present Simple) and did (Past Simple). She doesn't have her hair dyed. Did you have your curtains put up?
- We can use the causative instead of the passive to express accidents or misfortunes. She
 had her car stolen. (= Her car was stolen.) He had his leg broken. (= His leg was broken.)
- Get can be used instead of have in the causative. I had/got my tooth taken out yesterday. Get
 is stronger in meaning than have and can be used to suggest difficulty. Get the door repaired,
 will you? He finally got the seats booked.

Tick (✓) the correct sentence for each picture, as in the example.





Sarah is having her house painted.



A Mary is fixing her car.

B Mary is having her car fixed.



A They are washing the dishes.

B They are having the dishes washed.



A The elderly man is examining his heart.

B The elderly man is having his heart examined.



A Lisa is taking a photo.

B Lisa is having her photo taken.



A Ann is cutting the grass.

B Ann is having the grass cut.



Look at the prompts and answer the questions using the causative.



What did Lisa do? she / face / paint .She had her face painted.



What is Alan doing? he / a suit / make



What is Rachael going to do? she / her hair / cut



What has Frank done? his / tap / fix



What will Jane do? she / her car / repair

Present Simple
Present Continuous
Past Simple
Past Continuous
Future Simple
Future Continuous
Present Perfect
Present Perf. Cont.
Past Perfect
Past Perfect
Cont.

She has her portrait painted.
She is having her portrait painted.
She had her portrait painted.
She was having her portrait painted.
She will have her portrait painted.
She will be having her portrait painted.
She has had her portrait painted.
She has been having her portrait painted.
She had had her portrait painted.
She had been having her portrait painted.
She had been having her portrait painted.

MODALS & SEMI- MODALS	can	He can make Sushi.	He can have Sushi made.
	could	He could make Sushi.	He could have Sushi made.
	must	He must make Sushi.	He must have Sushi made.
	should	He should make Sushi.	He should have Sushi made.
	ought to	He ought to make Sushi.	He ought to have Sushi made.
	may	He may make Sushi.	He may have Sushi made.
	might	He might make Sushi.	He might have Sushi made.
	will	He will make Sushi.	He will have Sushi made.
	have /has to	He has to make Sushi.	He has to have Sushi made.
	have / has got to	He has got to make Sushi.	He has got to have Sushi made.
	needs to	He needs to make Sushi.	He needs to have Sushi made.
	needn't	He needn't make Sushi.	He needn't have Sushi made.
	had better	He had better make Sushi.	He had better have Sushi made.
	used to	He used to make Sushi.	He used to have Sushi made.

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Read the situations, then write sentences using the causative form.

1 Our house is small. We need to build an extension. What should we do?

You should



What should Paul do? he / his trousers / shorten

Home assignment

Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets in the appropriate form.

A:	Hi, Lisa. What are you doing in town today?	
B:	11) am having my car serviced	(my car/service) at the moment.
	It will be ready in an hour, so I 2)	(some photographs/
	develop) while I wait. What about you?	
A:	Well, right now, we 3)	(our roof/fix) so I decided to spend
	the morning in the city centre. An hour ago, I 4)	(my nails/
	paint) at the beautician's, and later this afternoon, I 5)	***********
	(my hair/cut).	
B:	Lucky you! Well, I'd better go to the garage. See you la	ter!

2. Think of 3 things you get done by someone else.