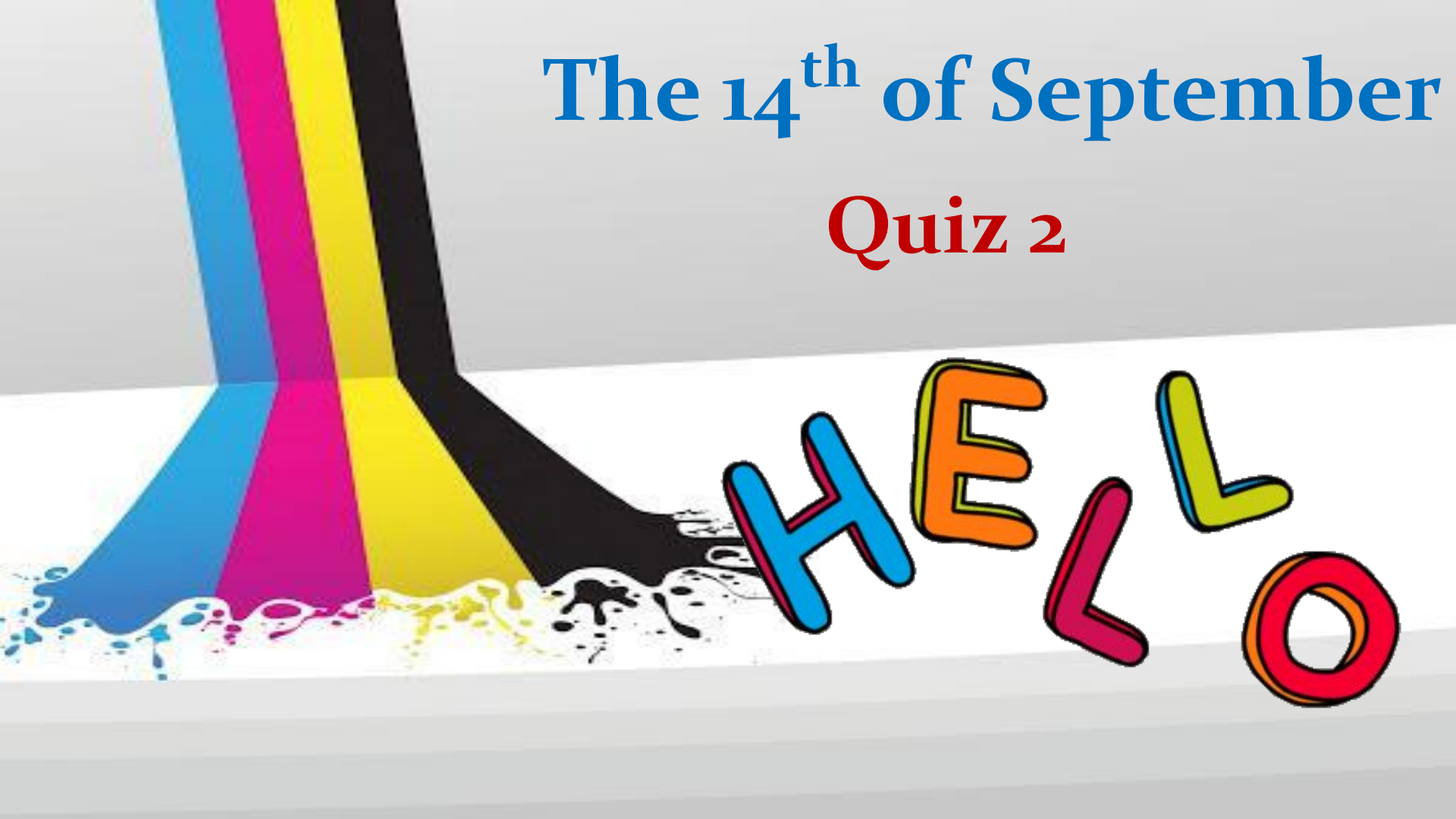


The 14th of September

Quiz 2





**February brings the rain,
Thaws the forest lake
again.**



A close-up, low-angle shot of rain falling onto a dark, wet surface, likely a paved road or sidewalk. The raindrops are captured in mid-air, creating a dense field of white, out-of-focus droplets. The background is a blurred expanse of green foliage, possibly trees or bushes, which adds a natural, serene feel to the scene. The overall lighting is soft and diffused, typical of an overcast rainy day. The word "rain" is superimposed in the lower center of the image in a bold, red, sans-serif font.

rain



to thaw

A photograph of a dense forest with tall, slender trees. Sunlight filters through the misty air, creating a serene and ethereal atmosphere. The ground is covered in green ferns and small plants.

forest



lake



piano



to understand



voice



a little



to answer



warm

A photograph of three swimmers in a pool. The swimmer in the foreground is wearing a white swim cap with 'Swim' written on it and black goggles. They are swimming in a pool with blue water. A blue lane line is visible on the right side of the frame. The text 'to swim' is overlaid in red at the bottom.

to swim



December
January
February



March
April
May



June
July
August



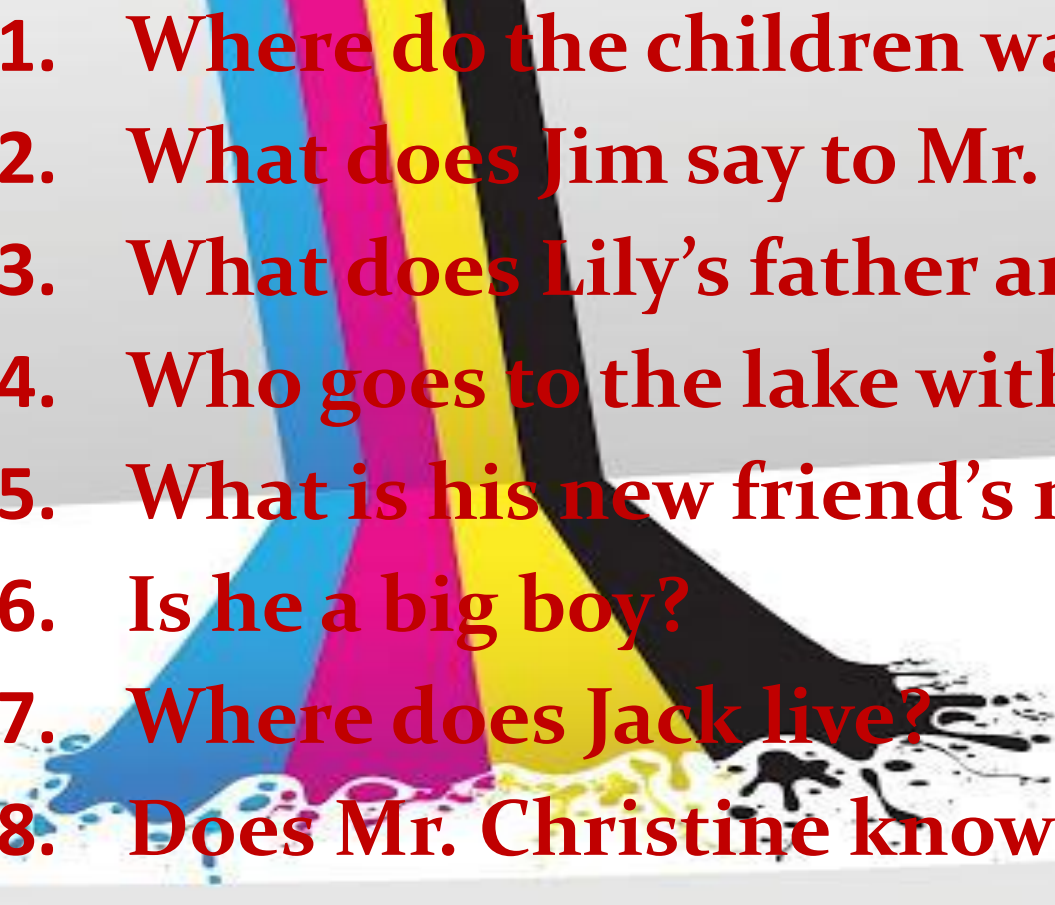
September
October
November

- 
- 1. efrots
 - 2. neo yad
 - 3. to ranwes
 - 4. to misw
 - 5. yaeburrF
 - 6. lipAr
 - 7. uneJ

- 8. gAsutu
- 9. Otoberc
- 10. eceDemrb
- 11. to wtha
- 12. anaruyJ
- 13. carMh
- 14. etepeSmbrr



**Time
to read**

- 
1. Where do the children want to go?
 2. What does Jim say to Mr. Christine one day?
 3. What does Lily's father answer?
 4. Who goes to the lake with Jim?
 5. What is his new friend's name?
 6. Is he a big boy?
 7. Where does Jack live?
 8. Does Mr. Christine know him?
 9. Is the water in the lake warm?

The background is a vibrant, textured surface with a rainbow color gradient. The colors transition from deep purple and blue on the left, through green and yellow in the center, to red and orange on the right. The texture resembles thick, layered paint or a rough, mineral surface.

**PRESENT
SIMPLE**



Often

Sometimes

Usually

Never

Seldom

Always

S + V_{s/es}

Present Simple

I, we, you,
they

he, she, it

+

V

V + s (es)

I go to Darina twice a week.
My dad works every day.

-

don't + V

doesn't + V

I don't go to Darina every day.
My dad doesn't work on Sunday.

?

Do + ... + V?

Does + ... + V?

Do you often go to Darina?
Does your dad work every day?

Present Simple Spelling Rules

Most verbs takes -s in the third person singular. (He/ She/ It)

1

- ss, -sh,

-ch, -x, -o



-es

I miss- he misses
I finish- he finishes
I watch- he watches
I mix- he mixes
I go- he goes

2

a consonant + y



-ies

I study - he studies
I cry- he cries

3

a vowel + y



-s

I play- he plays

II. Use the verbs in brackets to complete the sentences, as in the example:

1. I live. (live) in Edinburgh.
2. He (do) his homework every evening.
3. She's a teacher. She (work) at primary school.
4. "Are you a singer?" "No, I'm a pilot. I (fly) aeroplanes.
5. Joan (wash) her hair every day.
6. The museum (close) at seven in the evening.
7. Daniel (brush) his teeth every morning.
8. She (study) Science at university.
9. Every Saturday, Paul (give) his dog a bath.
10. In the mornings, Betty (take) her sister to school.
11. We (go) to the swimming pool at the weekend.
12. John and Mary (have) a cup of tea in the afternoon.



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III. Use the prompts to write sentences as in the example:

IV. Write questions and negations as in the example.

1. Tom lives in England. → Does Tom live in England? Tom doesn't live in England.
2. Mr Simpson teaches Chemistry. →
3. You like playing computer games. →
4. John and Sue work in a café. →
5. We do the shopping on Saturdays. →
6. The baby cries all the time. →



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SEE YOU SOON!

