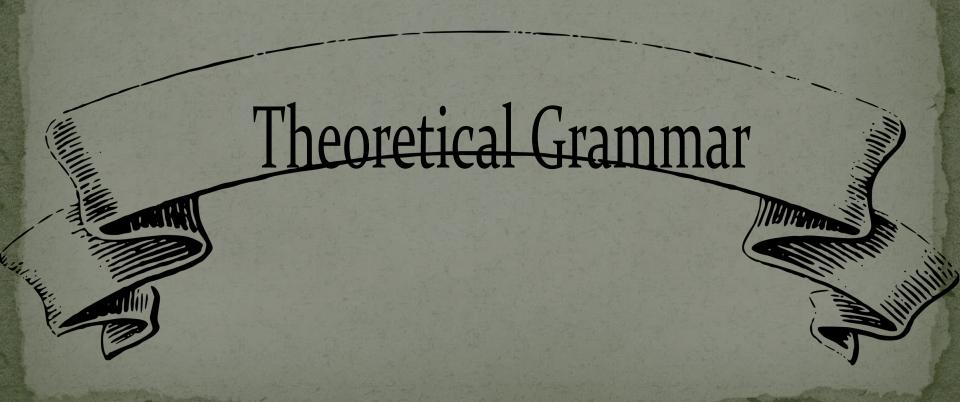
Theoretical Grammar

Morthology

by Yessengeldi N.

Morphology

 morphology is the study of words, how they are formed, and their relationship to other words in the same language; [2]



Morphology by Volkova

 Morphology deals with the internal structure of words, peculiarities of their grammatical categories and their semantics while traditional syntax deals with the rules governing combination of words in sentences; [1]

GRAMMAR

Morphology by Ilyish

 Morphology is the part of grammar which treats of the forms of words; [3]



Morphology

Word formation

Inflection

Word formation

The formation of words in a language by the processes of derivation and composition. [M.Webster, 1992, 15]

There are four main kinds of word formation:

- Prefixes (undemocratic, unusual);
- Suffixes (treat*ment*, simplify);
- Conversion (change of a word from one word class to another, e.g. to email, to google);
- Compounding (link together two or more bases e.g. heartbreaking, baby-sit, nevertheless)

Inflection

The process or device of adding affixes to or changing the shape of a base to give it a different syntactic function without changing its class form.

E.g. easy – easiest, stop – stopped, write – writing;

• It may be said that, in a way, morphology is more abstract than syntax, as it does not study connections between words actually used together in sentences, but connections between forms actually found in different sentences and, as it were, extracted from their natural surroundings;

Morphology

References



- http://www.engli.org/learning/manuals-textbooks.ad ictionaries/26830/
- 2. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Morphology (lingura)
 - ICS /
- 3. http://www.studfiles.ru/preview/4083870/
- 4. http://literarydevices.net/syntax/
- 5. http://www.studfiles.ru/preview/4083870/
- 6. https://en.oxforddictionaries.com/definition/syntax
- 7. http://www.babelsdawn.com/babels_dawn/2006/32 a_good_week.html