



Verbs in English



Verbs

Verbs are words or a group of words that refer to **actions** and **states**.

Verbs are sometimes known as action words.

E . g. The girls were singing
Helen is laughing

The words **singing** and **laughing** are showing action.



Verbs



walk



run



play



cry



laugh



climb



drink



eat



listen



pull



push



think



sleep



read



write



cook



wait



watch tv



open



close



throw away



win



give



wash



jump



ride



talk



dance



fight



fly



turn on



turn off



sing



sit down



stand up



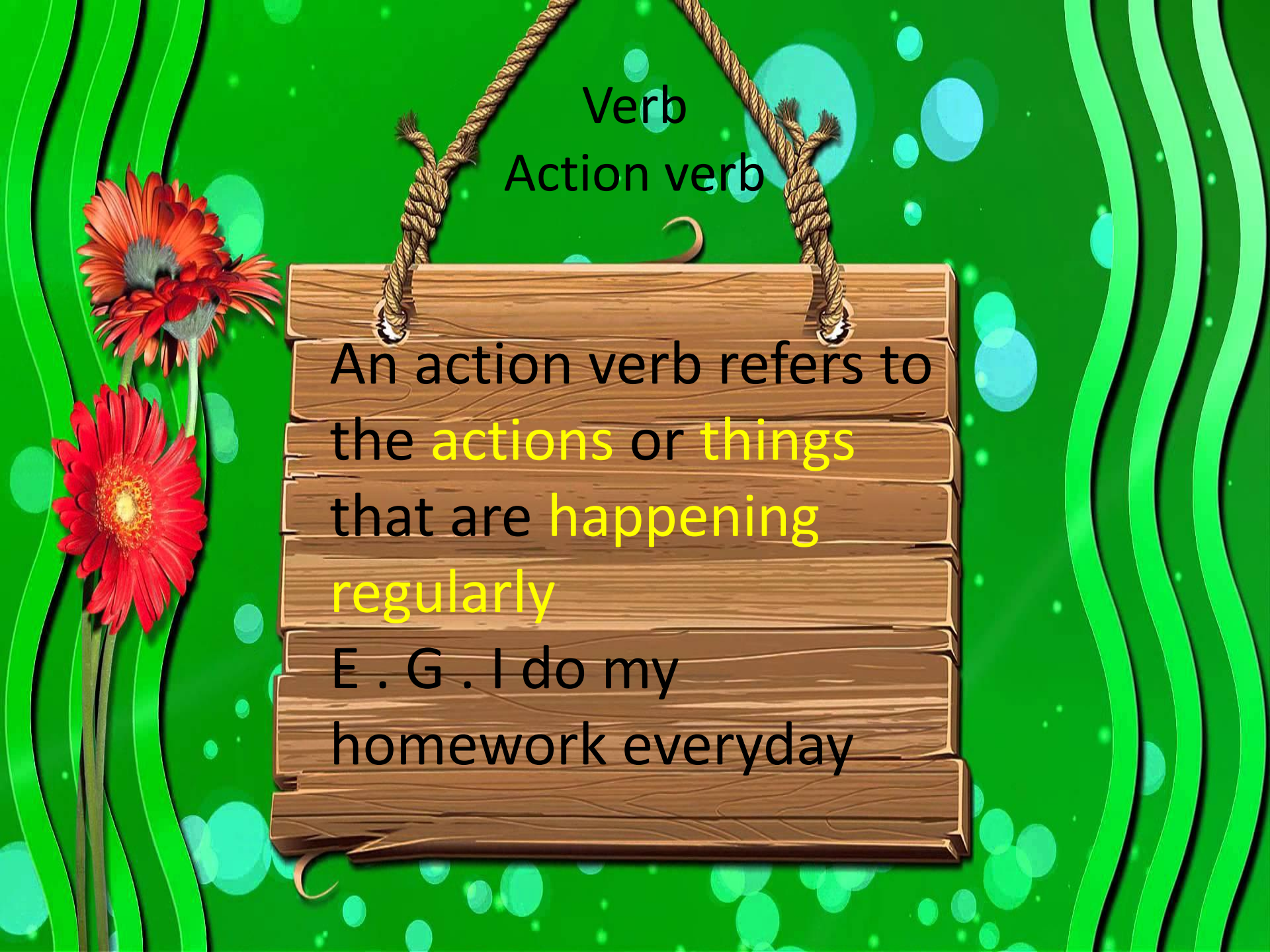
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Verbs

regular and irregular verb

- Regular verbs (Most of the words are regular verb)
- Adding “s” and “ed” at the ends to change their forms.
- Irregular verbs however there are some irregular verbs . They have different ways of forming past tense and past participle tense





Verb
Action verb

An action verb refers to the **actions** or **things** that are **happening** **regularly**

E . G . I do my homework everyday

Action Verbs



LEAN



SIT



HIT



CRAWL



CLIMB



CARRY



FLY



SWIM



PUNCH



KICK



Irregular Verbs

Irregular verbs have special past tense forms. They do not end in -d or -ed. You will need to memorize these special forms.

Example:

drive, drove



Regular Verbs

When forming the past tense of regular verbs, add -d or -ed to the present tense form of the verb.

Example:

cook, cooked





Regular verbs

V → V- ed

[t]

Watche**d**

Walk**ed**

Talk**ed**

Finish**ed**



[d]

Play**ed**

Learn**ed**

Try**ed**

Cry**ed**

Smile**ed**

studie**d**

[id]

Skate**d**

Want**ed**

Collect**ed**

Paint**ed**

need**ed**



SPELLING:

1. Regular verbs ending in **-e** we add **-d**.

2. If the verb ends in a **-y** we drop off the **-y** and add **-ied**.

try → tried

study → studied

3. If the regular verb ends in a consonant + vowel + consonant we **double** the last consonant.

stop → stopped

plan → planned

Irregular Verbs

- To talk about what happened yesterday, we use the PAST TENSE.
- Irregular Verbs CHANGE completely example:
Go -> Went **Eat -> Ate** **Do -> Did**





Eat - Ate - Eaten



Build - Built - Built



Fly - Flew - Flown



Wake - Woke - Woken



Swim - Swam - Swum



Catch - Caught - Caught

Irregular verbs V₂=V₃+ought

1	Infinitive	Second form(past simple)	Third form(past participle)	Present participle
	to buy to bring to think to teach to fight to seek	bought brought thought taught fought sought	bought brought thought taught fought sought	buying bringing thinking teaching fighting seeking
2	(I)	(æ)	(ʌ)	
	to sing to swim to sink to drink to begin	sang swam sank drank began	sung swum sunk drunk begun	singing swimming sinking drinking beginning

Irregular Verbs (Неправильные глаголы)

be [bi:]	was [wɔz], were [wə:]	been [bi:n]	<i>быть</i>
become [bɪ'kʌm]	became [bɪ'keɪm]	become [bɪ'kʌm]	<i>стать</i>
begin [bɪ'gɪn]	began [bɪ'gæn]	begun [bɪ'gʌn]	<i>начинать</i>
break [breɪk]	broke [brəʊk]	broken [brəʊkn]	<i>ломать</i>
bring [brɪŋ]	brought [brɔ:t]	brought [brɔ:t]	<i>принести</i>
build [bɪld]	built [bɪlt]	built [bɪlt]	<i>строить</i>
buy [baɪ]	bought [bɔ:t]	bought [bɔ:t]	<i>покупать</i>
catch [kætf]	caught [kɔ:t]	caught [kɔ:t]	<i>ловить</i>
choose [tʃu:z]	chose [tʃouz]	chosen [tʃouzn]	<i>выбирать</i>
come [kʌm]	came [keɪm]	come [kʌm]	<i>приходить</i>
do [du:]	did [dɪd]	done [dʌn]	<i>делать</i>
drink [drɪŋk]	drank [dræŋk]	drunk [drʌŋk]	<i>пить</i>
eat [i:t]	ate [et]	eaten [i:tn]	<i>есть</i>

Irregular verbs



be – was/were - been

begin – began - begun

bring – brought - brought

buy – bought - bought

build – built- built

come – came - come

do – did - done

drink – drank - drunk

eat – ate - eaten

get – got - got

give – gave - given

go – went - gone

have – had - had

know – knew - known

let – let - let

make – made – made

meet – met – met

put – put- put

read – read - read

see – saw - seen

sit – sat - sat

speak – spoke - spoken

sleep – slept - slept

take -took – taken

tell – told – told

think – thought – thought

win – won – won

write – wrote – written



'The family' of the verb

take

takes

took

taken

taking

walks

reading

might

ought



Stative Verbs

are NOT used in Continuous Tenses



Feelings:	Thoughts, opinions:	Senses:	Possession:	Measure, cost, Others:
LIKE	KNOW	FEEL	BELONG	COST
DISLIKE	THINK	HEAR	OWN	MEASURE
LOVE	UNDERSTAND	SEE	HAVE	WEIGH
HATE	BELIEVE	SMELL		OWE
PREFER	GUESS	SOUND		SEEM
WANT	MEAN	TASTE		BE
NEED	SUPPOSE	TOUCH		APPEAR
MIND	DOUBT	LOOK		CONSIST
CARE	REALIZE			
	REMEMBER			
	FORGET			
	AGREE			

But some of them can sometimes be “Dynamic/ action” verbs and go in a Continuous Tense:



