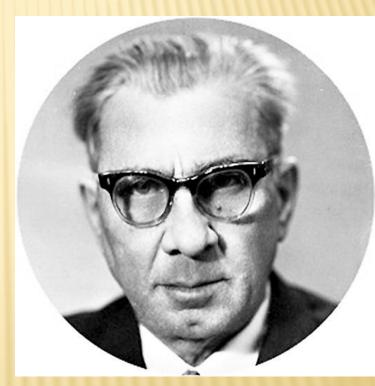
Nikitin Nicholai Vasilyevich

During the Soviet Union, one of the most famous architects was Nikitin Nicholay Vasilyevich.

Nikitin Nikolai was born in a city called Tobolsk, at the end of 1907, on December 15th.

In 1911 his family moved to Ishim where the future architect finished both the first class of the gymnasium for boys and the parish school.



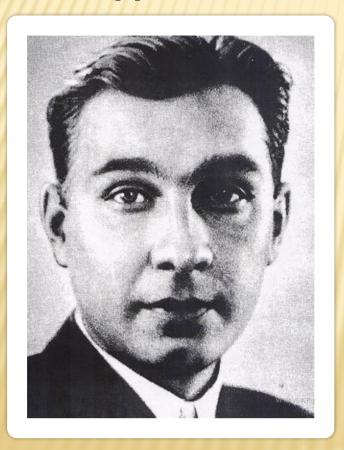
Then the Nikitin family moved to the city of Nikolaevsk, now Novosibirsk.

In 1930 Nikolai Nikitin successfully graduated from the architecture department of the Technology Institute in Tomsk.



The beginning of his creativity

As soon as Nikolai Nikitin graduated from the institute, he was appointed one of the architects in Novosibirsk.



Wind power plant



In 1932, Nikitin Nikolai took the first steps in creating his scientific works. He took part in the project of a wind power station. It was planned to build it on the mountain peak Ai-Petri in the Crimea.

Palace of the Soviets



In the late 1930s, the architect Nikolai Nikitin lived in the capital, and here he worked. So, one of the most famous projects was the Palace of Soviets that was never built.

Moscow University named after Lomonosov

The main building of the University named after MV Lomonosov at the time of construction was the highest in Europe. It was 240 meters high.



Luzhniki

In 1954 Nikitin took part in the creation of

Luzhniki







Motherla

In 1959 Nikitin and Vuchetich began to create the sculpture "Motherland"









Ostankino

The height of the tower was 50 meters (1967), it was one of the tallest buildings of its kind.





Nikolai Nikitin, lived an amazing life. He died in 1973 on March 3.
We should be proud that Nikolai Nikitin was born in Tobolsk and designed fantastic beautiful buildings and the greatest monument in Volgograd.





In memory of this great man, in Ishim there is a monument dedicated to him



He was born in:

a)1907 b)1903 c)1905

Did he live in Ishim?

Yes No

The height of the Ostankino TV tower is:

a)540m b)240m

c)630m

The monument to «Mother-land is in:
a) Moscow
b) S-Peterb
c) Volgograd

Nikitin successfully graduated from the architecrure department of the Technology Institute in Tomsk in:

a)1932

b)1936

c)1930