

# HOW DO WE USE THE WORD “MONEY”?

**Unit 4 Step 3**



**What is  
Money?**


Money is any object accepted as means  
of exchange within a society





**DOES  
A LOT OF  
MONEY  
MAKE YOU**

**HAPPY?**



**A lot of people think that happiness can be acquired with the help of money, or that you need money to be happy.**

**Money can't buy love and a happy life comes from having good friends and family who care about us. Our life becomes meaningful and happy when we are around loved one**

**Several people think that material wealth or just a lot of money can make them happy, or they can buy everything that they believe can make them happy.**

**I think that friends, family, relationships all are priceless.**

**Such things cannot be bought and that is what real happiness is about.**

**Remember, money can't buy you happiness but happiness can get you more money!**

## Ex. 3 p. 152 Listen read and learn by heart

- A. attempt** [ə'tempt] — попытка  
**concern** [kən'sɜ:n] — беспокойство, забота, значимость  
**gain** [geɪn] — получать, приобретать  
**mutual** ['mju:tʃuəl] — взаимный  
**reduction** [rɪ'dʌkʃn] — 1) сокращение, снижение; 2) скидка  
**rush** [rʌʃ] — торопить(ся)  
**scary** ['skeəri] — странный, пугающий  
**wage(s)** [weɪʃ(ɪz)] — заработная плата  
**draw attention to sb/sth** — привлечь внимание к кому-либо/чему-либо  
**drop out** — выбыть из, бросить  
**get rid of sb/sth** — избавиться от кого-либо/чего-либо



## Ex. 3 p. 152 Listen read and learn by heart



**B. attempt:** an attempt to do something, at the first (second) attempt, to make no attempt, in an attempt to do something. All attempts to control the situation failed. In an attempt to learn how to ski, he spent hours in the forest.

**concern:** to be full of concern, one's concern. Kitty's friend felt some concern for her safety. Anna expressed her deep concern about conditions at the factory. Stress at work is a matter of great concern to us all. That's no concern of mine.

**gain:** to gain from something; to gain something gradually. What do you hope to gain by this action? Customers have gained a lot from the competition of the companies. If you marry an Englishman, you do not automatically gain British citizenship.

**mutual:** mutual cooperation, mutual interests, mutual understanding. My friend and I have a mutual interest in sports.

**reduction:** 1) a huge reduction, to make reductions; to result in some reduction. The government has found it difficult to make real reductions in government spendings. 2) a 15% reduction. The shop is offering a 10-percent reduction on the price of summer clothes.

**rush:** to rush past somebody; to rush off down the corridor; to rush somebody (to be rushed) into something. I rushed to pack my suitcase as we were leaving at five. I'm not going to be rushed into this project.

**scary:** a scary film. The book is both scary and funny. It was scary to be all alone in the big old house.

**wage(s):** to earn a good wage; a wage increase/wage rise; a living wage, a daily wage, a weekly wage. A weekly wage at the factory is 250 dollars. The wage increase will come into effect in June.

**draw attention (to):** We want to draw your attention to the fact that no attempts have been made to finish the project.

**drop out:** Boys are 30 percent more likely than girls to drop out of school.

**get rid (of):** I bought a new television set so now I want to get rid of my old one.

Choose any statement you like and comment in 2-3 sentences

What would you like to change about ....

your school and schooling generally?

your town, city or village?

your country?

the way people treat their planet?

the way people treat each other?

the relations between different countries?

**Unit 4 Step 3**



# Confusable Words



# pay

это плата за работу (наиболее об-  
слово)

# payment



I can't accept the job, **the pay** is too low. — Я не могу согласиться на эту работу, оплата слишком низкая.

# wage

зарплата, которая рассчитывается на основе отработанных часов/дней в неделю/месяц, в отношении физического труда

# wages

Plant workers protest against low **wages**. — Фабричные рабочие протестуют против низкой оплаты

She has a part-time job and earns an hourly **wage**. — У нее работа с частичной занятостью, и она получает почасовую оплату.

# salary

зарплата служащим, имеющим университетское

образование

Alice is a teacher, her **salary** is not very high.

Алиса - учительница, у неё не очень высокая зарплата

# fee(s)

1. это гонорар, который платится специалисту за работу (адвокату...)  
2. плата, взимаемая за оказанную услугу.

In England public private schools **fees** are very high - Плата за обучение в частных средних школах в Англии очень высокая

# Your homework:

You have 40 minutes to do this task.

**Comment on one of the following statements.**

- 1. An interesting job is more valuable than a high salary.***
- 2. It is easy to live without the Internet.***

What is your opinion? Do you agree with this statement?

Write **200–250 words**.

**Use the following plan:**

- make an introduction (state the problem paraphrasing the given statement)
- express your personal opinion and give 2–3 reasons for your opinion
- express an opposing opinion and give 1–2 reasons for this opposing opinion
- explain why you do not agree with the opposing opinion
- make a conclusion restating your position

**You should send it to me!**



Пожалуйста, оформите работу в следующем формате:

- 1.** вверху работы укажите свою фамилию и имя
- 2.** укажите класс
- 3.** Написать от руки, сфотографировать или отсканировать
- 4.** отправьте работу по следующему адресу:  
**[raykina\\_a@list.ru](mailto:raykina_a@list.ru)**

Ответы направлять 11.04 до 19.00,  
далее работы **не принимаются**