# Child labour prohibition and regulaton

PATEL DHAIRYA 17LL3(A) Medical law

# Child labour (Prohibition and regulation)Act 1986

- Prohibition of child labour in occupations set forth in schedule A.
- Age of child is 14
- Penalty-first time offender will face minimum
  3 months imprisonment to 1 year fine from
  10,000/- to 20,000/-
- Second time offender will face minimum 6 monthes to 2 years.

## The child labour prohibition and regulation act 1986

- The act came in force from 23rd december, 1986
- An act to prohibit the engagement of children in certain employment and to regulate the condition of work of children in certain other employment

#### objective

- To prohibit the engagement of children in certain employments
- To regulate the condition of work of children in certain other emplyments

#### Hours and periods of work

- No child shall be required or permitted to working any establishment in excess of such number of hours as may be prescribe for such establishment or class of it.
- The period of work on each day shall be so fixed that no period shall exceed 3 hour and that no child shall work more than fixed time

#### Continue...

- The period of work shall not be spread over more than 6 hours
- No child shall be permitted or required to work between 7 p.m. and 8 a.m.
- No child shall be required or permitted work overtime.

#### Some important definition

 Child – means a person who has not completed his 14<sup>th</sup> year of age

 Establishment – includes a shop a commercial establishment, workshop, farm, residental, hotel, restaurant, eating

## The child labour prohibition and regulation rules

- The term of child labour technical advisory committee shall be one year which may extended for 2 years
- The officer not below the rank and under secretary to the government of India may be appointed as secretary of the committee

#### Conclusion

- By providing all necessary things we can stop child labour.
- By the awareness about the education.
- By applying law strictly, we can stop child labour.
- Compulsory education may break the attitude of the people who force the child to work.