



**E n g l i s h**

***Word formation Phrasal verb GET  
and dependent prepositions***

# **Read the descriptions and fill in the correct character adjectives**



**Use: shy, easy-going, bossy, patient, sociable, stubborn, selfish, optimistic, caring.**

- 1. Claire is always calm in difficult situations. She is... .**
- 2. Sue always wants to do her own way. She is... .**
- 3. Bob rarely gets upset and he likes meeting people. He... and... .**
- 4. Tony doesn't care about other people's feelings. He is... .**
- 5. Bill doesn't feel comfortable with people. He is... .**
- 6. Helen always looks on the bright side of life. She is... .**
- 7. Fred always understands how others feel, always stays calm and doesn't get annoyed with people easily. He worries a lot about what others think of him. He is... and... .**
- 8. John is so ... . He likes telling people what to do.**



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## We use the following suffixes with nouns or verbs to form adjectives in English

noun +

- - **ful** (use - **useful**)
- - **al** (magic - **magical**)
- - **ic** (optimism - **optimistic**)

noun +

- - **ish** (self - **selfish**)
- - **less** (help - **helpless**)
- - **ly** (friend - **friendly**)
- - **ous** (fury - **furious**)

verb +

- - **able** (rely - **reliable**)
- - **ed** (bore - **bored**)
- - **ing** (bore - **boring**)

verb +

- - **ible** (sense - **sensible**)
- - **ive** (act - **active**)





## Forming adjectives . Ex 1b), p20.

**successful**  
**traditional**  
**romantic**  
**stylish**  
**careless**  
**optimistic**  
**educated**  
**rainy**  
**boring**  
**enjoyable**  
**horrible**



- In your OPINION**  
**who/which is:**
- 1 the most ► *attractive* (attract) actress?
  - 2 the most ..... (success) musician?
  - 3 the best ..... (tradition) dish?
  - 4 the worst ..... (romance) TV series?
  - 5 the most ..... (style) outfit?
  - 6 the most ..... (care) mistake you've made this week?
  - 7 the most ..... (optimism) friend of yours?
  - 8 the most ..... (educate) person you know?
  - 9 the best thing to do on a ..... (rain) day?
  - 10 the most ..... (bore) film you've ever seen?
  - 11 the least ..... (enjoy) holiday you've ever had?
  - 12 the most ..... (horror) food you've ever tasted?



along

over with

across

GET

down

over



# Get

across

обращаться

along  
with  
(on)

иметь  
хорошие  
отношения,  
ладить

over with

закончить,  
справиться

smb  
down

расстраивать

over

выздороветь



# Get down

- To make smb feel sad or lose hope



*Doing the same thing every day can **get** you **down***

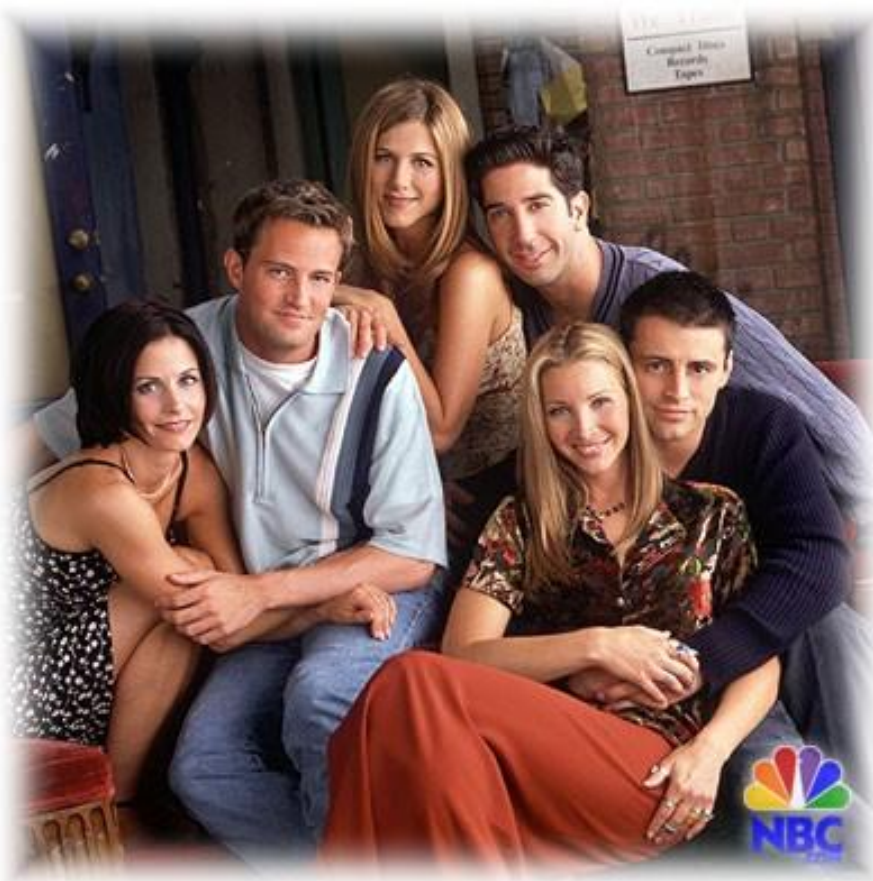




# Get on with

- To be friendly to each other

*I get on well with most of my classmates*







# Get over

- To feel good again after illness

*It can take weeks to  
**get over** an illness  
like that*





# Get over with

Do and finish smth  
difficult or  
unpleasant



*I wanted to **get over**  
**with** the interview  
as quickly as possible*





# Get across

- To make people understand smth



*What idea are you trying to **get across** to him?*





## Module 1. Exercise №1

Fill in: along, down, over, over with,  
across.

1. I try to get...with my friends.
2. This nasty weather gets me...
3. The sooner we start doing this report, the sooner we will get ... it.
4. It took her some days to get...the flu.
5. I never have difficulty in getting my ideas... .



## 1) Choose the correct particle

- I'm afraid of injection so let's **get** <sup>over with</sup> ..... it as soon as possible.
- How do you and John **get** <sup>on with</sup> ..... ?
- I haven't found a job yet and it **is** really **getting** me .....  
down
- I sometimes have problems **getting** my meaning ..... across in English.
- I had such a bad cold but I **get** <sup>over</sup> .....





## 2) Paraphrase the sentence

- Do you have **good relationship** with your parents? **get on with**
- The sooner we start writing the report, the sooner we **finish** it. **get over with**
- The rainy weather **makes me sad** **get down**
- Alice **hasn't been recovered** from the fact that she failed her exams **get over**





# Dependent prepositions

be popular with

популярный

be nervous about

волнующийся о

be jealous of

ревнивый

be fond of

увлекаться

be keen on

страстно увлеченный

be good at

способный к

be proud of

гордиться чем-либо

be close to

близкий к

be patient with

терпеливый к

# 4 a Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense.

Hi Jane,

I 0) ► *am writing* (write) to thank you for the lovely card and flowers you 1) ..... (send) me last week when I was ill. It was very kind of you and they arrived just when I 2) ..... (feel) very low so they really 3) ..... (cheer) me up. I'm much better now and I 4) ..... (already/be) back at school for a couple of days. I have an awful lot of schoolwork. I 5) ..... (never/be) so busy. For the last two nights, I 6) ..... (study) until midnight to try and catch up. Anyway, thanks again.

Love, Claire

*sent*    *was feeling*    *cheered*  
*have already been*    *have never been*  
*have been studying*



\*





# Homework

Прочитать и письменно  
перевести текст упр.2 на стр.21  
Social etiquette in the UK.  
Выучить новые слова.



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