



# CHINA IN THE INTERNATIONAL TRADE

AT THIS TIME CHINA CONTROLS A  
LARGE PERCENTAGE OF PRODUCTS ON  
THE WORLD MARKET IN CHINA  
PRODUCED A LOT OF GOODS. ALL ARE  
EXPORTED TO THE WORLD MARKET. IT  
HAS A DIFFERENT EFFECT ON THE  
ECONOMY OF THE COUNTRY ITSELF.



# MODEL OF THE ECONOMY

1. Construction of a market economy is carried out in China under the leadership of the Communist Party on the basis of five-year plans. In China, to create a free economic zone. Hong Kong has a special status

2. A characteristic feature of the modern Chinese economy - its dependence on the external market. On rates of export and import of China is one of the leaders in international trade. ...

# MODEL OF THE ECONOMY

3. Almost 80% of all foreign investors, China's economy - is ethnic Chinese living abroad

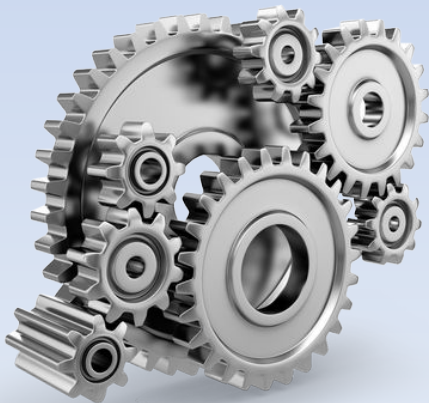
4. China is developing its own students' education and training system abroad, especially in the US and Japan. But China has 250 million illiterates.

5. The Government is encouraging the import of technology abroad, allows us to develop the progressive sectors of the economy, such as software, nanomaterials, the television industry, biology, chemistry, health. At Haydan district is Silicon Valley

# MACHINERY IN CHINA

Due to the raw material base in China developed machinery. The product range is wide. Here, let the tractor, and the finest computers. North China is developing metal-production - Harbin and Shenyang. Electrical produced in the coastal cities. Dalian - the city courts assembly center. China occupies 3 place in the shipbuilding industry.

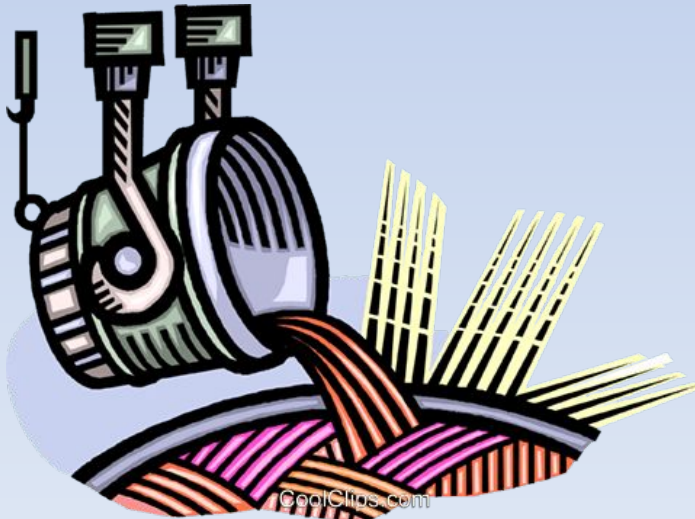
Venues: Harbin, Shenyang, D:



# CHINA METALLURGY

China Metallurgy different high concentration. Most of the metal is melted at 10 mills a full cycle. Small and neighboring enterprises are concentrated in the provinces.

Venues: Baotou, Wuhan, Aenyan. Gejiu, Chaniiya, Shuykouman, Kunming.





# AGRICULTURE

China - the world leader in the export of onions, ginger and garlic According to statistics from the Ministry of Agriculture of China, last year China exported 60 thousand tons of onions, 150 tons of ginger and 1.25 million tons of garlic, which accounted for respectively 90, 68 and 80 percent of the volume of world trade in these kinds of products.

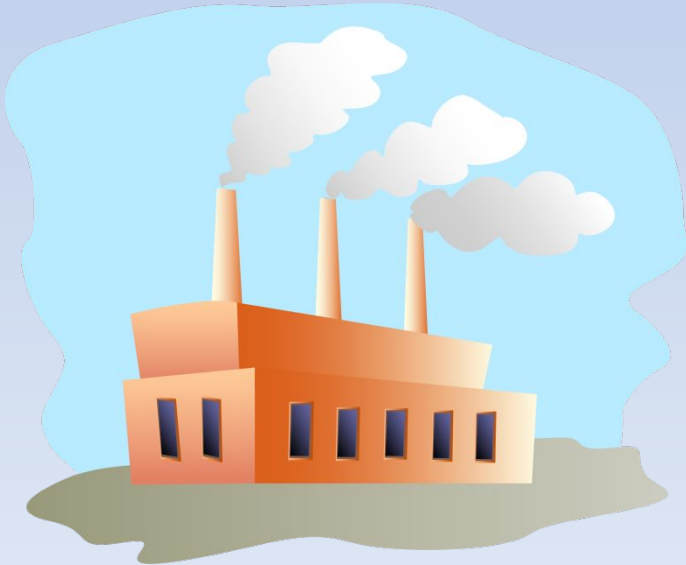
China is divided into two parts: Yellow and Green.



# CHEMICAL INDUSTRY

In recent years, Chinese chemical industry increased production 21.7 times in this industry of China is ready to cooperate with Russia and Europe, the main product - floor paint, varnishes.

Venues : Chongqing, Shanghai.





# YELLOW CHINA GROWING OF CEREALS

Yellow China specialized in the cultivation of crops he is in the more northern regions, where the climate is less humid but themselves grains occupy a small area is China mountainous country.



# GREEN CHINA GROWING TEA

Other industry - is growing tea, large areas in China are determined by its plantation, tea process itself - is a complex ceremony, where every detail matters.



# LIGHT INDUSTRY

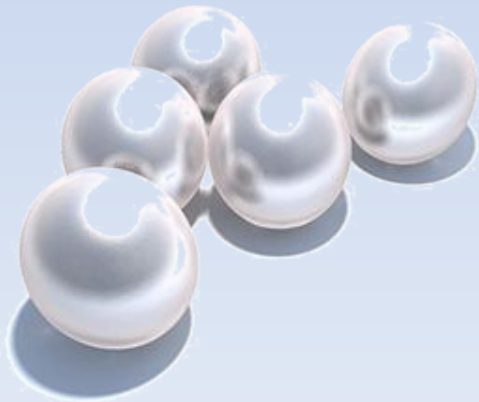
Characteristic feature of the modern Chinese economy - its dependence on the external market. China's most competitive products on the world market is shoes and clothes. Textile industry - the first in the world, therefore the export products are represented in most countries. Textile companies specialize in the manufacture of synthetic clothes.





# PEARL PRODUCTION

In China has a traditional industry. It evolved over the centuries and still exists - it is certainly the production of pearls, it attracts tourists and participate in the country's income.



# SILK PRODUCTION

Silk - is also one of the most profitable sectors of the economy, based on the Chinese tradition. Some technology of cultivation of silk worms are kept secret, but of the silk production process readily show tourists in almost every town.



# RECORDS OF CHINA IN THE GLOBAL ECONOMY:

1st place in the world: Extraction of iron ore and coal, the production of steel, televisions, radios, bicycles, sewing machines, cotton, wheat, rice, tobacco, pork, fish catch.

2nd place in the world: Production of electricity, coal, chemical fertilizers, plastics, chemical fibers, sulfuric acid, silk, corn, tea.

3rd place in the world soybean production, the number of cattle.





**THANK YOU FOR  
YOUR  
ATTENTION**