

Russian aviation Saint Petersburg State University of Civil Aviation

# Subject: Peterhof.

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Saint Petersburg, 2021



An aerial photograph of a grand park, likely the Peterhof Palace in St. Petersburg, Russia. The image shows a large, ornate fountain in the foreground, a central pond with a fountain, and several circular fountains in the background. The park is surrounded by lush green trees and a large, multi-story yellow building with a grey roof on the right. The text 'Plan:' is overlaid on the left side of the image.

Plan:

1. History
2. General information
3. Facts






## *History*

Peterhof is a small town, suburb of St. Petersburg. It is located on the shores of the Gulf of Finland, at a distance about 30 kilometers south-west of the center of St. Petersburg.

Peterhof got its name from the German word Peterhof - "Peter's Court". From 1944 to 1997 the town was called "Petrodvorets".

Peterhof was founded in 1710 as the emperor's country residence. It received the city status in 1762.



The image shows a grand architectural ensemble. On the left is a white church with multiple golden onion domes. To the right is a large, ornate yellow and white palace building. In the foreground, a wide stone staircase is flanked by numerous golden statues of figures. Water fountains are spraying upwards from the base of the stairs and around the statues. People are seen walking up the stairs and near the buildings. The sky is overcast and grey.

The Peterhof ensemble consists of a set of palaces, gardens, museums and other buildings. It subsequently became the most lavish and popular of the Russian royal summer residences.

The image shows the Grand Palace in Peterhof, Saint-Petersburg, Russia. The palace is a large, three-story Baroque building with a central pediment and a golden statue on top. In the foreground, there is a large, ornate fountain with multiple tiers and water spraying upwards. The scene is set in a park-like area with green lawns and trees. The sky is overcast with grey clouds.

The Grand Palace is located in the heart of Peterhof. It is built in the Baroque style. The author of the project is Francesco Bartolomeo Rastrelli. The palace is a three-storey building of almost 300 metres in length. Until 1917, it was the residence of the Tsars. In 1918 it was transformed into a museum.



The image shows a wide, ornate white building with a balcony, likely the Peterhof Grand Palace. The building has many windows and decorative elements. In the foreground, there is a large bronze statue of a figure holding a bowl, standing on a pedestal. The scene is set outdoors with trees and a cloudy sky in the background. The lighting is soft, suggesting late afternoon or early morning.

The most famous town landmark is the "Peterhof" museum. The Museum Peterhof includes: "Peterhof Grand Palace," "Upper Garden", "Lower Park" and other objects.

The most interesting place for tourists (in summer) in Peterhof is "Lower Park". Lower Park has an area about 102 hectares. The park stretches from west to east along the coast of the Gulf of Finland by 2.5 kilometers. Its width from north to south is about 500 meters.





A photograph of a classical building with a central statue and multiple water fountains spraying water in the foreground. The building features a pedimented roof and several columns. The statue is a nude male figure, possibly a deity or hero, standing on a pedestal. The water fountains are numerous and create a dynamic, flowing pattern in the foreground. The background is filled with lush green trees.

The main decorations of the park are its fountains. There are about 150 of them.





The Grand cascade is the most impressive fountain construction of the Peterhof ensemble.



"Samson Rending the Lion's Jaws" is the main sculptural group of the Grand cascade.





In 1990 the Peterhof ensemble was declared a World Heritage Site by UNESCO.







**Thanks for your  
attention!**