

Cloud Computing

(practical part)



N 1 Fill in the blanks with the correct word:

storage, SaaS, applications, IaaS, spam filtering, PaaS, subscription

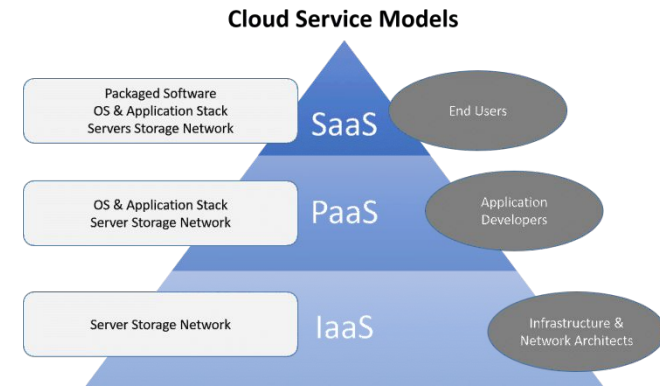
1. Cloud technology delivers cloud-based and services.
2. Public cloud gives businesses access to enterprise-level
3. functions like storage and computing.
4. is used to develop and run a website in the cloud or build applications.
5. is used for office productivity like email, work processing, number crunching, and online file sharing.
6. Cloud computing provides based service.

N2 Fill in the cluster with the most important cloud technology services:



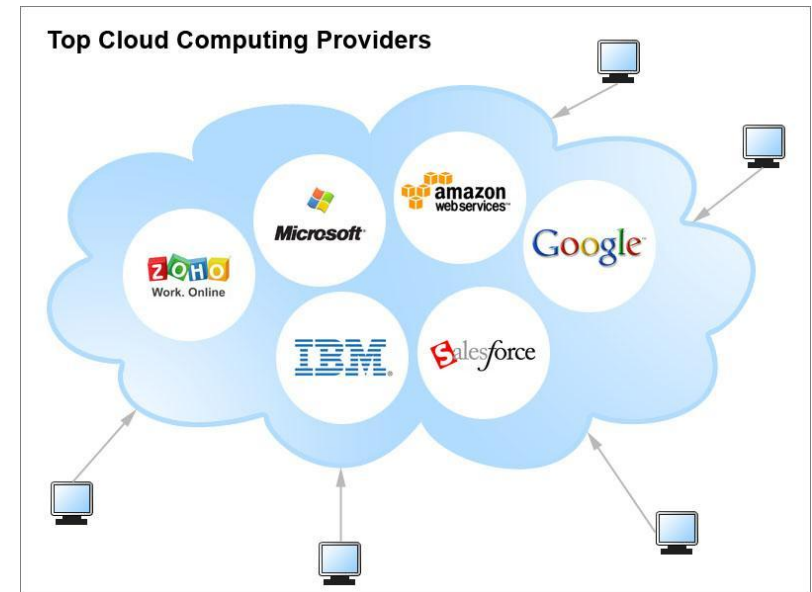
N3 Answer the questions:

1. What is the idea of Cloud computing based on?
2. What does the Cloud provide us with?
3. What is offered to a customer as a subscription?
4. What does the Cloud do for IT?
5. What are the different types of models of cloud In The Cloud?
6. What are the benefits of the cloud technology for businesses?



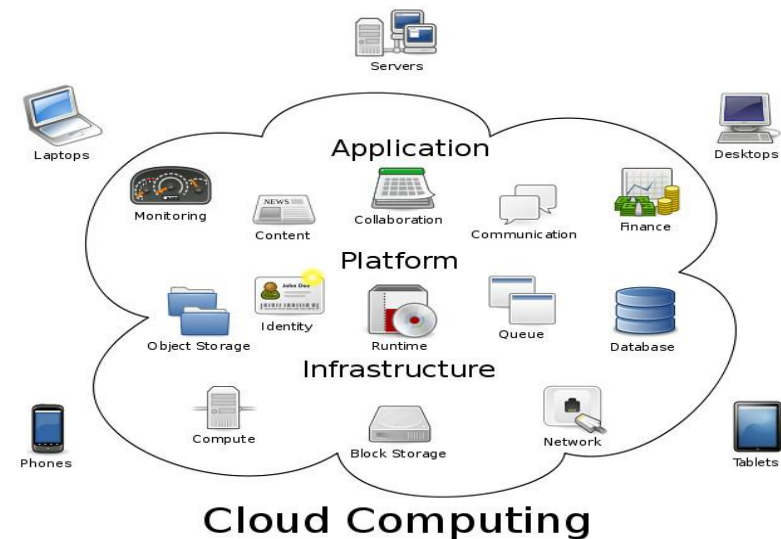
N4 Match the words from two columns to create a phrase and use the phrase in the sentence of your own to speak about cloud technology:

- increase host
- benefit of network technology
- deploy capability
- offer from cloud computing
- deliver technology
- mainstream pay-per-use service
- encompass as a subscription
- plethora infrastructure



N5 Cloud Computing Quiz. Choose the correct answer:

- _____ computing refers to applications and services that run on a distributed network using virtualized resources.
 - Distributed
 - Cloud
 - Soft
 - Parallel
- Point out the wrong statement :
 - The massive scale of cloud computing systems was enabled by the popularization of the Internet
 - Soft computing represents a real paradigm shift in the way in which systems are deployed
 - Cloud computing makes the long-held dream of utility computing possible with a pay-as-you-go, infinitely scalable, universally available system
 - All of the mentioned
- _____ as a utility is a dream that dates from the beginning of the computing industry itself.
 - Model
 - Computing
 - Software
 - All of the mentioned
- Which of the following is essential concept related to Cloud ?
 - Reliability
 - Productivity
 - Abstraction
 - All of the mentioned



N6 Put in at, on or in:

- 1 Mozart was born in Salzburg 1756. 2. I've been invited to a wedding 14 February.
4 weekends, we often go for long walks in the country. 5. I haven't seen Kate for a few days. I last saw her
Tuesday. 7 I'm busy right now, but I'll be with you .. a moment.
8. My brother is an engineer, but he doesn't have a job the moment. 9 There are usually a lot of parties
New Year's Eve. 10 I don't like driving night. 11. My car is being repaired . It will be ready ... two hours.
12 My phone and the doorbell rang the same time. Mary and David always go out for dinner
their wedding anniversary. 15 Saturday night I went to bed midnight.
16 We travelled overnight and arrived ... 5 o'clock the morning.
18 I might not be at home Tuesday morning, but I'll be there the afternoon.

N7 Complete the sentences with on time or in time:

- 1 The bus was late this morning, but it's usually
2 The film was supposed to start at 8.30, but it didn't begin
3 I like to get up to have a big breakfast before going to work.
4 We want to start the meeting, so please don't be late.

N8 Put in at or in:

- 1 I'm going away the end of the month.
2 It took me a long time to find a job the end I got a job in a hotel.
3 Are you going away the beginning of August or the end?
4 I couldn't decide what to buy Laura for her birthday. I didn't buy her anything the end.



N9 Complete the sentences using the following verbs in the correct form:

buy catch cost fall hurt sell spend teach throw write

- 1 Mozart wrote more than 600 pieces of music.
- 2 'How did you learn to drive?' 'My father me.'
- 3 We couldn't afford to keep our car, so we it.
- 4 Dave down the stairs this morning and his leg.
- 5 Joe the ball to Sue, who it.
- 6 Kate a lot of money yesterday. She a dress which £100.

N 10 Complete the sentences. Put the verb into the correct form, positive or negative.

- 1 It was warm, so I took off my coat. (take)
- 2 The film wasn't very good. I didn't enjoy it much. (enjoy)
- 3 I knew Sarah was busy, so I her. (disturb)
- 4 We were very tired, so we the party early. (leave)
- 5 It was hard carrying the bags. They really heavy. (be)
- 6 The bed was very uncomfortable. I well. (sleep)
- 7 This watch wasn't expensive. It much. (cost)
- 8 The window was open and a bird into the room. (fly)
- 9 I was in a hurry, so I time to call you. (have)
- 10 I didn't like the hotel. The room very clean. (be)

Спутниками **Past Simple** часто
являются слова

Yesterday (вчера)

Last(year,summer,

)
(В прошлом году,
прошлым летом)



**The day before
Yesterday**
(позавчера)

A week **ago** (неделю тому назад)

A month **ago** (месяц тому назад)

