

## **AGENDA**

- 1. What is JIRA?
- 2. JIRA Advantages and disadvantages
- 3. Workflow in JIRA
- 4. What is an Issue?
- Standard actions on issue
- 6. Search for an issue
- 7. Timesheet
- 8. Setting up e-mail notification
- Boards in JIRA



#### WHAT IS JIRA?

# JIRA is ...

- a web Atlassian tool
- the tracker for team planning
- configurable and extendable tool

# JIRA ...

- adapts to business processes
- maintains your historic data
- ✓ used to prioritize, assign, track, discuss, report and watch issues\tasks



## **JIRA ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES**

#### **ADVANTAGES**

- Team work facilitation
- Full visibility of the supported processes for the team and process/unit stakeholders
- Planning
- Time-reporting
- Tasks prioritizing
- Clear KPIs for People Management

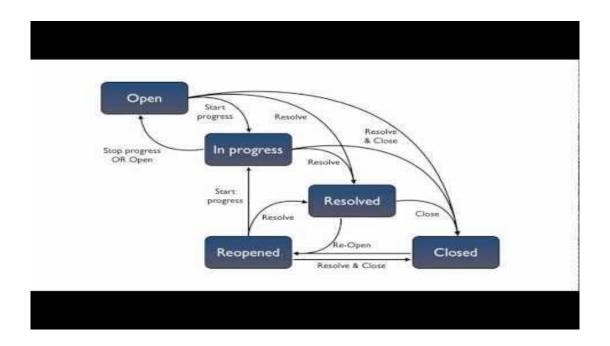
#### **DISADVANTAGES**

- JIRA Performance
- Lack of training on project management
- Time and efforts spent on «Getting acquainted stage»



## **WORKFLOW IN JIRA**

A JIRA workflow is the set of statuses and transitions that an issue goes through during its lifecycle.

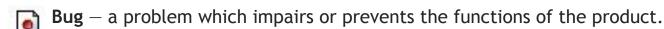




#### WHAT IS AN ISSUE?

Issue - any task that requires an action from a person.

#### Issue types:

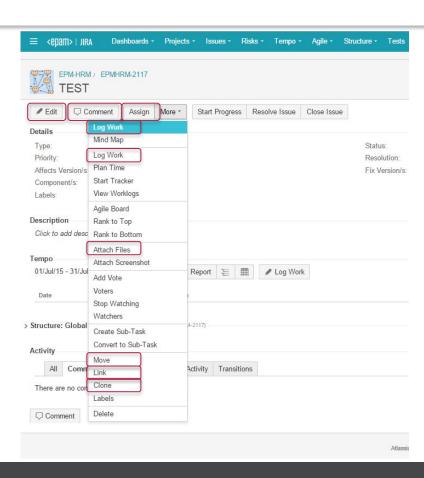


- $\bigcap$  Task a task that needs to be done.
- **Sub-task** are useful for splitting up a parent issue into a number of smaller tasks that can be assigned and tracked separately.
- Story in JIRA Agile, a story is represented as an issue, and individual tasks within the story are represented as sub-task.
- **Epic** An epic captures a large body of work. It is essentially a large user story that can be broken down into a number of smaller stories. It may take several sprints to complete an epic.



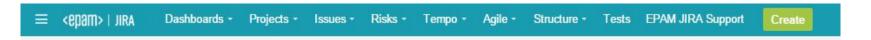
## **STANDARD ACTIONS ON ISSUE**

- Create
- Edit
- Assign
- Comment
- Log work
- Attach
- Link
- Clone
- Delete



## **CREATING AN ISSUE**

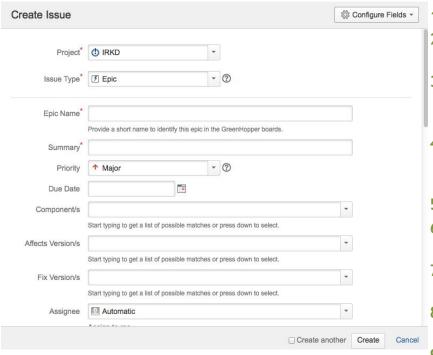
In this lesson, you will learn how to create an issue in JIRA. The Create button is available from every page in JIRA.



Let's create an issue now.

Click Create button at the top of the screen or just type C.

#### **CREATING AN ISSUE**



- 1. Project. Every issue is associated with a project.
- 2. Issue Type. This field allows you to select the kind of issue you want to create, such as a bug or task, etc.
- Issue Summary. Every issue requires a summary. A summary should be a very brief summation of the issue. The summary acts as the title of the issue.
- 4. Set Priority. You can set the priority of this issue. Setting the priority can help your team during the triage process.
- 5. Set Due Date.
- **6. Affects Version.** This field is used to tell people which version of the project this new issue relates to.
- **7. Assignee.** Here you can choose whom to assign the issue to.
- **8. Enter Issue Description.** Here's where you can describe the issue in as much detail as you'd like.
- Create. Once you click 'Create', your new issue will be added to JIRA.

## **ISSUE SUMMARY**

All Task (sub-task) fields must be fulfilled in English language only.

All Tasks should be named according to the rule:

"WHERE\_WHAT\_WHEN"

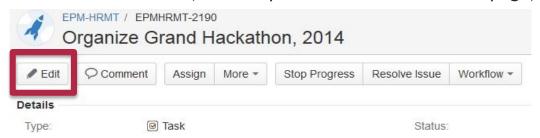
For example: "IT Services\_Summer Party\_09-2015".

For "Ad-hoc" Tasks (non-hosted tasks) don't forget to add verb to the title.

For example: "IT Services\_organize Summer Party\_09-2015".

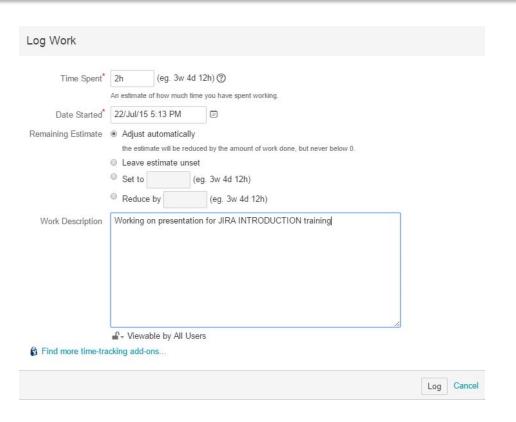
#### **EDITING AN ISSUE**

1. Click the Edit button (at the top left on the "view issue" page).



- 2. Hover your mouse over a field and click the pencil icon to edit it inline.
- 3. Just type E.

## **LOG WORK ON ISSUE**



#### LOG WORK ON ISSUE

To log work use the following format:

- w weeks
- **d** days
- **h** hours
- m minutes

#### **EDITING AND DELETING A WORK LOG ENTRY**



#### **EDITING A LOG WORK**

- Open the necessary issue Tempo section
- · Click the pencil icon
- Make the appropriate changes
- Click Log to return to the issue, and verify that changes were made.

#### **DELETING A LOG WORK**

- Open the necessary issue Activity section
- Select Work Log tab
- · Click the Delete icon
- Click Delete to confirm the deletion and return to the issue.
- Verify that the issue's Work Log tab no longer displays the work log entry that you just deleted.

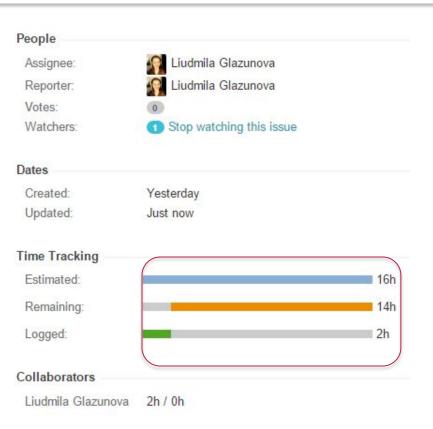


#### TIME TRACKING

Original Estimate (blue) — the amount of time originally anticipated to resolve the issue.

Remaining Estimate (orange) — the remaining amount of time currently anticipated to resolve the issue.

**Time Spent** (green) — the amount of time logged working on the issue so far.



#### **CREATING A SUB-TASK**

Sub-task issues are useful for splitting up a parent issue (Task) into a number of smaller tasks that can be assigned and tracked separately. You need to create Sub-Task when:

- When different people are responsible for execution process of one Task
- When we have different business results related to the same Task

#### **HOW TO:**

- Navigate to the issue you would like to be the parent issue of the sub-task you are about to create.
- Select More and Create Sub-Task.
- Fill in the details as needed, and then click **Create** at the bottom.

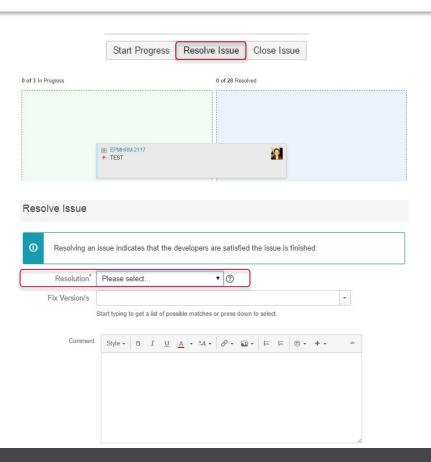
Sub-tasks have all the same fields as standard issues, e.g. Summary, Description, Reporter, Assignee, Status. Note that sub-tasks have a different set of issue types from the standard issue types.



#### **RESOLVING AN ISSUE**

- 1. Press **Resolve** button in the upper panel bar
- Move the necessary Task from one column to another (Tracking board)

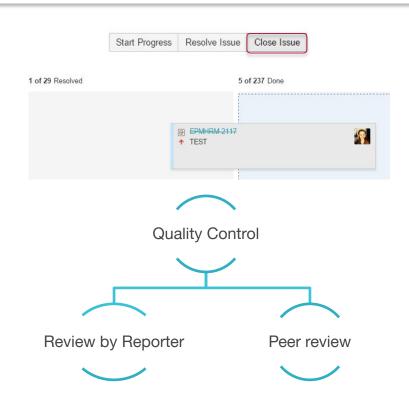
- 3. And don't forget about Issue Resolution. JIRA by default will mark an issue to be Unresolved when the resolution field is not having any value on it.
- Adding comments to an issue is a useful way to record additional detail about an issue, and collaborate with team members.



#### **CLOSING AN ISSUE**

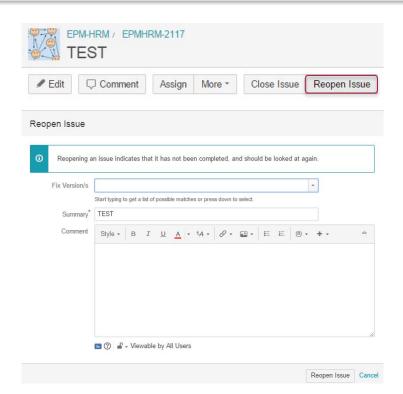
- Choose "Close Issue" button in the upper panel bar
- Move the necessary Task from one column to another (Tracking board)

- Peer review is **obligatory** during 1<sup>st</sup> month of JIRA usage. After 1<sup>st</sup> month – HR Manager is responsible for chosen the appropriate option for his\her team.
- 4. If there is **only one HR** for the project (Assignee=Reporter) then she or he is still responsible person for the whole Quality Control process



#### **REOPEN AN ISSUE**

- Open the resolved or closed JIRA issue you wish to reopen
- 2. Select More -> Reopen Issue
- Fill in Comment field
- 4. Click on "Reopen issue" button
- 5. Change Due Date



#### **CLONING AN ISSUE**

Cloning, or copying, an issue lets you quickly create a duplicate of an issue within the same project. The clone issue is a replica of the original issue, containing the same information stored in the original issue - e.g. Summary, Affects Versions, Components, etc. The clone issue can also be linked to the original issue. A clone issue is a separate entity from the original issue.

- 1. Open the JIRA issue you wish to clone
- Select More
- Select Clone
- 4. You need to edit the clone issues Summary and Due Date

You can include or not to include:

- Sub –Task
- Links
- Attachment



#### **DELETING AN ISSUE**

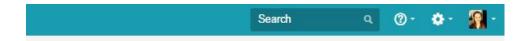
- On your Tracking Board select the issue that you wont to delete
- Select More
- Select Delete in the List





#### **SEARCH FOR AN ISSUE**

The quickest, simplest, and easiest way to search for issues is the Quick Search bar, which is located in the universal header.



Jump to an issue. If you type in an issue's key, you'll jump straight to that issue.

**Smart Querying.** JIRA recognizes key terms and uses a simple syntax to search for issues. For example, typing in 'my open bugs' returns all issues assigned to you that haven't been resolved.

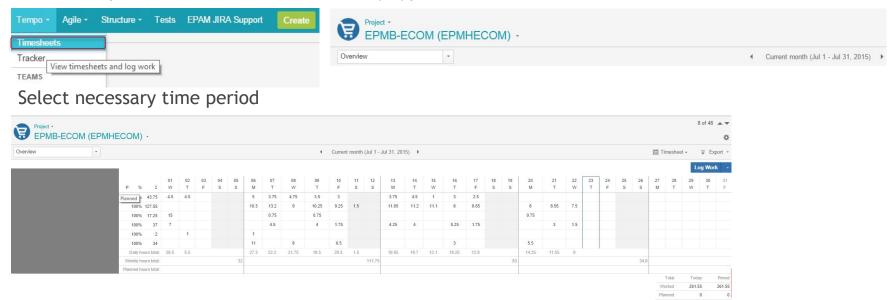
Free-text searching. You can search for any word within the issue(s) you are looking for, provided the word is in one of the following fields: Summary, Description, Comments.

Searching JIRA issues from your browser's search box. If you are using Firefox or Internet Explorer 8, you can add your JIRA site as a search engine/provider via the dropdown menu next to the browser's search box. Once you add your JIRA site as a search engine/provider in your browser, you can use it at any time to conduct a Quick Search for issues in that JIRA site.



#### **TIMESHEETS**

Select Tempo->Timesheet->Select necessary type of timesheet



Timesheets displays useful time tracking information on issues for a particular project, team, account, user, etc.

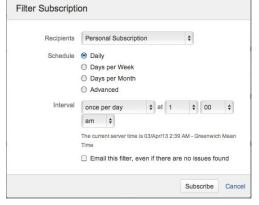


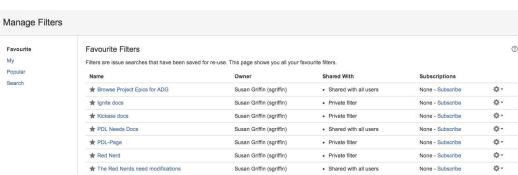
#### **RECEIVING SEARCH RESULTS VIA EMAIL**

JIRA enables you to subscribe to an issue filter (a saved search). JIRA will then run the search according to your specified schedule, and will email the results to you.

You can specify when and how often you would like to receive the search results, e.g. 'Every hour between 9.00AM-5.00PM, Monday-Friday', or 'The last Friday of every month at 7.00AM'.

- Choose Issues > Manage Filters.
- Locate the filter you are interested in and click on its Subscribe link.
- Select one of the following types of schedule.
- Click Subscribe.

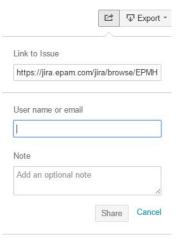




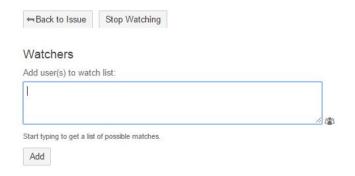
#### **SHARING AN ISSUE**

#### WHATHING AN ISSUE

- 1. View the issue you want to share.
- Click the Share button at the top-right or simply type S.
- Specify JIRA users.



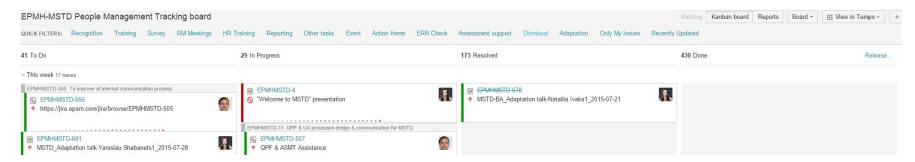
- 1. Open the necessary issue.
- 2. Click Start watching this issue link.
- 3. Select More Actions > Watchers to open the Watchers page.





## KANBAN BOARD

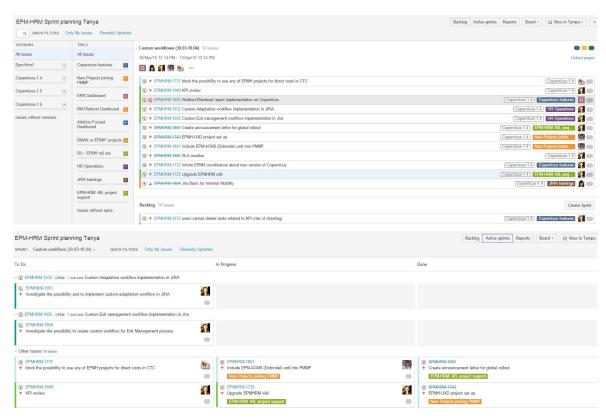
Kanban is a catalyst for change through small, incremental improvements to your existing process - be it scrum or otherwise. Rooted in lean manufacturing, Kanban is a signaling system that can be effectively applied to software development, DevOps, IT operations, HR processes and many other processes.



#### **SCRUM BOARD**

Teams who use scrum plan work in *sprints*, short blocks of time in which the team can estimate, and return value back to the customer. Software development teams, as well as teams in other industries, use scrum to deliver complex solutions in a structured, predictable way.

The product owner manages the backlog, ensuring the team is working on the highest-priority items first. With JIRA Agile, the team can organize stories in sprints, in larger epics, and across release versions.



#### **USEFUL INFORMATION**

- 1. Atlassian University https://university.atlassian.com/2.0/
- 2. JIRA Documentation -

https://confluence.atlassian.com/display/JIRA/

If you have any questions - do not hesitate to contact us:

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# THANK YOU!