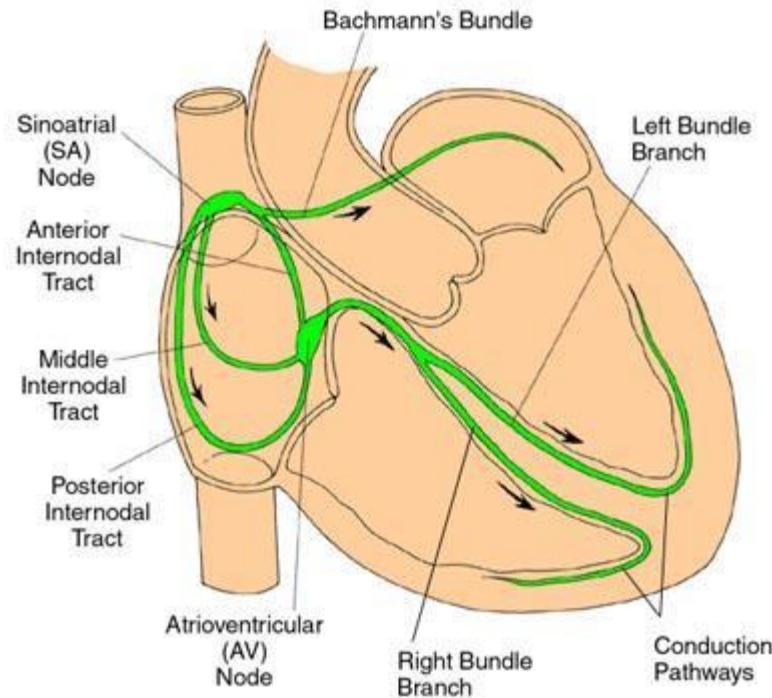


Pacemakers and Implantable Defibrillators



"Feel my pacemaker if you don't believe me!"

The Electrical System of the Heart



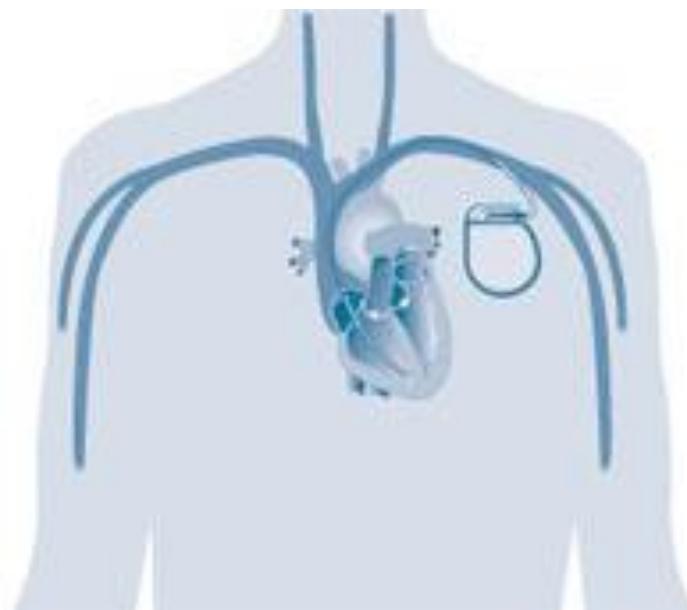
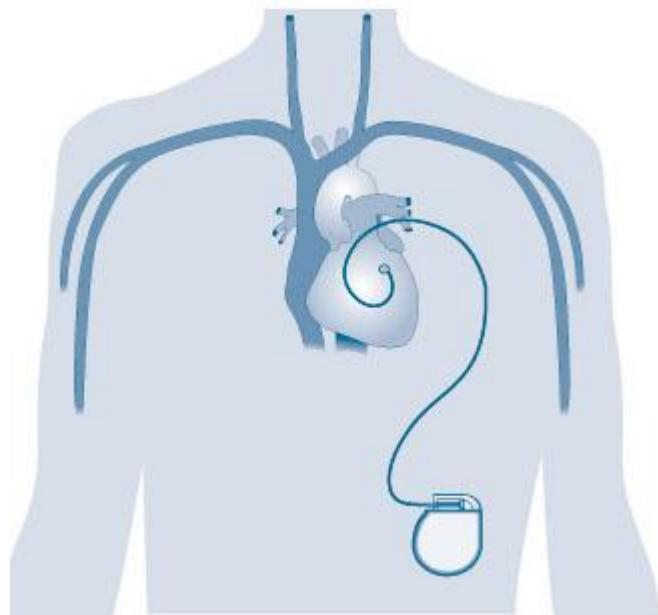
- Worldwide, > 250,000 permanent cardiac pacemakers implanted each year.
- The primary role of cardiac pacing is to augment or replace the heart's intrinsic electrical system.

Pacemaker

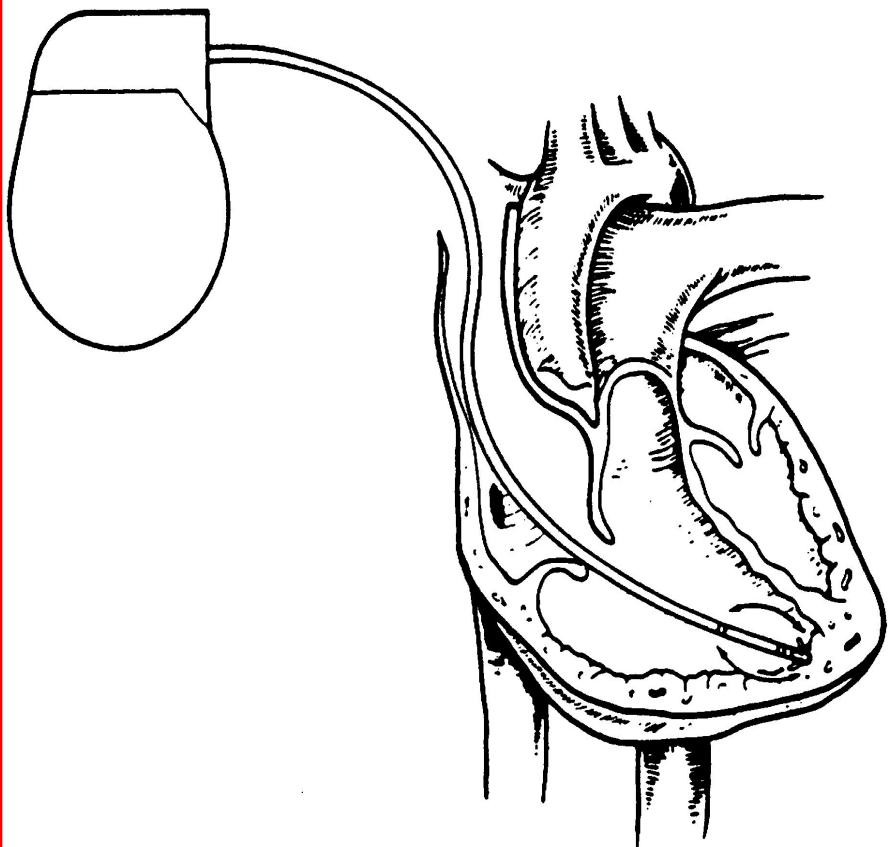
- Temporary
- Permanent



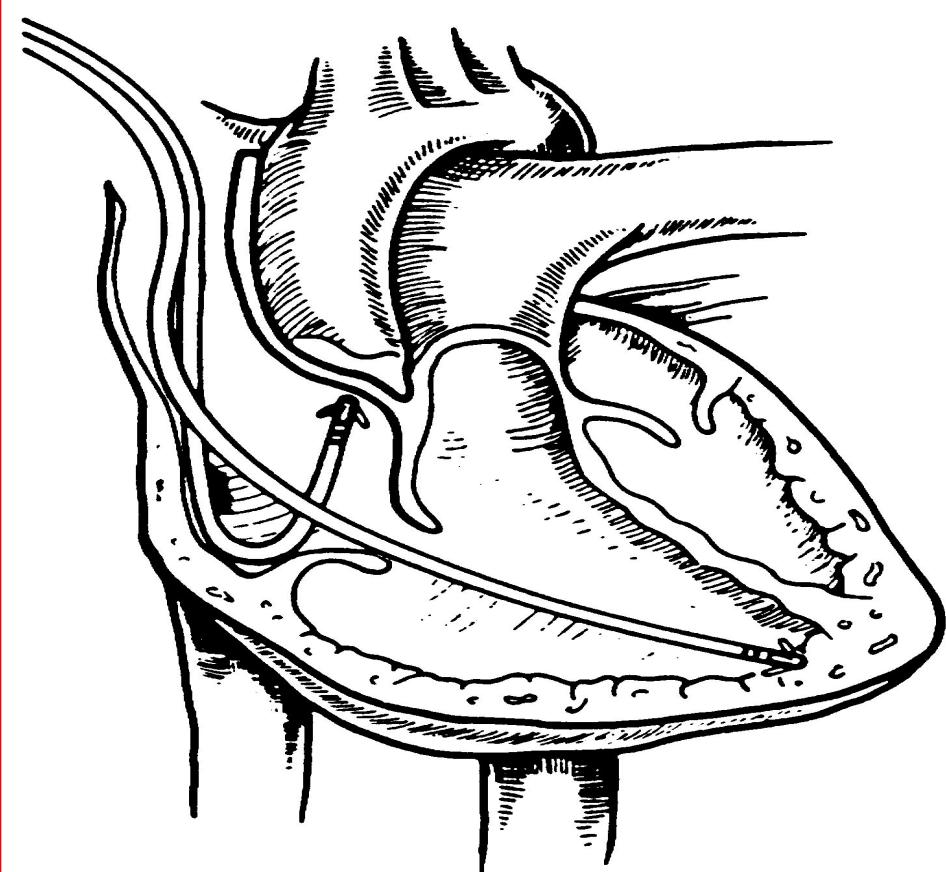
- Epicardial
- Endocardial



Single-Chamber System •



Dual-Chamber Systems •





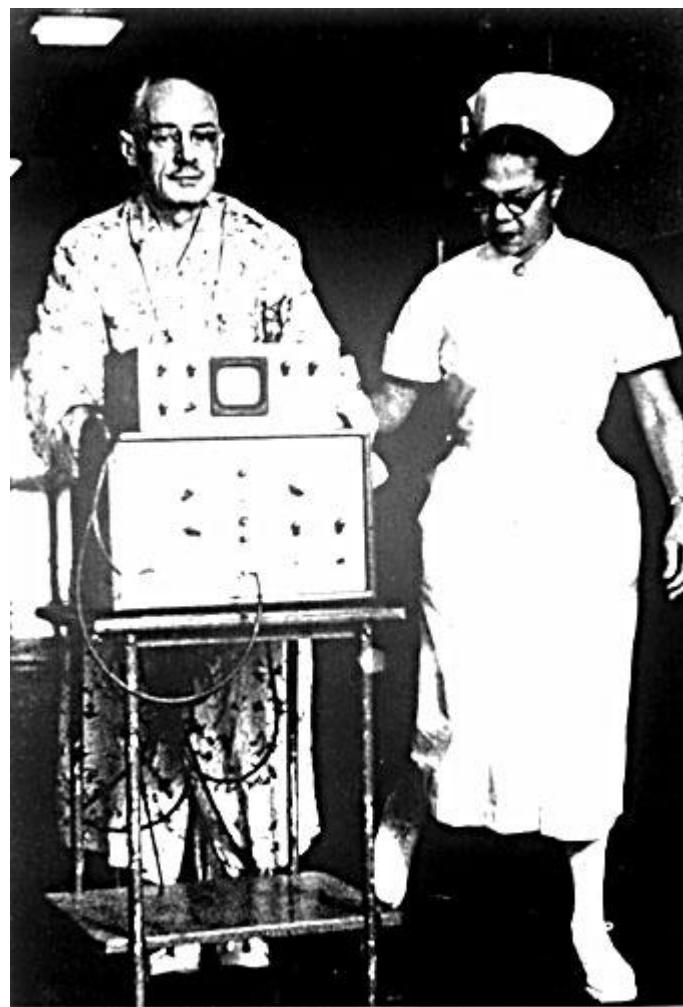


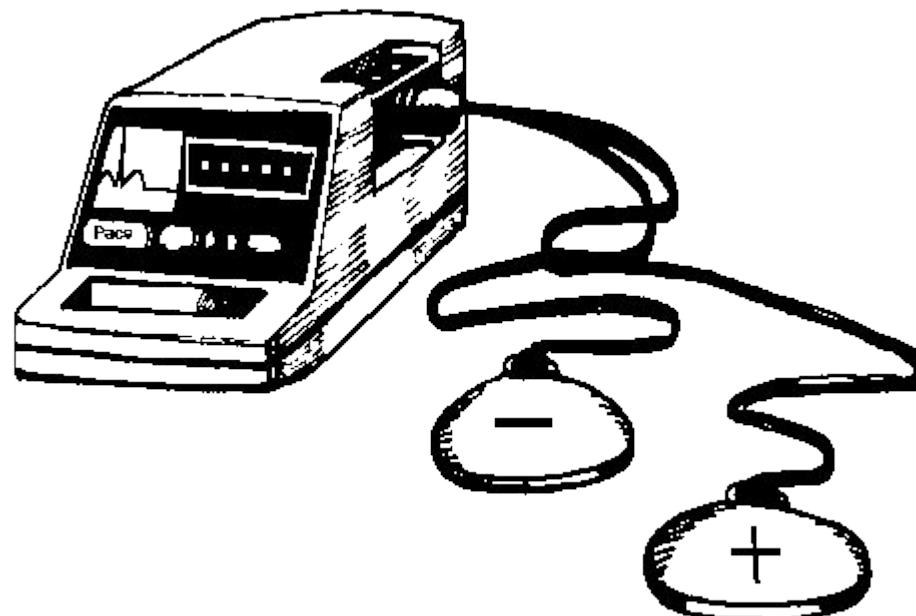




foto J0

Temporary pacing

- Transcutaneous
- Transvenous



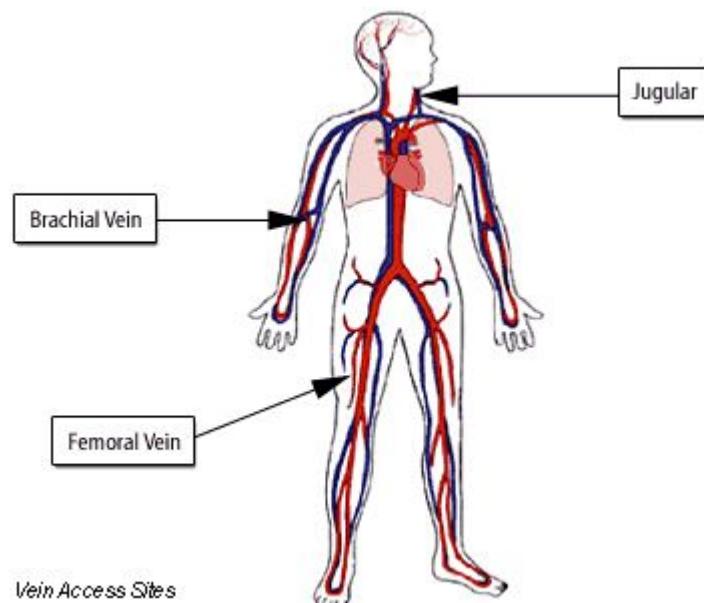
Transcutaneous pacing



SCIENCEPHOTOLIBRARY



Transvenous temporary pacing



Temporary pacemaker(2)

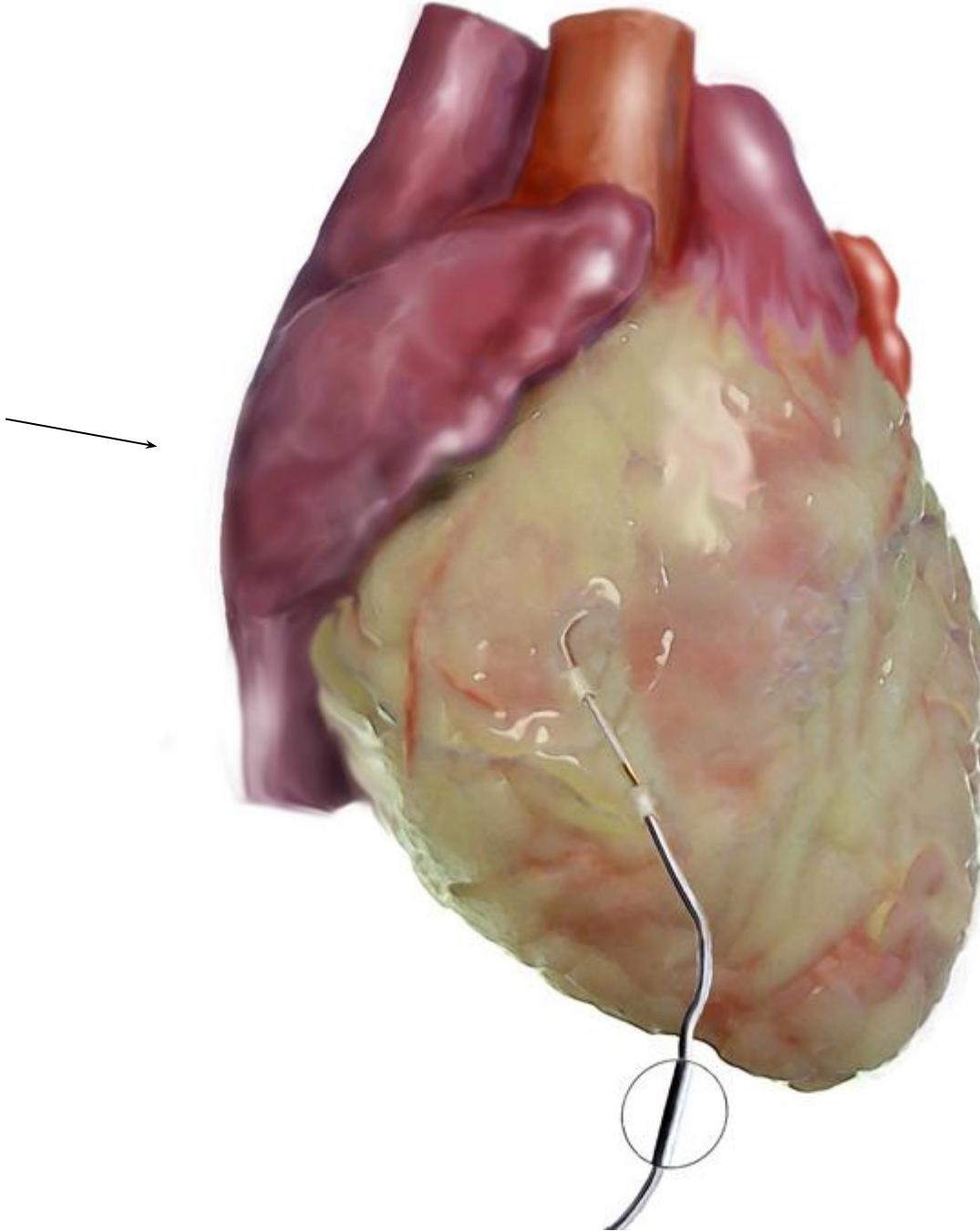
- Transvenous
 - Subclavian
 - Jugular
 - Femoral



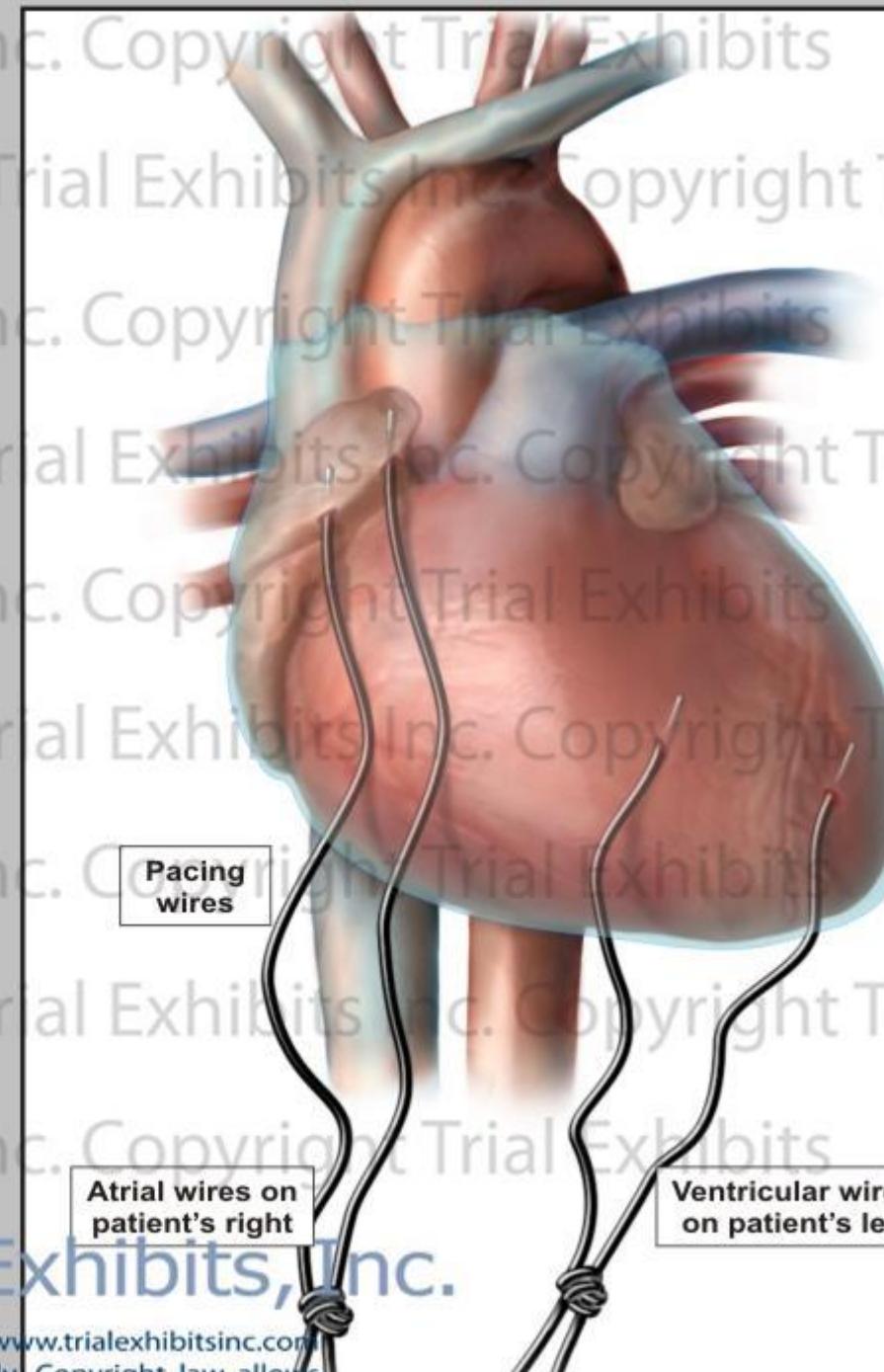
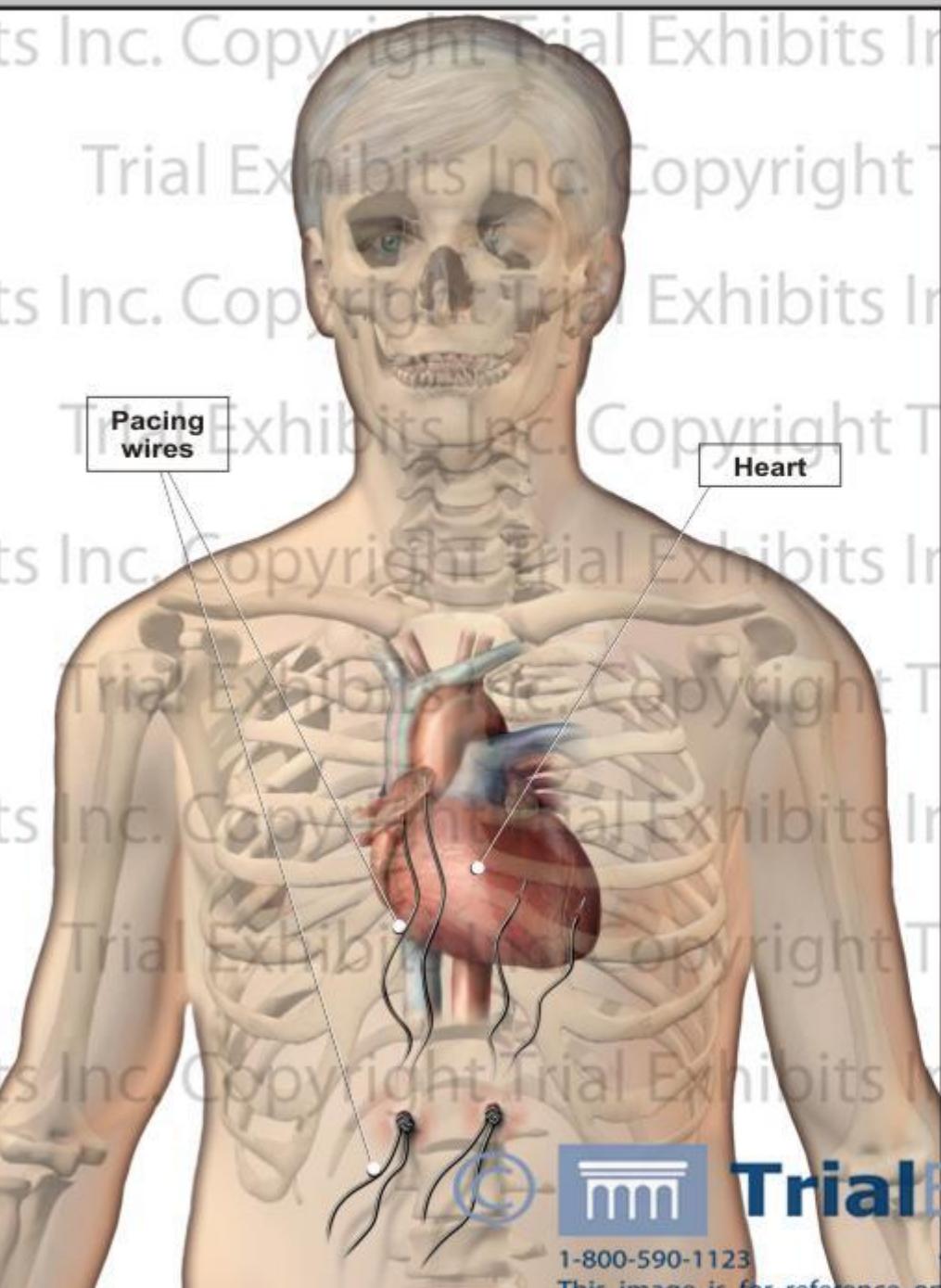
Common Indications for Temporary Pacing

- Complete heart block
- Sinus bradycardia
- Prior to the implant/replacement of a permanent pacemaker
- Acute myocardial infarction complicated by heart block
- Temporary support of a patient after heart surgery

Epicardial pacing



Percardial Pacing Wires



TrialExhibits, Inc.

1-800-590-1123

www.trialexhibitsinc.com

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Permanent Pacemaker



Pacemaker Components



Pulse generator



Leads



programmer

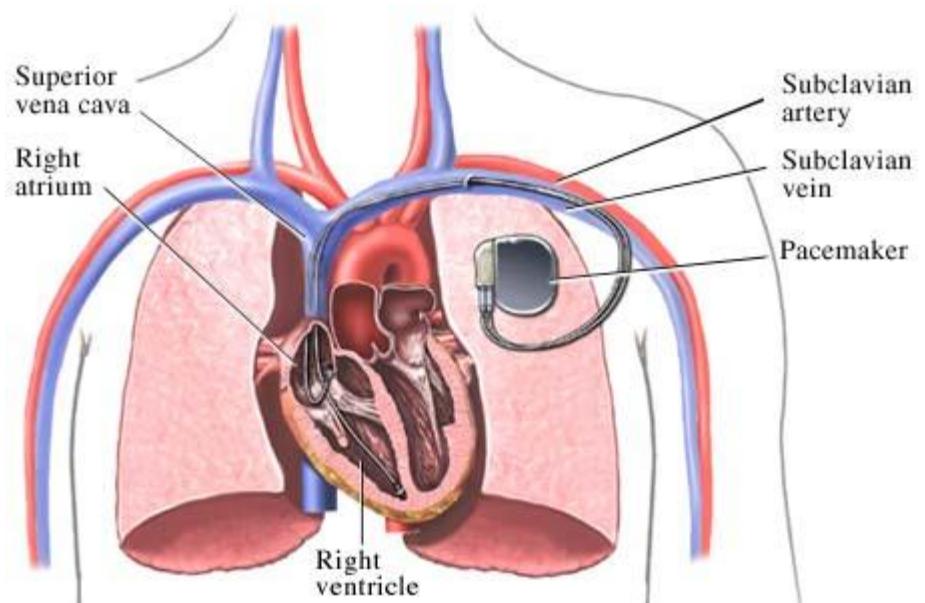
Common Indications for Implantable Cardiac Pacemaker

- Complete Heart Block or high grade 2nd degree A-v block
- Sick Sinus Syndrome

:Most Pacemakers Perform Four Functions

- Stimulate cardiac depolarization
- Sense intrinsic cardiac function
- Respond to increased metabolic demand by providing rate responsive pacing
- Provide diagnostic information stored by the pacemaker

- Pacing
- Sensing



Pacemaker Nomenclature

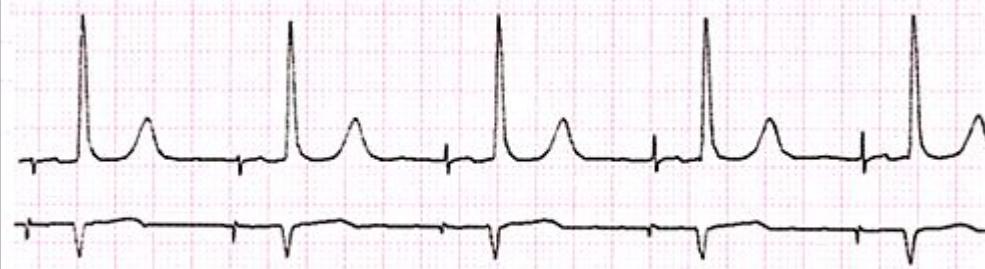
I	II	III	IV	V
Chamber Paced	Chamber Sensed	Response to Sensing	Rate Modulation, Programmability	Anti-tachycardia Features
A=Atrium	A=Atrium	T=Triggered	P=Simple	P=Pacing
V=Ventricle	V=Ventricle	I=Inhibited	M=Multi-programmable	S=Shock
D=Dual	D=Dual	D=Dual	R=Rate Adaptive	D=Dual
O=None	O=None	O=None	C=Communicating	
			O=None	

Ventricular Pacemaker (single chamber)



One spike producing a wide QRS (ventricular capture).

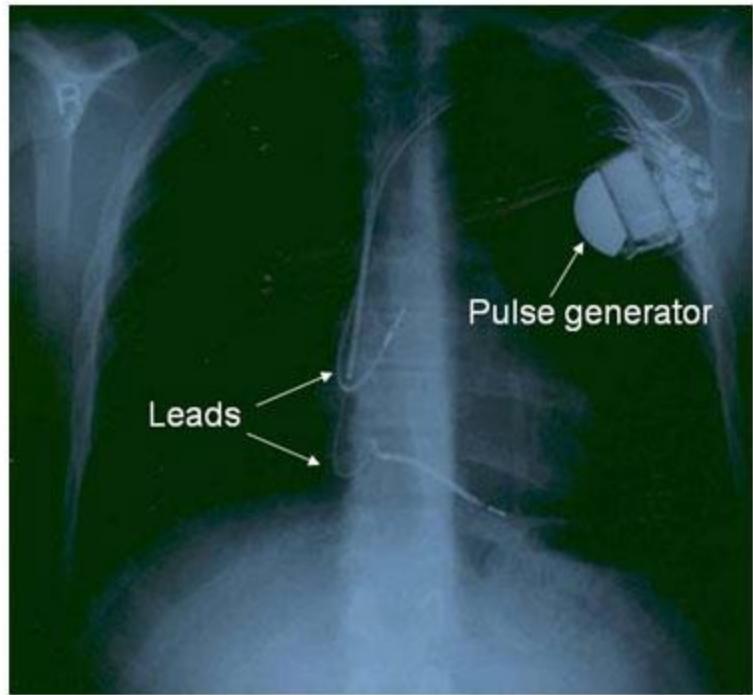
Atrial Pacemaker (single chamber)



One spike producing an abnormal P wave (atrial capture) followed by a normal QRS

Atrial and ventricular pacing

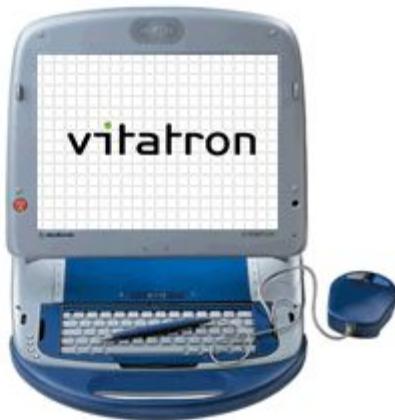




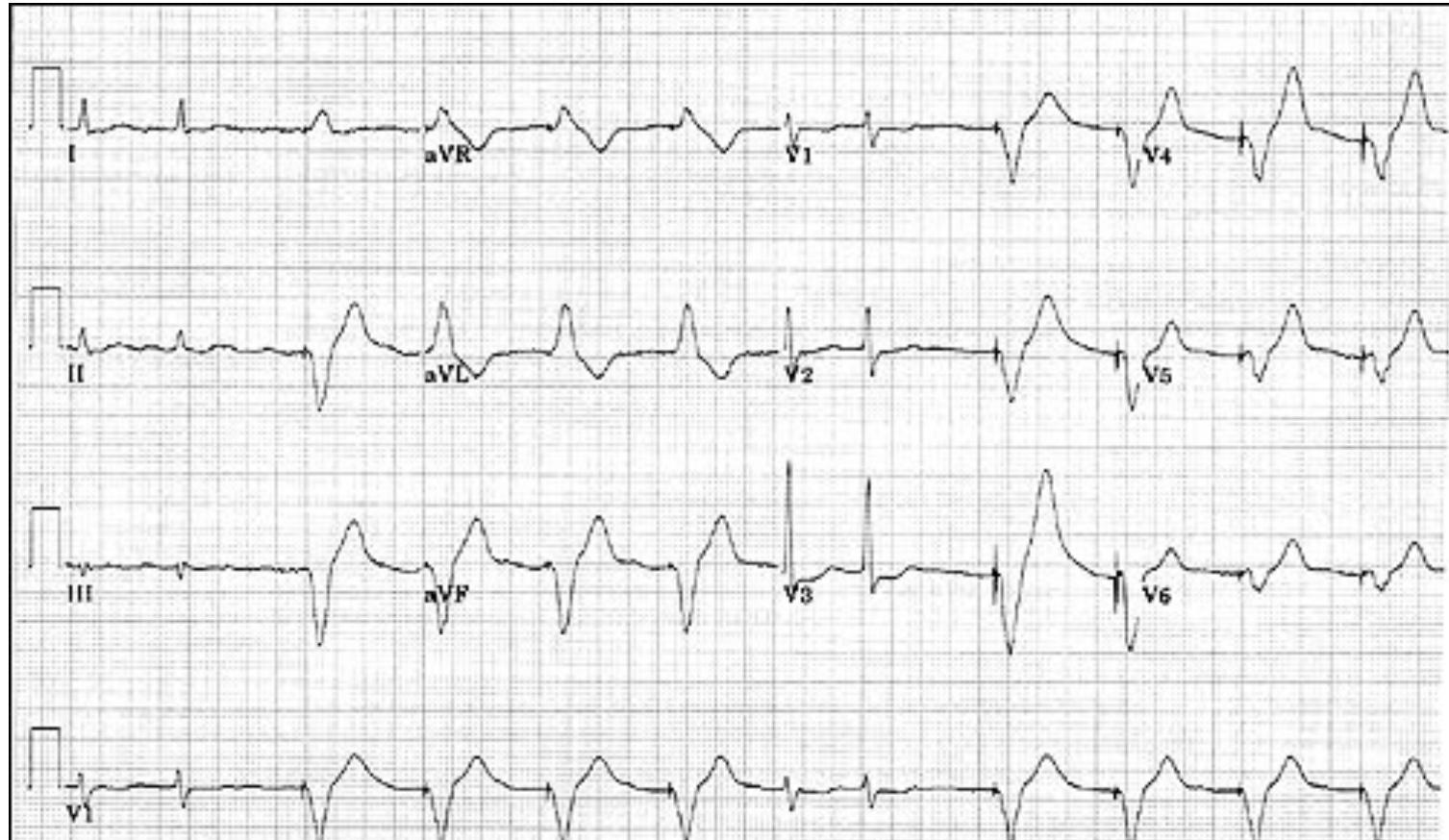
Pulse generator

Leads

Pacemaker interrogation and programming



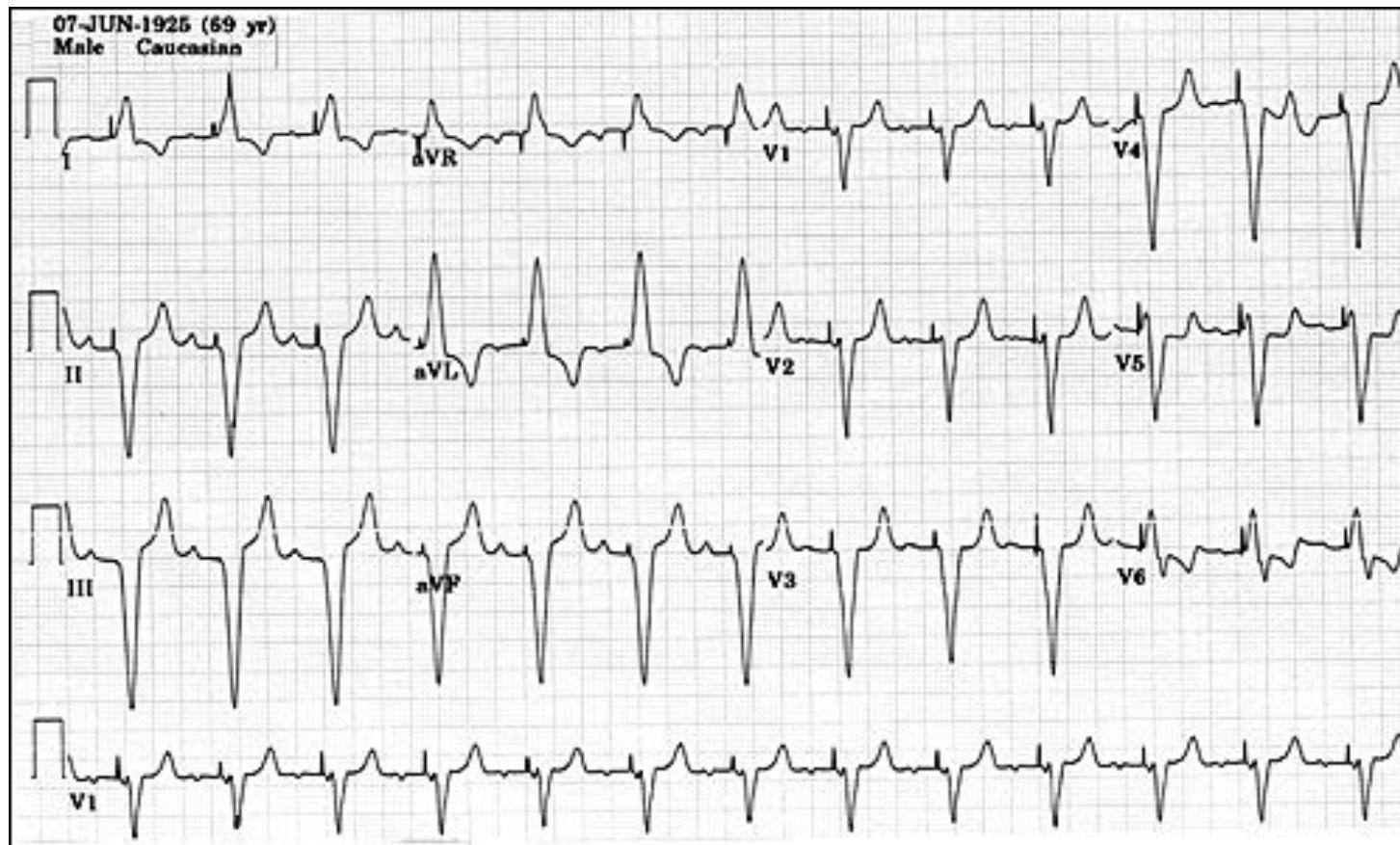
Example 1



The Alan E. Lindsay ECG Learning Center ; <http://medstat.med.utah.edu/kw/ecg/>

Ventricular sensed, ventricular paced
Consistent with VVI

Example 2



The Alan E. Lindsay ECG Learning Center ; <http://medstat.med.utah.edu/kw/ecg/>

Atrial sensed, ventricular paced
Consistent with DDD or VDD

Example 4



The Alan E. Lindsay ECG Learning Center ; <http://medstat.med.utah.edu/kw/ecg/>

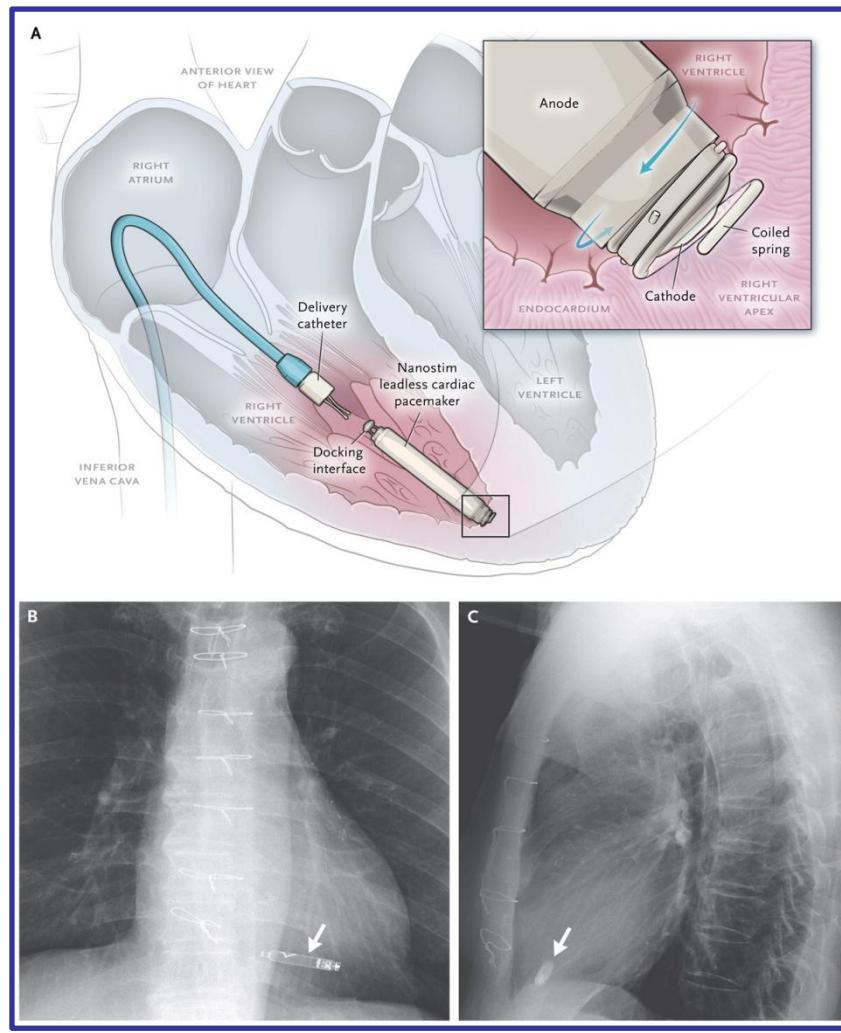
Failure to Pace

Failure to capture

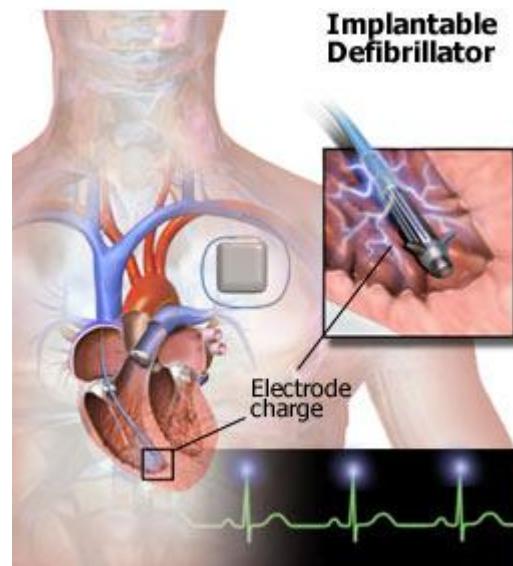


Complications

- Infection or erosion
- Hematoma
- Pneumothorax
- Lead dislodgment
- Lead malfunctions or fractures
- Electromagnetic interference



Implantable Cardiac Defibrillator



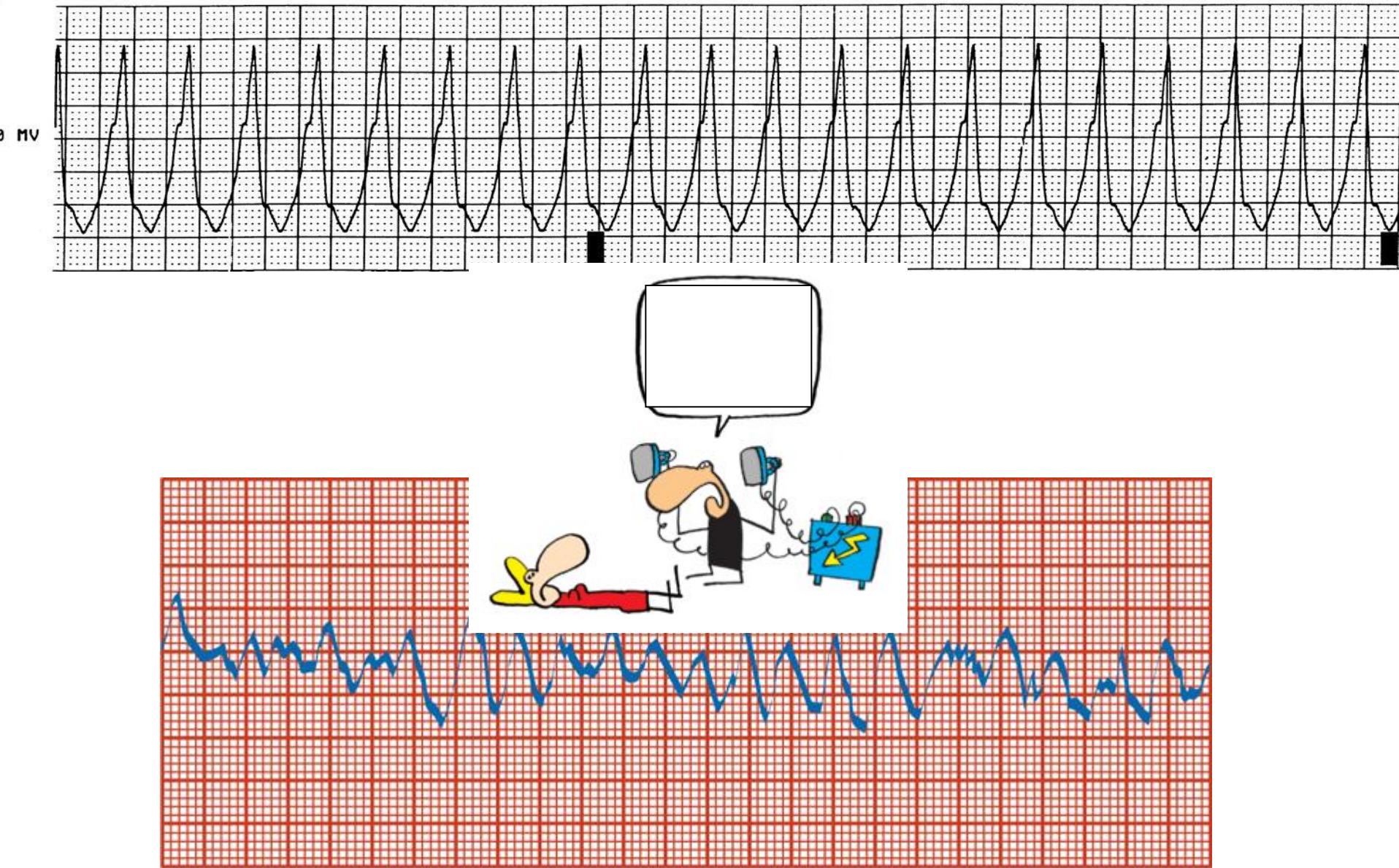
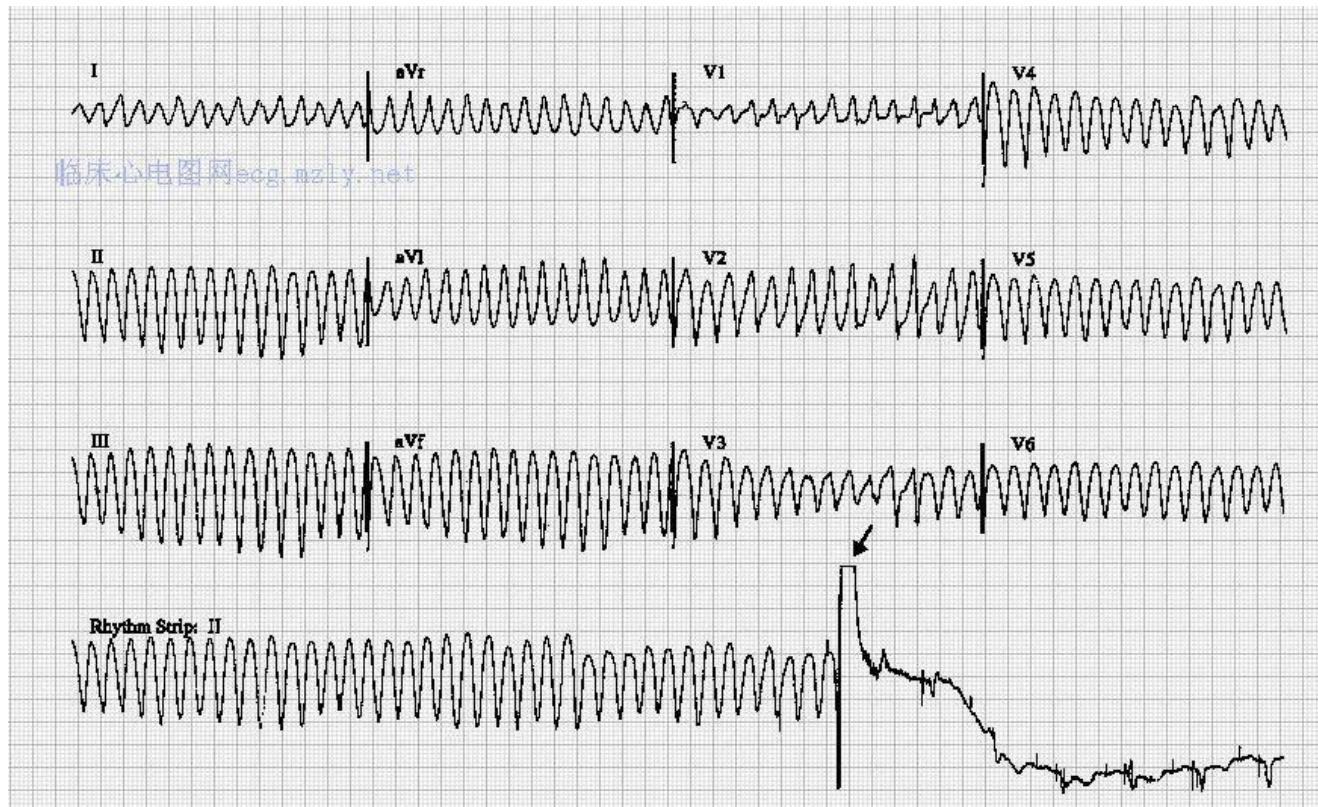


Figure 17-39 Ventricular fibrillation.

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Implantable Cardiac Defibrillator



Inventor of the ICD



**Michel Mirowski,
.M.D**

1924-1990

Indications

Cardiac arrest due to VF or VT not due to a transient or .1
.reversible cause

Spontaneous sustained VT in association with structural .2
.heart disease

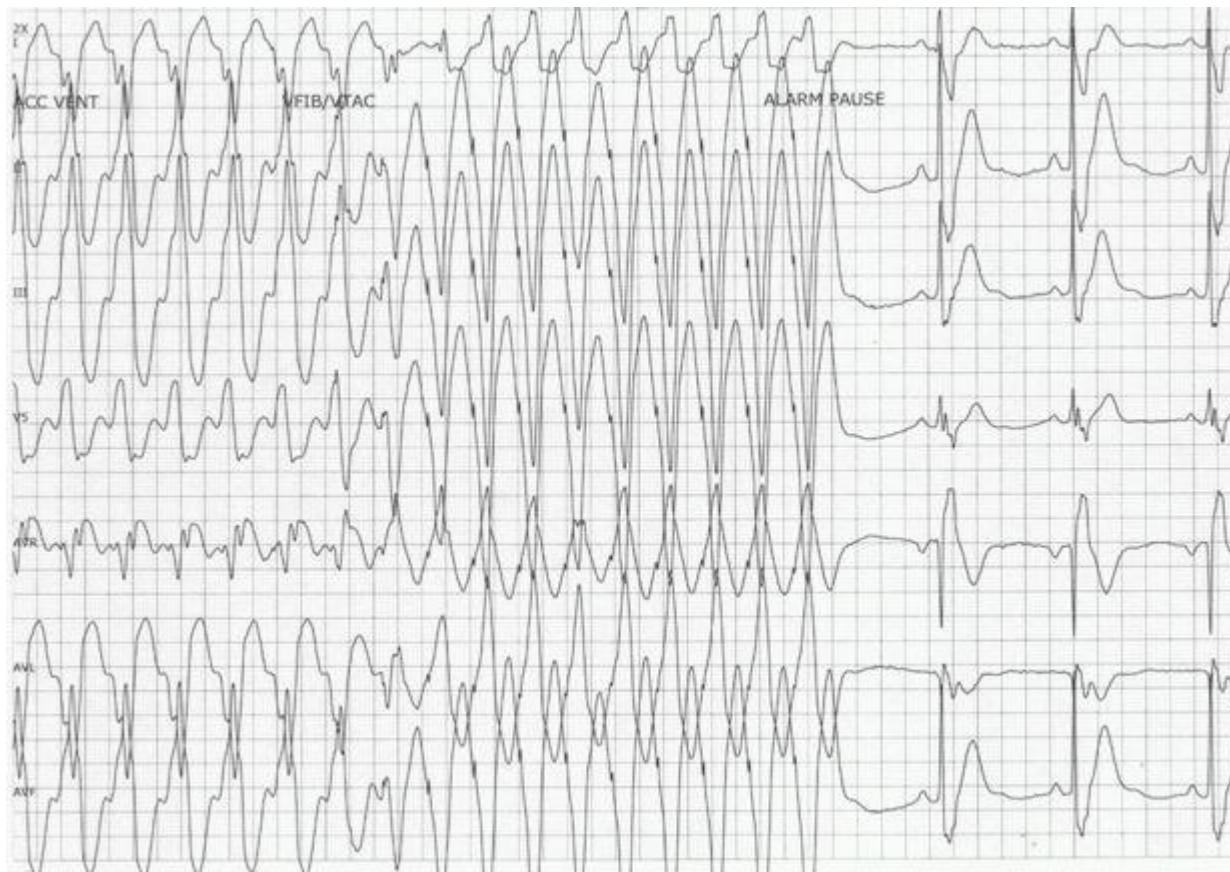
Syncope of undetermined origin with clinically relevant, .3
hemodynamically significant sustained VT or VF induced at
electrophysiologic study

Nonsustained VT in patients with coronary disease, prior .4
myocardial infarction, LV dysfunction, and inducible VF or
sustained VT at electrophysiologic study

Spontaneous sustained VT in patients without structural .5
heart disease

A

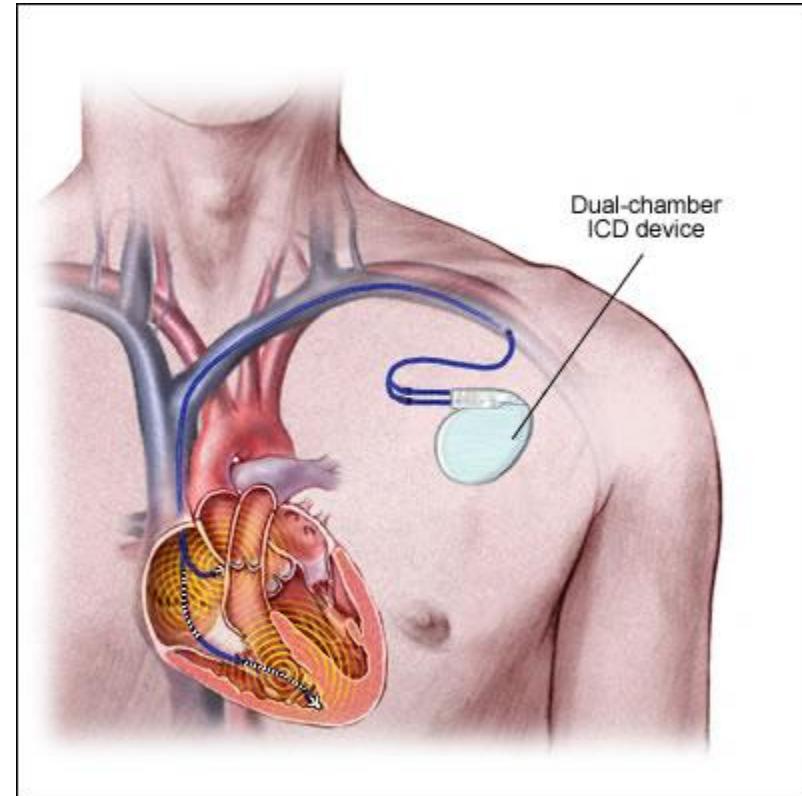
Antitachycardia pacing



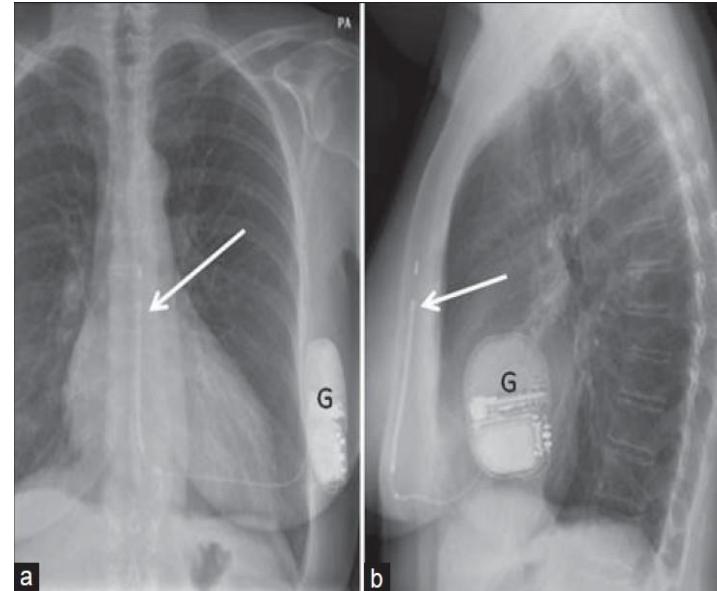
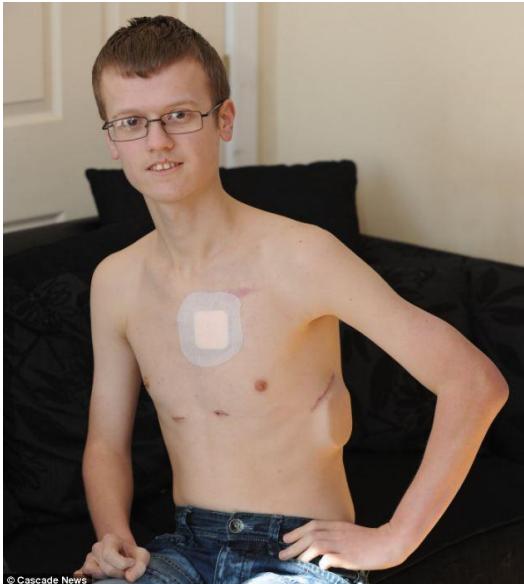
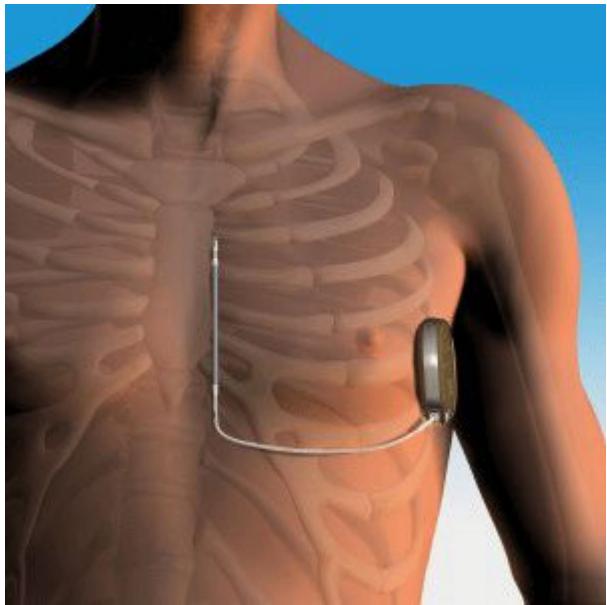
LV dysfunction

- EF < 30% - ICD implantation
- EF 30-40% -Monitor

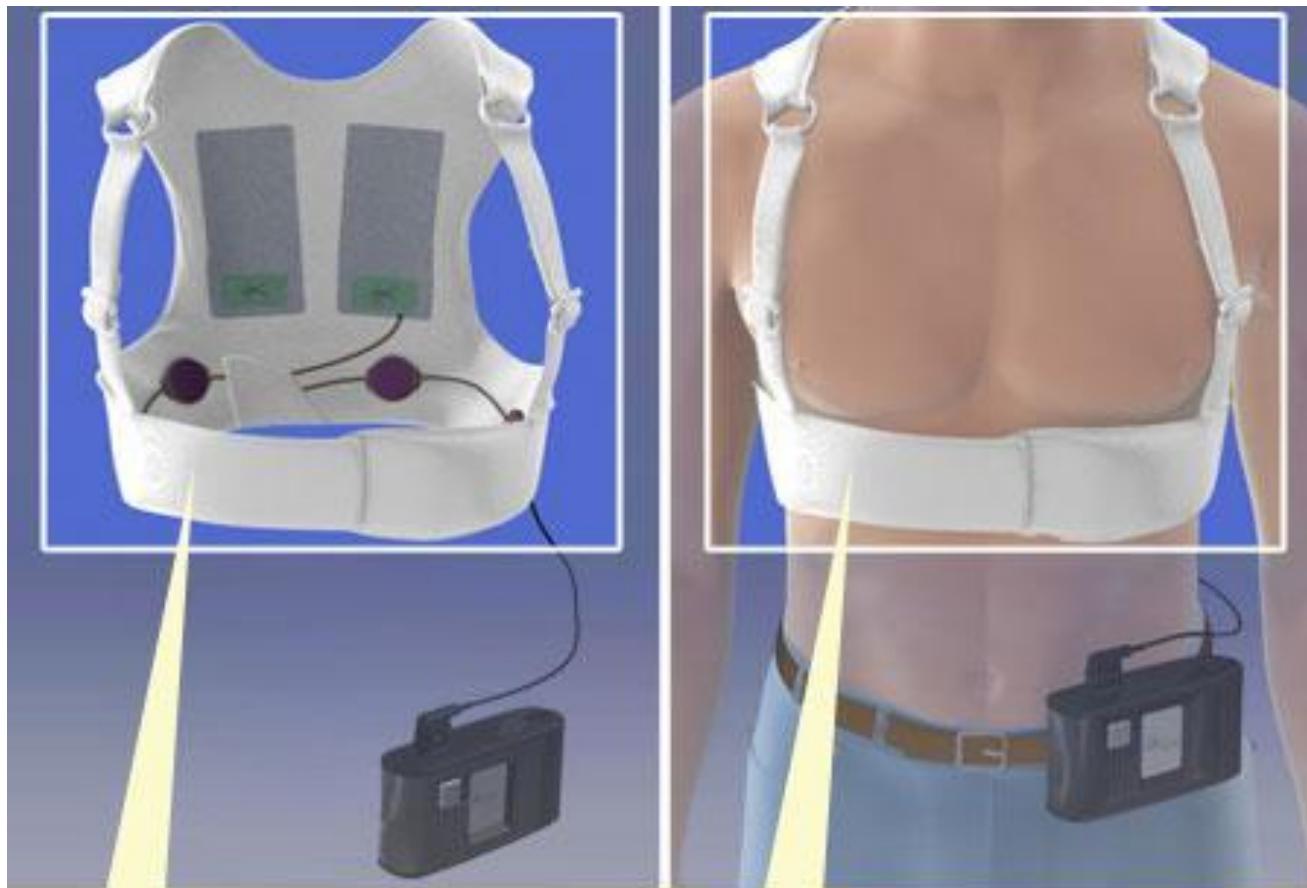
↓
NSVT
↓
EPS



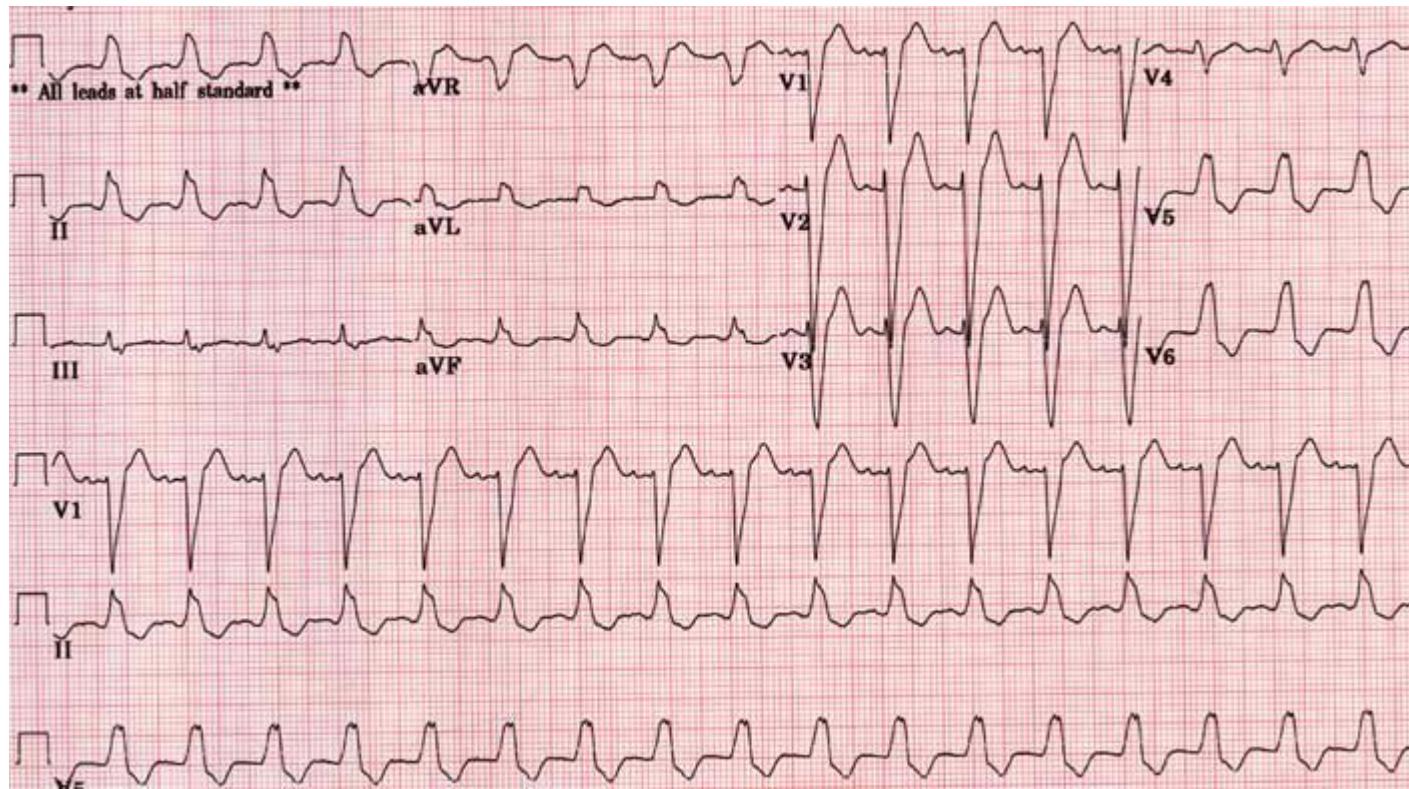
Subcutaneous defibrillator



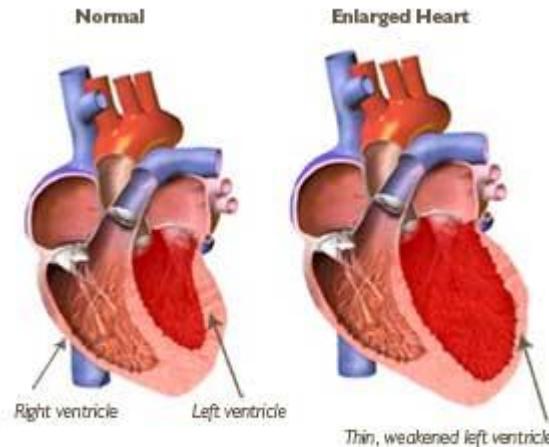
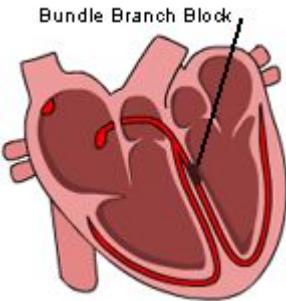
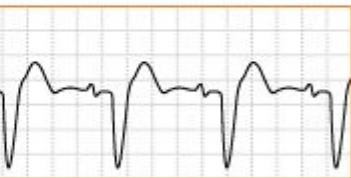
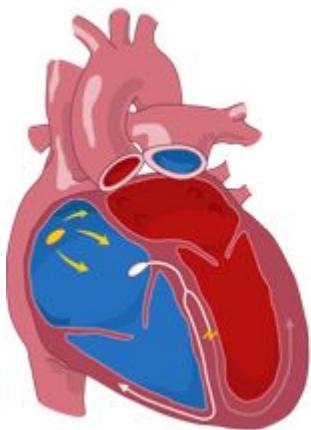
External vest defibrillator



CLBBB

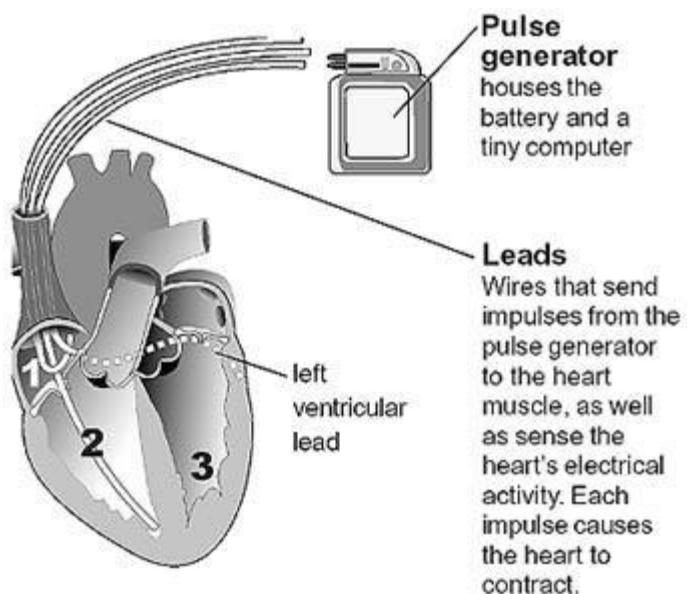


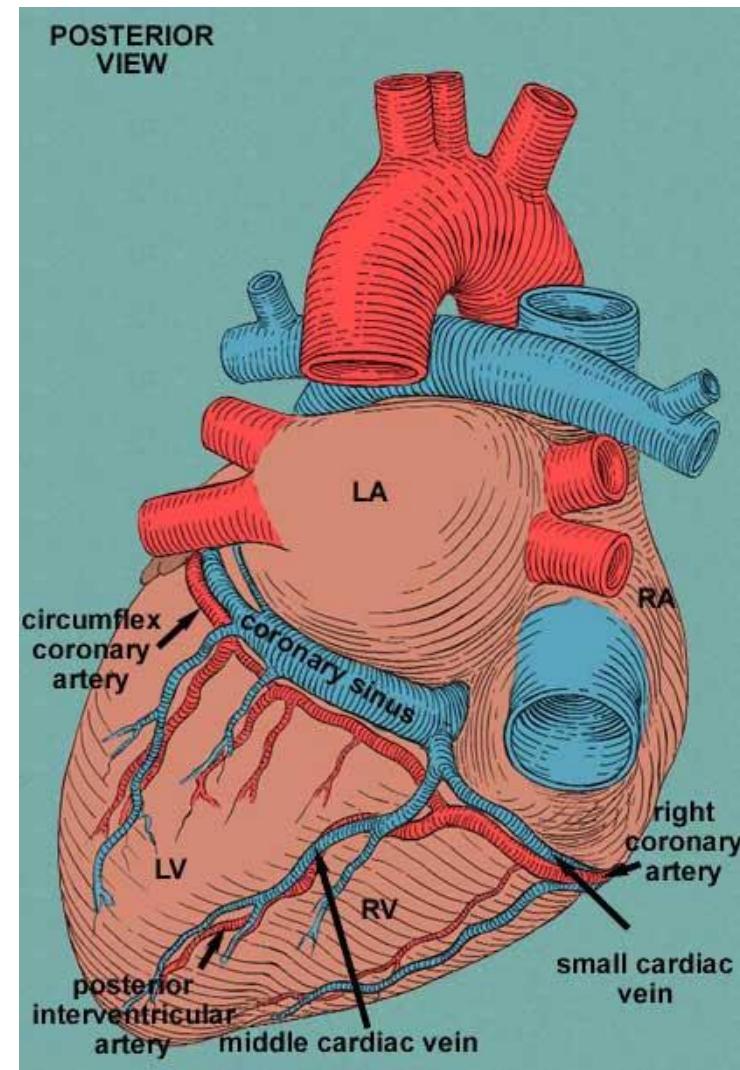
LV dysfunction + wide QRS

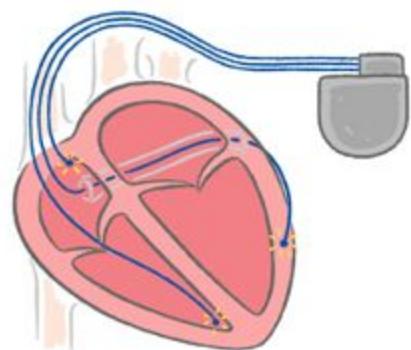
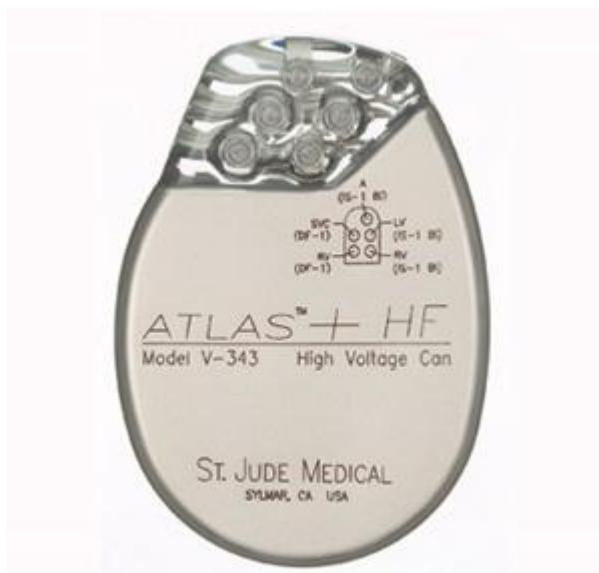


A type of cardiomyopathy. An enlarged heart is a sign that the heart may be overworked.

Cardiac resynchronization







heart failure pacemaker

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