

Lesson 13

Present Simple / Present Continuous



Why *are you standing* in the rain, Sam? People *don't* usually *stand* in the rain. They can catch a cold.

I *know* that Mum but Dad says *it's raining* cats and dogs today and I *want* to catch a little puppy.

Present Simple употребляется:

- для постоянных ситуаций.
She **works** in an office.
- для повторяющихся или привычных действий в настоящем, особенно с наречиями частотности.
He often **buys** her flowers.
- для общеизвестных истин и законов природы.
The Sun **sets** in the west.
- в расписаниях или программах.
The lesson **starts** at 10 o'clock.

Present Continuous употребляется:

- для временных ситуаций.
He's **looking** for a new job these days.
- действий, происходящих в момент речи или близко к моменту речи.
Chris **is painting** the garage at the moment.
- с *always*, чтобы выразить раздражение или критику. He's **always telling** lies!
- для четко спланированных действий на ближайшее будущее. I'm **flying** to London **tomorrow**. (Все уже подготовлено, куплен билет. Время действия всегда указано или понятно говорящим.)

Обстоятельства времени с present simple

usually, always, never, often, sometimes, every day / week / month / year, on Mondays / Tuesdays, in the morning / afternoon / evening, at night / the weekend, etc.

Обстоятельства времени с present continuous

now, at the moment, at present, this week / month, these days, today, tonight, tomorrow, next week, etc.

Наречия частотности

Наречия частотности (often, always, rarely/seldom, etc.) **ставятся перед смысловыми, но после вспомогательных/модальных глаголов** (be, have, can, will, must, shall, etc.)
He **often goes** to the theatre. He **is never** late. Tonia **doesn't usually go** to bed late.

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Put the verbs in brackets into the *present simple* or the *present continuous*.

1 A: *Do you want* (you/want) to come over tonight to play computer games?

B: Sorry, I can't. I (go) to the cinema with some friends from school.

2 A: (Ann/talk) on the phone?

B: No, she (do) her homework right now.

3 A: How often (you/go) swimming?

B: Three times a week.

4 A: Bob and Sophie (study) hard these days.

B: Yes, I know. They (want) to pass their exams.

5 A: I'm so happy Jim! My parents and I (go) on holiday next week.

B: That's great! Where (you/go)?

6 A: How long (it/take) to travel to London by plane?

B: About three hours.

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Put the verbs in brackets into the correct form of the *present continuous* or the *present simple*.



Hi Marvin,

1) *'m writing* (write) this letter from Portugal. I

2) (be) on holiday here with my family and we 3) (have) a great time.

Right now, I 4) (lie) on the beach. My little brother

5) (play) on the sand with his toys and my mother

6) (watch) him. My dad 7) (swim) in the sea.

I just love it here. We 8) (get up) late every day and

9) (spend) most of our time sunbathing.

This afternoon we 10) (go) into town to do a little sightseeing.

Then my parents 11) (take) us to a nice restaurant. They

12) (want) us to try the local cuisine. I hope it tastes good!

Well, that's all for now. See you when I get back!

Take care,

Wendy

Глаголы состояния

Некоторые глаголы не употребляются во временах continuous. Это глаголы, выражающие постоянное состояние: **appear** (= seem), **be**, **believe**, **belong**, **cost**, **feel**, **forget**, **hate**, **have** (= possess), **know**, **like**, **love**, **mean**, **need**, **prefer**, **realise**, **remember**, **see**, **seem**, **smell**, **sound**, **suppose**, **taste**, **think**, **understand**, **want**, etc.

I **understand** it now. ~~HE I am understanding~~ it now.

Часть из них может употребляться во временах continuous, но в ином значении.

Present Simple

I **think** he's Italian.

(= believe/полагаю)

Katie **looks** happy.

(= appears to be/выглядит)

You can **see** the sea from my room.

(= it is visible/это видно)

Derek **has** a new car.

(= possesses/имеет)

This pie **tastes** really good.

(= It has a really good flavour/имеет вкус)

This new dress **fits** her perfectly.

(= it is her size/ее размер)

He **is** so polite.

(= that's his character/У него такой характер)

She **appears** to be tired.

(= seems/кажется)

Present Continuous

Tom **is thinking** of moving house.

(= is considering/обдумывает)

They **are looking** at the paintings.

(= are taking a look at/смотрят на)

Sam **is seeing** his friends tonight.

(= is meeting/встречается)

We **are having** dinner at 8 o'clock.

(= are eating/обедают)

Paul **is tasting** the soup to see if it needs salt.

(= is trying/пробует на вкус)

He **is fitting** a new lock on the door.

(= is attaching/прикрепляет)

He **is being** so rude today!

(= he is behaving like that only today/ведет себя так только сегодня)

She **is appearing** in a new TV show.

(= is taking part/принимает участие)

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Put the verbs in brackets into the *present simple* or the *present continuous*.

1 A: I *see* (see) you still have a toothache.

B: Yes, I do. Actually, I
..... (see) my dentist later.

2 A: I
(think) of visiting Jim this afternoon.

B: Don't bother. I
..... (think) he's on a business trip.

3 A: Why
(Greg/be) so rude today?

B: I have no idea. He
..... (be) usually very polite.

4 A: Why (you/taste) the sauce? Does it need more pepper?

B: No. It
..... (taste) great the way it is.

5 A: Why
..... (you/smell) the milk?

B: Because it
(smell) off. We should throw it away.

6 A: I see you
..... (have) a new mobile phone.

B: Yes, but I (have) trouble understanding how it works.

24 Underline the correct item.

- 1 The children are having / have so much fun at the circus!
- 2 Fiona is looking / looks at some photos.
- 3 This jacket is fitting / fits you perfectly.
You should buy it.

- 4 Ron is wanting / wants to become a pilot.
- 5 I am not understanding / don't understand the meaning of that word.
- 6 He is loving / loves playing football.
- 7 I am thinking / think of buying a new CD.

Past Simple / Present Perfect



Past Simple: глагол + ed

Past Simple используется, когда:

- действие произошло в указанное время в прошлом.
He **sold** his car two weeks ago.
(Когда? Две недели назад.)
- говорим о состоянии/привычках в прошлом.
When he **was** young, he **lived** in a small flat.
- действия в прошлом следовали одно за другим.
She **put on** her coat, **took** her bag and **left** the house.
- действие было в прошлом и больше не повторится.
I once **spoke** to Princess Diana.
(Я ее больше не увижу; она умерла.)

Present Perfect: have + причастие прош.вр.

Present Perfect используется, когда:

- действие произошло в неуставленное время в прошлом.
He **has sold** his car. (Когда? Мы не знаем.)
- действие завершилось так недавно, что видны его результаты в настоящем.
He **has just painted** the room. (Краска еще мокрая.)
- говорим о личном опыте.
He **has tried** skydiving.
- действие началось в прошлом и продолжается до сих пор.
She **has lived** in this house for two years.
(Она все еще живет в этом доме.)
НО He **lived** in Australia for one year.
(Он сейчас не живет в Австралии.)
- действие произошло в прошлом и может снова повториться.
I've **met** Leona Lewis.
(Я, возможно, ее встречу; она еще жива.)

Обстоятельства времени с Past Simple

yesterday, last week / month / year /
Monday, etc., ago, how long ago, just
now, then, when, in 2000, etc.

Обстоятельства времени с Present Perfect

just, ever, never, always, already, yet, for, since,
so far, how long, lately, recently, today, this
week / month / year, once, several times, etc.

Внимание:

Since – момент начала действия.

I've known Ann **since** October.

For - период времени.

I've known Mary **for** two months.

Yet - в вопросах и отрицаниях.

Have you met him **yet**? I haven't met him **yet**.

Already - в утверждениях и вопросах.

I've **already** posted the letters.

Just + present perfect

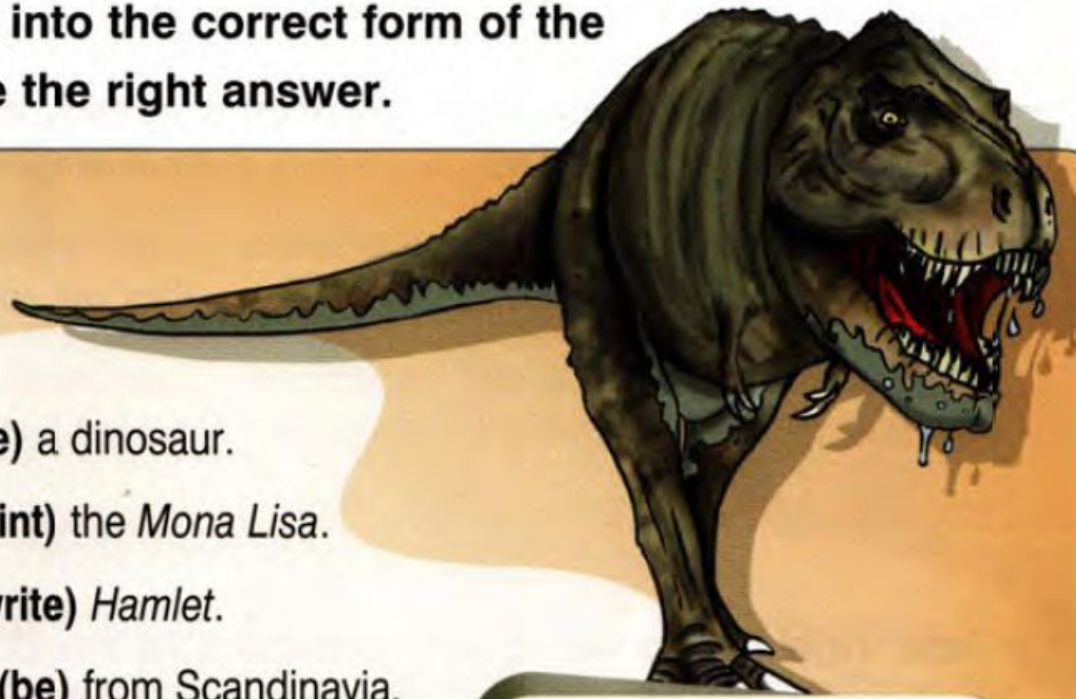
I've **just called** the doctor.

Just now + past simple.

He **left just now**.

3 Put the verbs in brackets into the correct form of the *past simple*. Then choose the right answer.

QUIZ



- 1 It *was* (be) a dinosaur.
- 2 He (paint) the *Mona Lisa*.
- 3 He (write) *Hamlet*.
- 4 They (be) from Scandinavia.
- 5 He (invent) the telephone.
- 6 They (make) their first flight at Kitty Hawk, North Carolina.
- 7 He (become) the first astronaut to travel to outer space.
- 8 It (begin) in 1939.
- 9 They (discover) polonium and radium.

- a Alexander Graham Bell
- b The Wright brothers
- c Pierre and Marie Curie
- d William Shakespeare
- e Tyrannosaurus Rex
- f Yuri Gagarin
- g The Vikings
- h Leonardo da Vinci
- i World War II

4 Put the verbs in brackets into the correct form of the *past simple* as in the example:

1 A: What 1) *did you do* (you/do)

last night?

B: I 2)

(go) to the cinema.

A: What film 3)

(you/see)?

B: *The Pink Panther II*.

2 A: Why 1)

..... (not/Emily/come) to

Terry's party yesterday?

B: She 2)

(have) to study for an exam.

3 A: I 1)

(read) the book you 2)

(give) me about dinosaurs.

B: 3) (you/like) it?

A: Yes. It 4)

(be) very interesting.

4 A: Where 1)

(you/spend) your summer holidays?

B: We 2)

(go) to Jamaica.

A: Really? What 3)

(it/be) like?

B: Great!

5

Use the *past simple* form of the verbs in the list to fill in the gaps in the following sentences. Which sentences refer to:

- actions which happened at a specific time in the past
- past habits
- people who are no longer alive
- actions which happened one after the other in the past

be

play

catch

spend

walk

buy

1 Shelly ... *caught* ... the bus to school yesterday. *action which happened at a specific time in the past*

2 Heath Ledger a talented actor.

3 They left the cinema and to the train station.

4 Mark and his band at the concert hall last Saturday.

5 My father every summer in the countryside when he was a boy.

6 Larry computer games yesterday afternoon.

6

James is in Monaco with his family. Write what he *has* or *hasn't done*.



- ~~visit the Oceanographic Museum~~ ✓
- take lots of photos ✓
- see the Opera de Monte-Carlo ✗
- buy souvenirs for his friends ✗
- visit the Prince's Palace ✗
- walk along the harbour ✓

- 1 *James has visited the Oceanographic Museum.*
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6

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In pairs, ask and answer about Anna and yourself as in the example:

	meet a famous person	cook a foreign meal	have a bad dream	visit a foreign country	be on a roller coaster
Anna	never	once	several times	recently	many times
You					

- A: *Has Anna ever met a famous person?*
- B: *No, she has never met a famous person.*

6 Listen and repeat. Then act out.



have gone to / have been to / have been in

He's **gone to** London. (Он еще не вернулся. Он все еще в Лондоне.)

He's **been to** Paris once. (Он был в Париже. Он вернулся.) (Present Perfect глагола *to go*)

I've **been in** Athens for a month. (Я в Афинах.) (Present Perfect глагола *to be*)

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Fill in the gaps with: *has / have gone to*, *has / have been to* or *has / have been in*.

- 1 You can't see Tom before Wednesday. He *has gone to* Denmark for a few days on business.
- 2 My sister Bristol for two months now.
- 3 Wendy isn't here at the moment. She the supermarket to buy some milk and eggs.
- 4 The Miltons Sweden twice.
- 5 Greg and Terry the park to play football. They'll be back by 6 o'clock.
- 6 Jenny's brother hospital since Monday.
- 7 you ever the opera?
- 8 Jim the cinema. He left an hour ago.

11 Put the verbs in brackets into the *present perfect* or the *past simple*.

Did you know?

1 Victoria Falls *has been* (be) a popular tourist attraction for many years.

2 In 1855, David Livingstone, a Scottish explorer, (name) the falls after Queen Victoria.

3 The African government (open) two national parks near the falls to protect wild animals.

4 The Victoria Falls Bridge is one of the most famous bridges in the world. It (take) just 14 months to build and (be) ready in April, 1905.

5 Over 50,000 people (try) bungee jumping off the Victoria Falls Bridge so far.



12 Put the verbs in brackets into the *present perfect* or the *past simple*.

1 A: ... *Have you ever been*

(you/ever/go) to India?

B: Yes, I

(go) there last summer.

2 A:

(you/speak) to Chloe?

B: No, she

(go) to the post office. She

..... **(not/come)** back yet.

3 A:

(you/ever/eat) Mexican food?

B: Yes, I

(try) it for the first time last week.

4 A: I **(go)** to the

new cinema yesterday.

B: It's nice, isn't it? I

..... **(go)** there a few times.

5 A: I

..... **(not/see)** Sam for a long time.

B: Really? He

(be) at the swimming pool this morning.

6 A:

(you/do) your project, Chris?

B: Yes, Mum. I

..... **(finish)** it an hour ago.

13 Fill in the gaps with time adverbs or expressions from the list below:

- ago
- how long
- for
- how long ago
- ever
- already
- so far
- just
- since (x2)
- yet
- just now

- 1 They got married a month *ago*
- 2 He hasn't called us
- 3 I've had this car a year.
- 4 Tim isn't here. He's
gone out.
- 5 She's typed three letters
- 6 Has Camila lied to you?
- 7 have you been in Rome?

- 8 I've studied Maths 2006.
- 9 I've been to that new
restaurant. It's really nice.
- 10 did he move house?
- 11 The boss came
- 12 Peter has been here
5 o'clock.

A: Hi, Sarah. I 1) ... *haven't seen* ...

(not/see) you for a long time. Where

2) (you/be)?

B: I 3) (go) to China

to teach English.

A: Wow! How 4) (be)

it?

B: Very nice! I 5) (stay)

in Beijing and 6) (teach) eight-year-old children.

A: How 7) (you/find) teaching them?

B: Great! The children 8) (be) clever and 9)

(learn) very quickly. What 10) (you/be) up to?

A: Nothing as interesting as that! I 11) (just/finish) my exams.

B: That's good. Do you have any plans for the summer?

A: Yes, I 12) (buy) a ticket to Italy. I'm planning to stay with

my cousin, Sabrina, for a month.

B: That's great! Sabrina is a lot of fun. I'm sure you'll have a great time. Don't forget to send

me a postcard.

A: Okay! Take care. Speak to you when I get back.



16 Put the verbs in brackets into the *past simple* or the *present perfect*.

1 A: Last night I *saw* (see) the latest *James Bond* film.

B: Oh, I (already/see) it twice.

2 A: Do you know that Mrs Jones (work) here for sixteen years?

B: I thought she (start) working here ten years ago.

3 A: (you/ever/meet) anyone famous?

B: Yes, last summer I (sit) next to Brad Pitt on a plane to LA.

4 A: How long ago (you/start) painting?

B: Ten years ago. I (recently/complete) a painting that the National Gallery (ask) me to do a year ago.

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Put the verbs in brackets into the *past simple* or the *present perfect*.

Dear Tina,

Hi! How are you? I'm having such a great time here in Singapore. The city is so clean and the people are very kind and helpful!

We 1) *have been* (be) here for three days now and we 2) (do) something different each day. On Monday, we 3) (go) to the shops in Singapore's Chinatown. I 4) (buy) souvenirs for my friends and some CDs for me. On Tuesday, we 5) (go) on a riverboat tour on the Singapore River. It 6) (be) fantastic! Yesterday, we 7) (visit) Singapore Botanic Gardens. We 8) (see) many beautiful, exotic flowers and plants.

There are still a couple of things we 9) (not/do) yet. We 10) (not/visit) the Jurong Bird Park yet and we 11) (not/go) to the Singapore Zoo. We're going there tomorrow. I can't wait to see the white Bengal tigers!

Singapore is a beautiful city! I 12) (already/take) so many lovely photographs and I can't wait for you to see them when I get back.

See you next week.

Lots of love,

May





Speaking Activity

(Asking about experiences)

In pairs, ask and answer questions using the ideas below as in the example:

- ride a camel
- fly in a helicopter
- sleep in a tent
- go scuba diving
- win a competition
- see a famous person
- be on TV
- try sushi
- cook pasta

A: Have you ever ridden a camel?

A: Yes, I have.

B: Really? When was that?

B: No, I haven't. Have you?

A: Last summer, etc.



