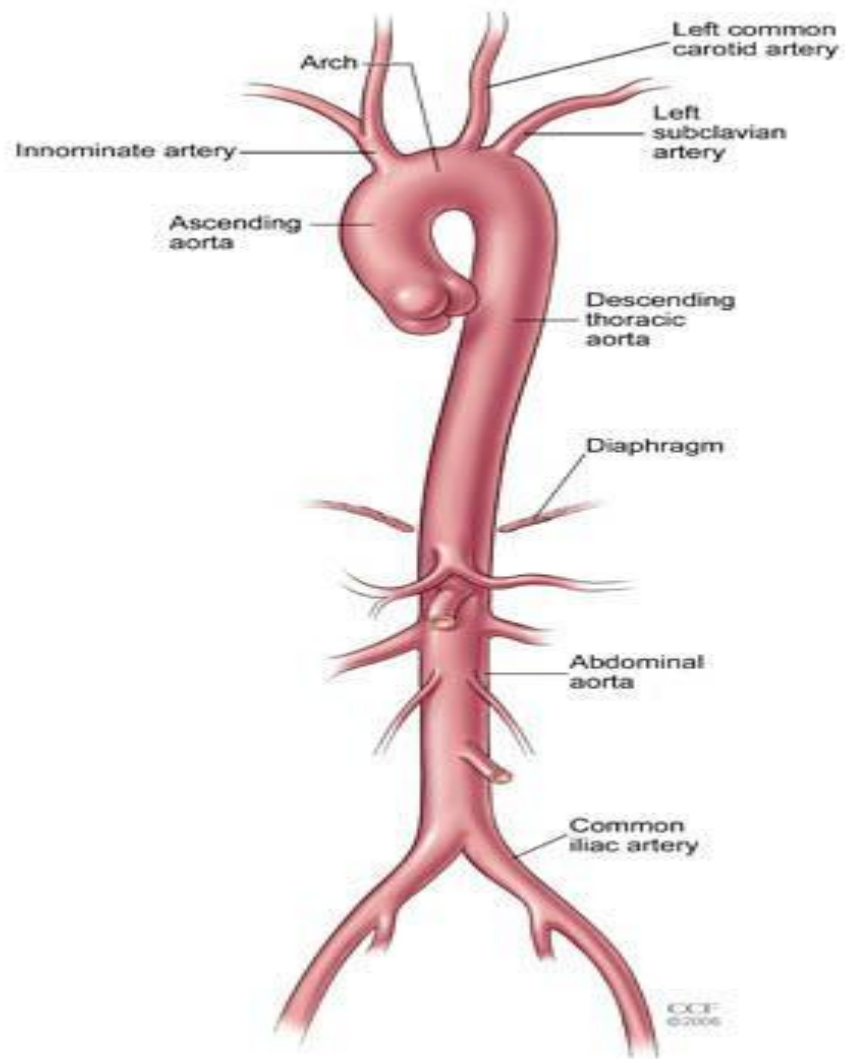
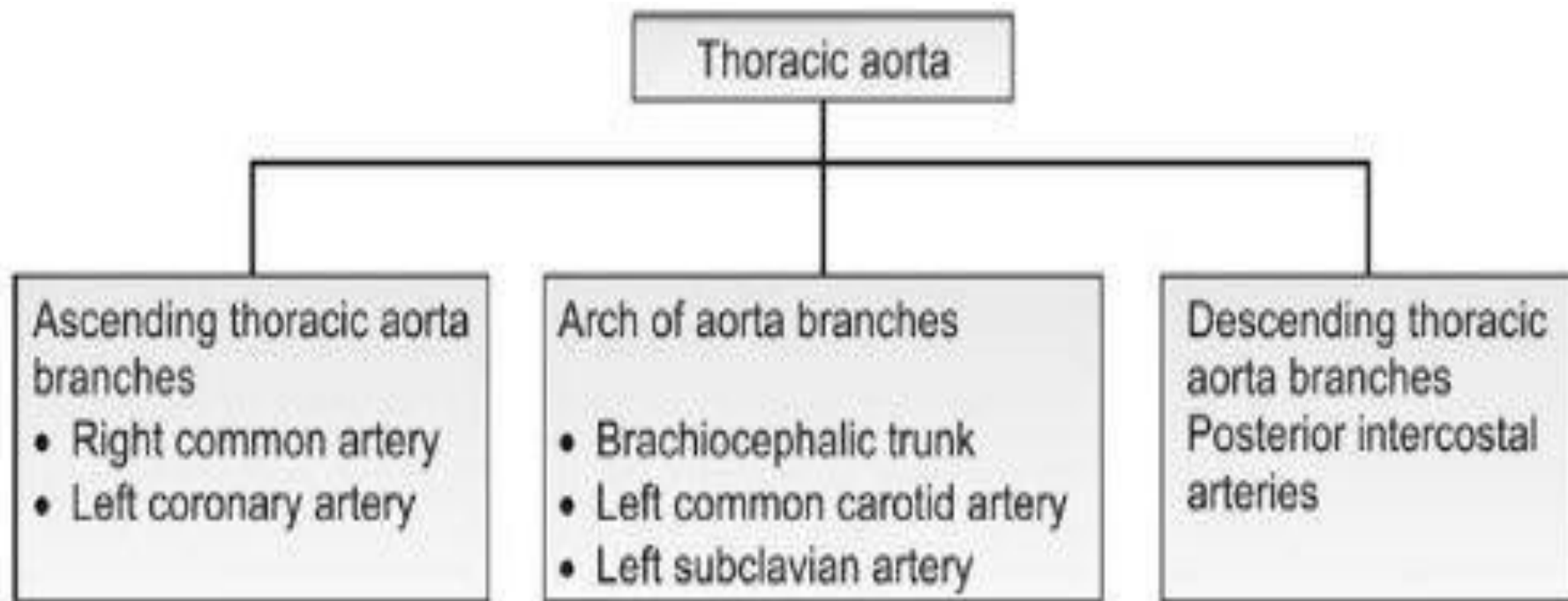


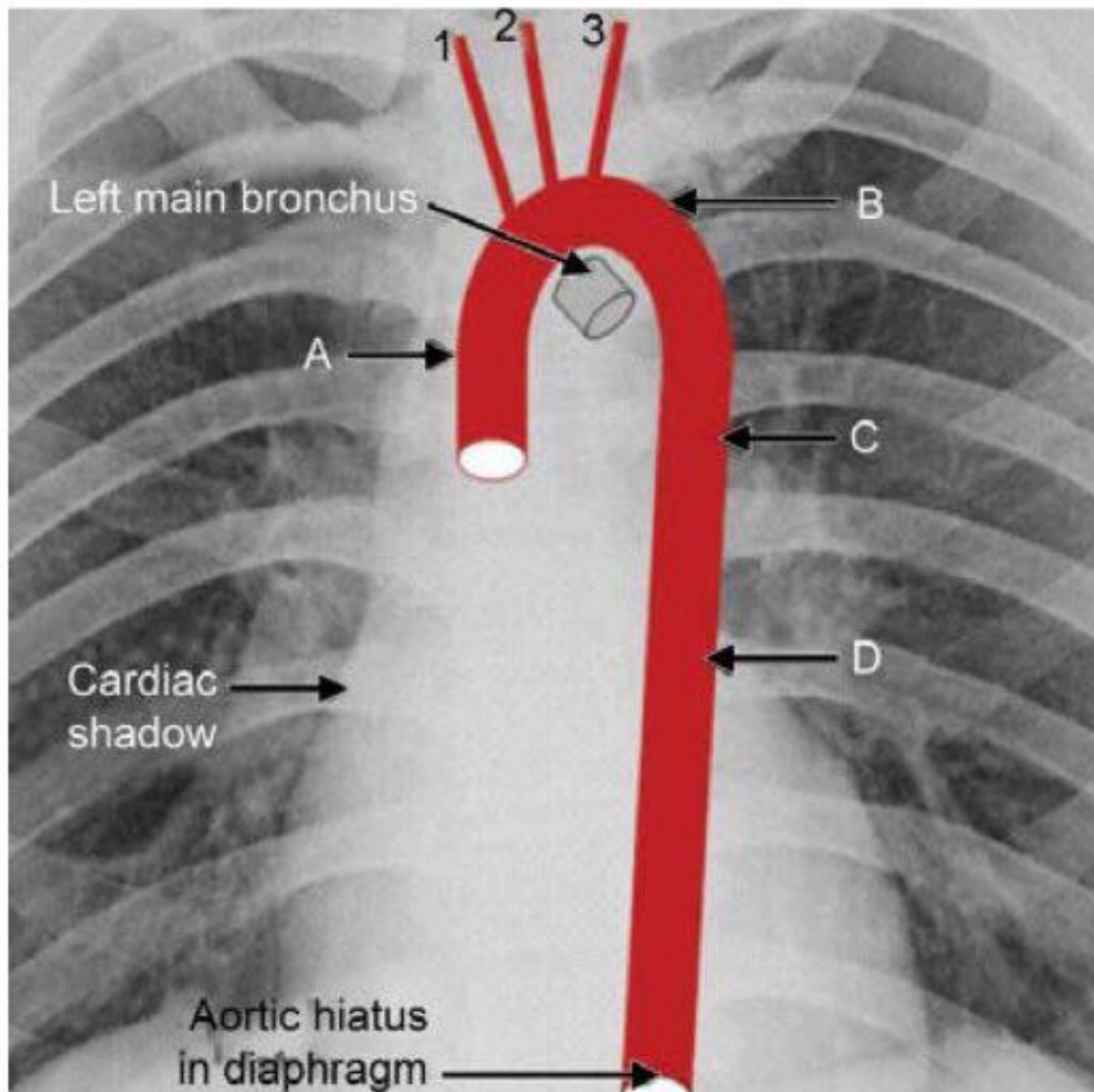
Рентгенанатомия аорты и ее ветвей

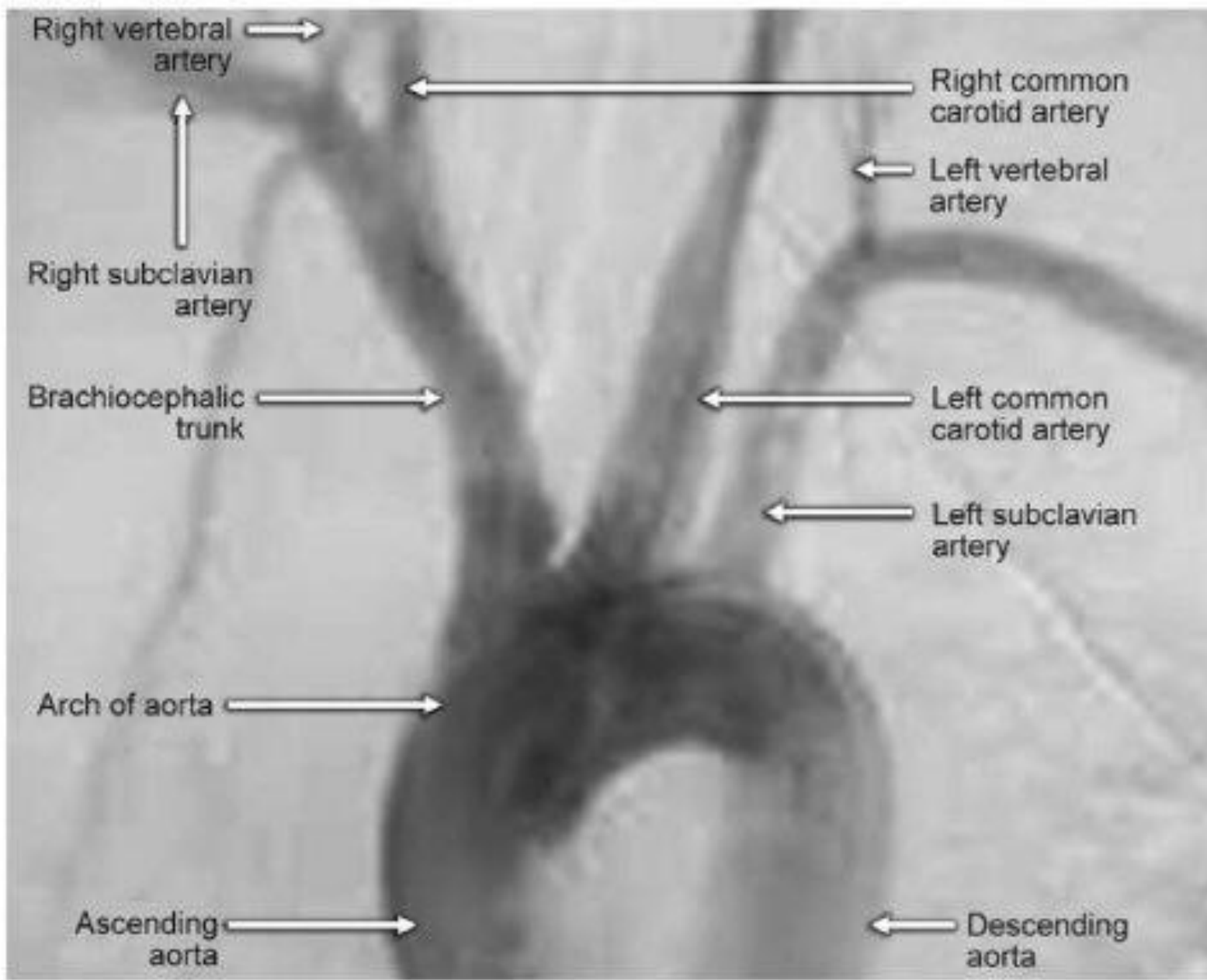


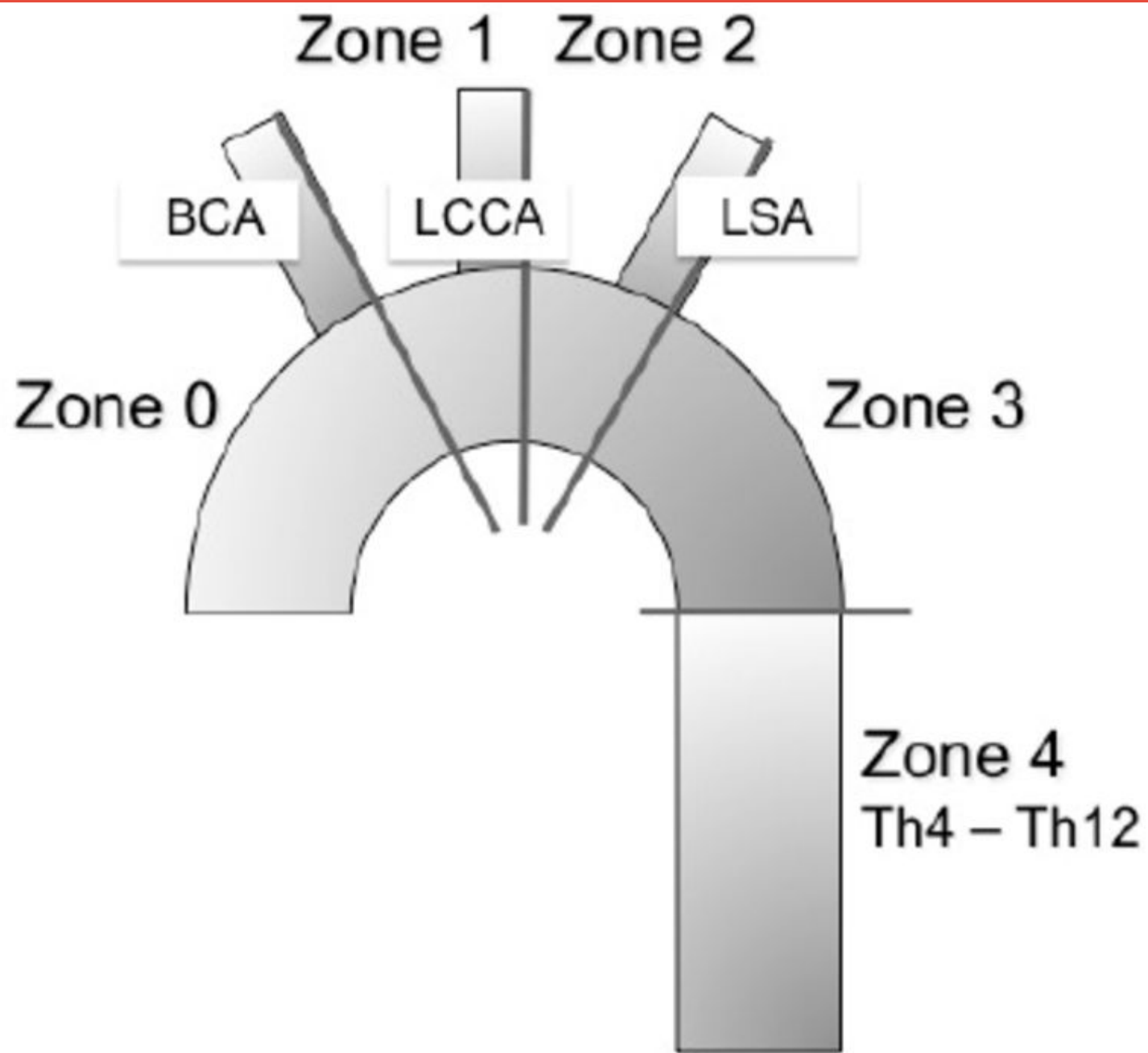
Исаев Динал, 6 курс
Сеченовский университет

• Рентгенанатомия грудной части и дуги аорты.



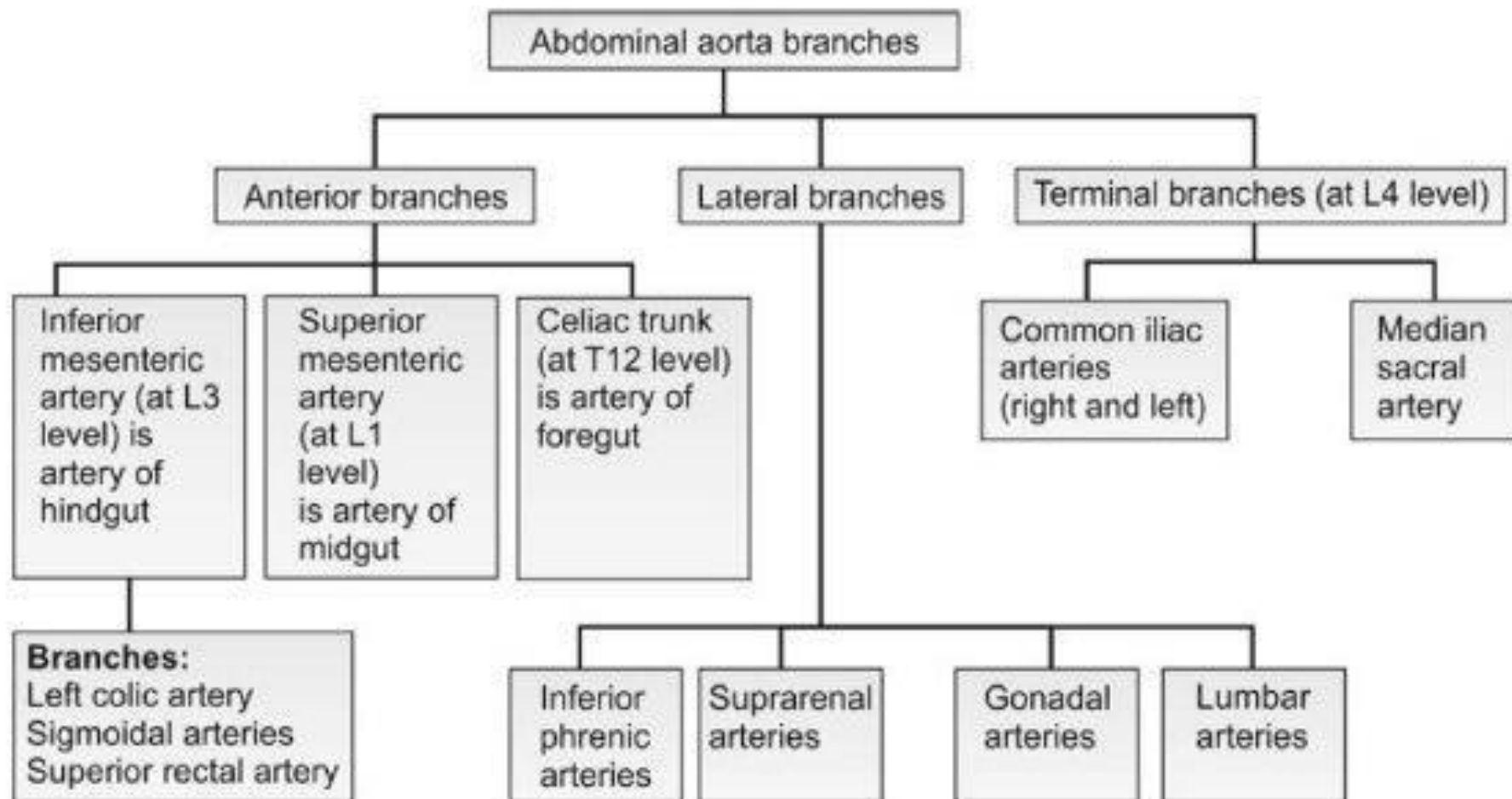


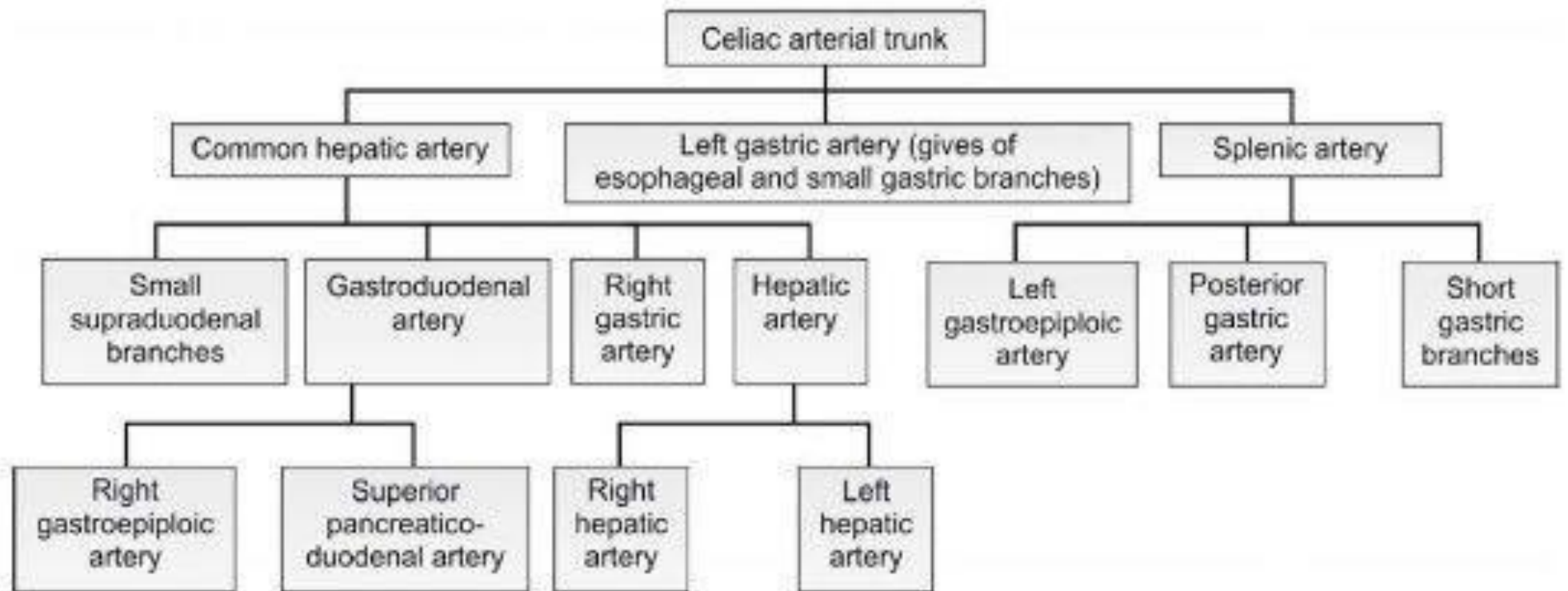




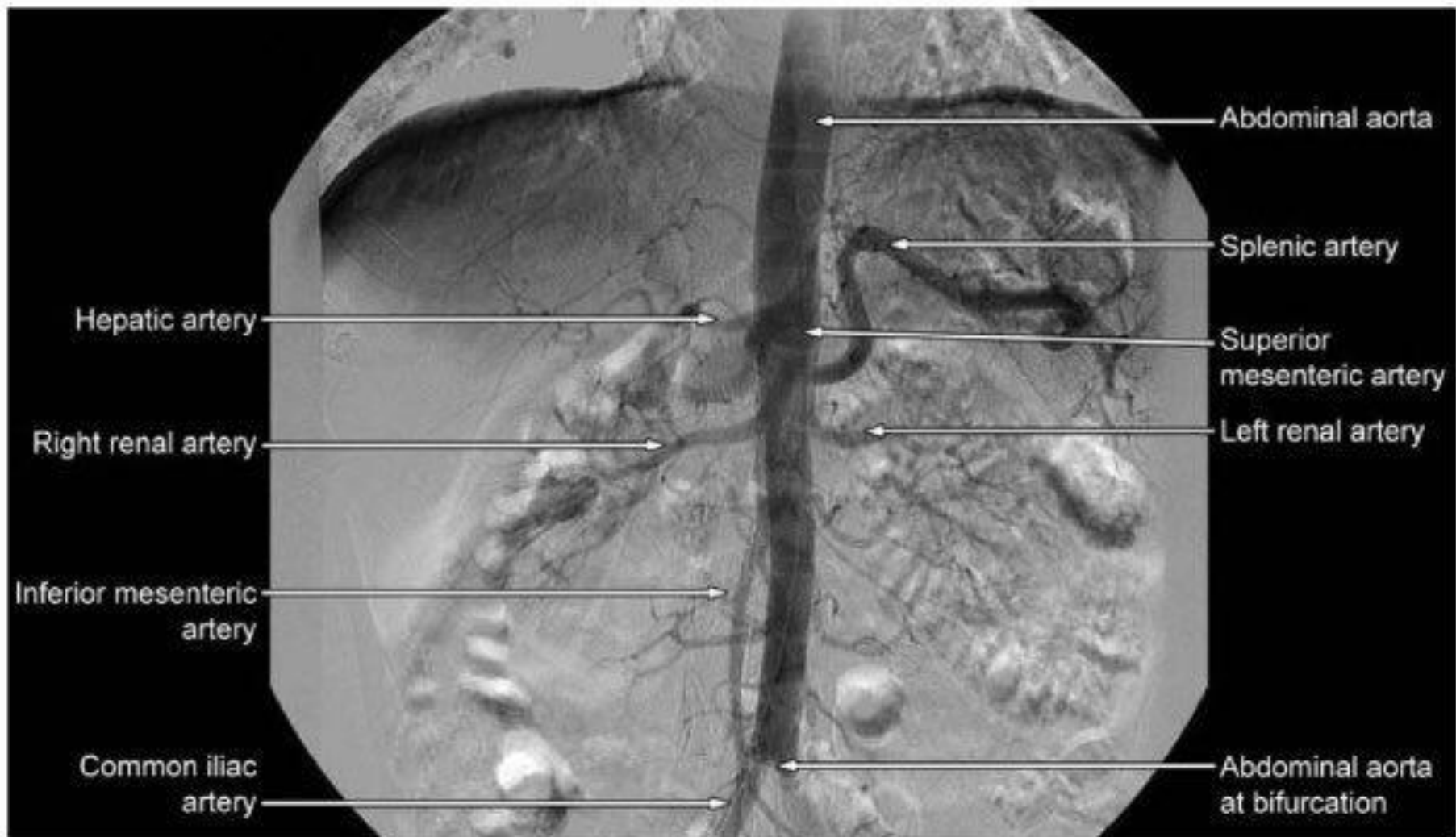


Рентгенанатомия брюшной аорты и ее ветвей

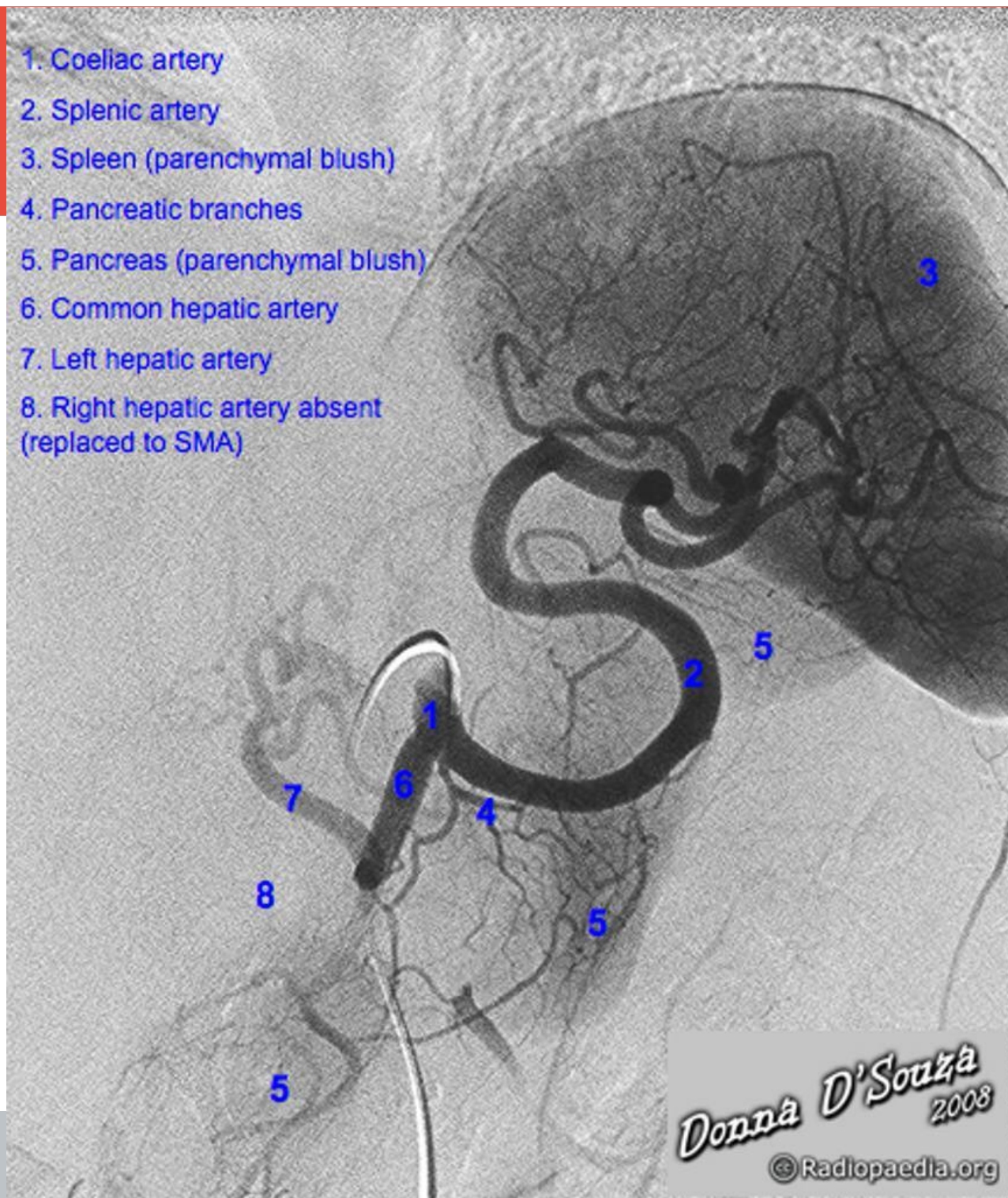




ЧреВНЫЙ СТВОЛ

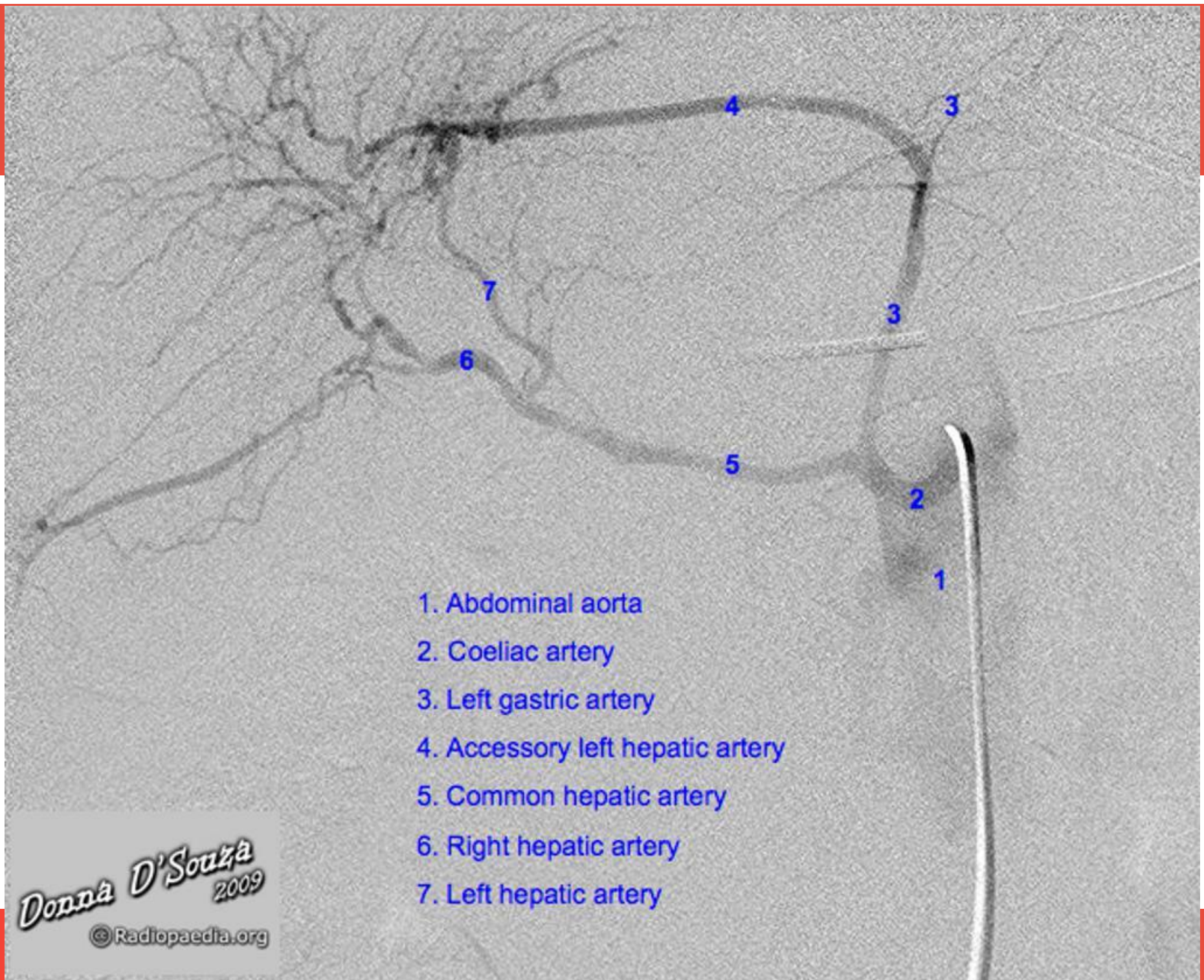


1. Coeliac artery
2. Splenic artery
3. Spleen (parenchymal blush)
4. Pancreatic branches
5. Pancreas (parenchymal blush)
6. Common hepatic artery
7. Left hepatic artery
8. Right hepatic artery absent (replaced to SMA)



Donna D'Souza
2008
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1. Abdominal aorta
2. Coeliac artery
3. Left gastric artery
4. Accessory left hepatic artery
5. Common hepatic artery
6. Right hepatic artery
7. Left hepatic artery

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2009

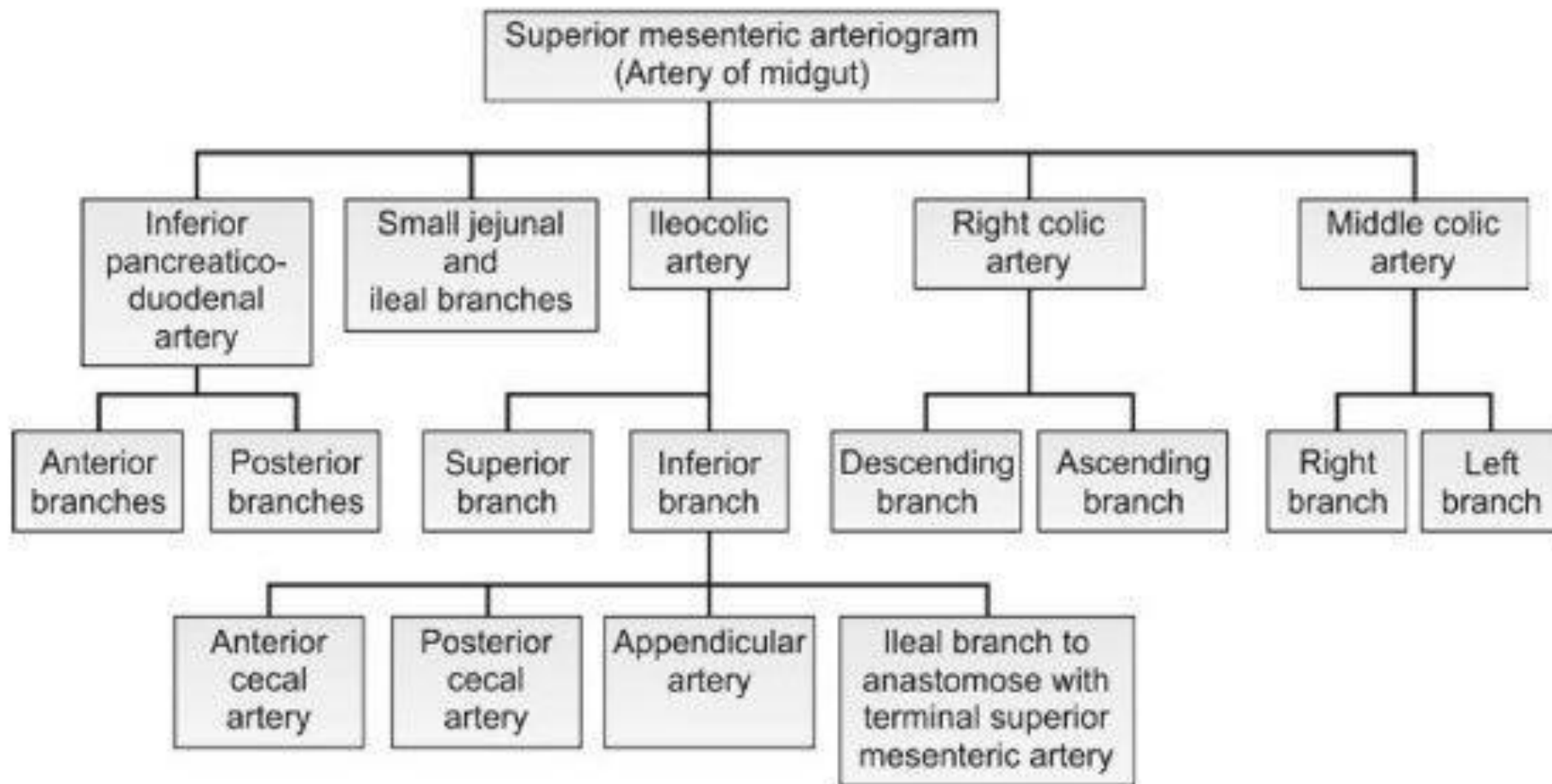
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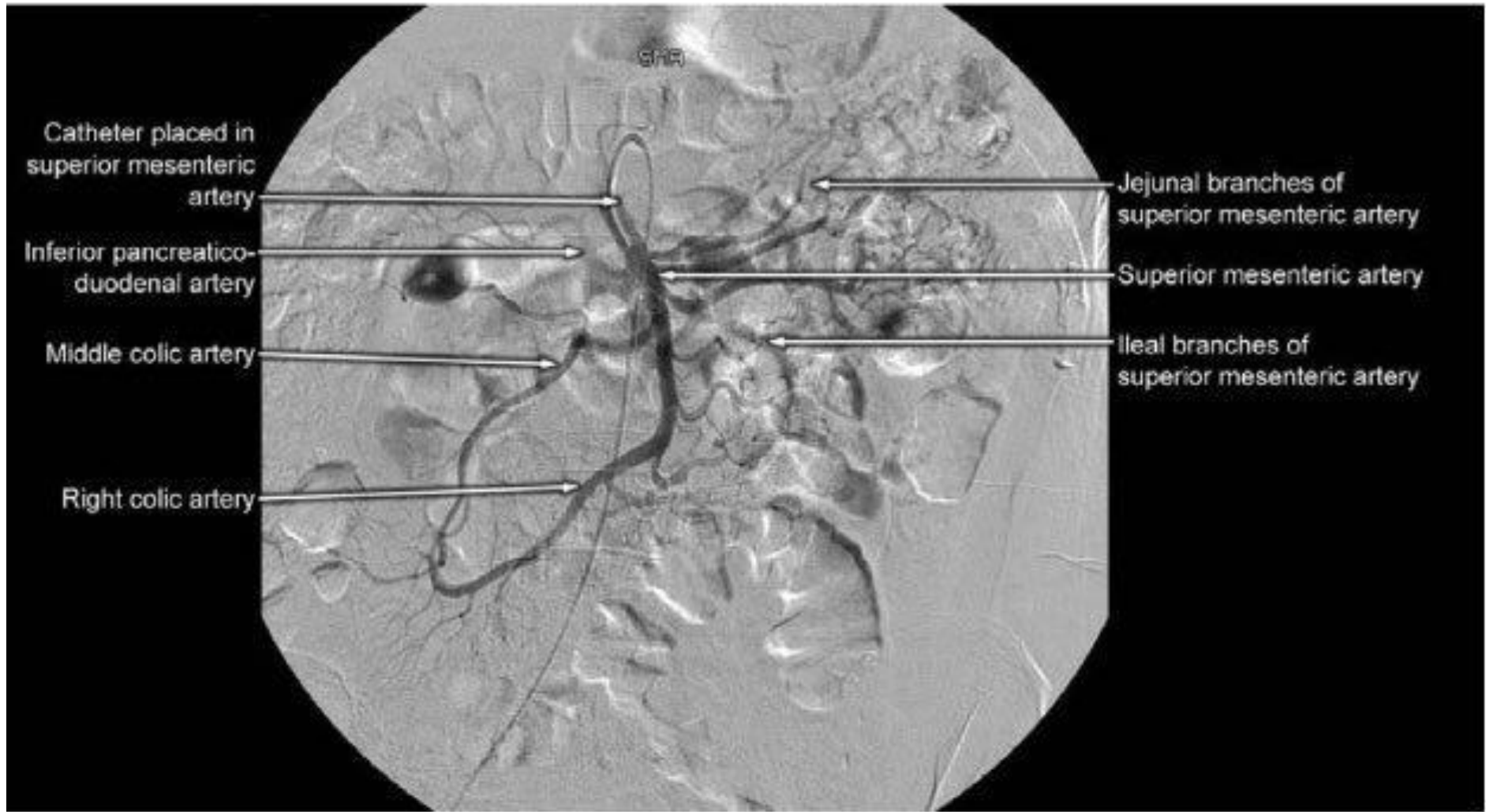
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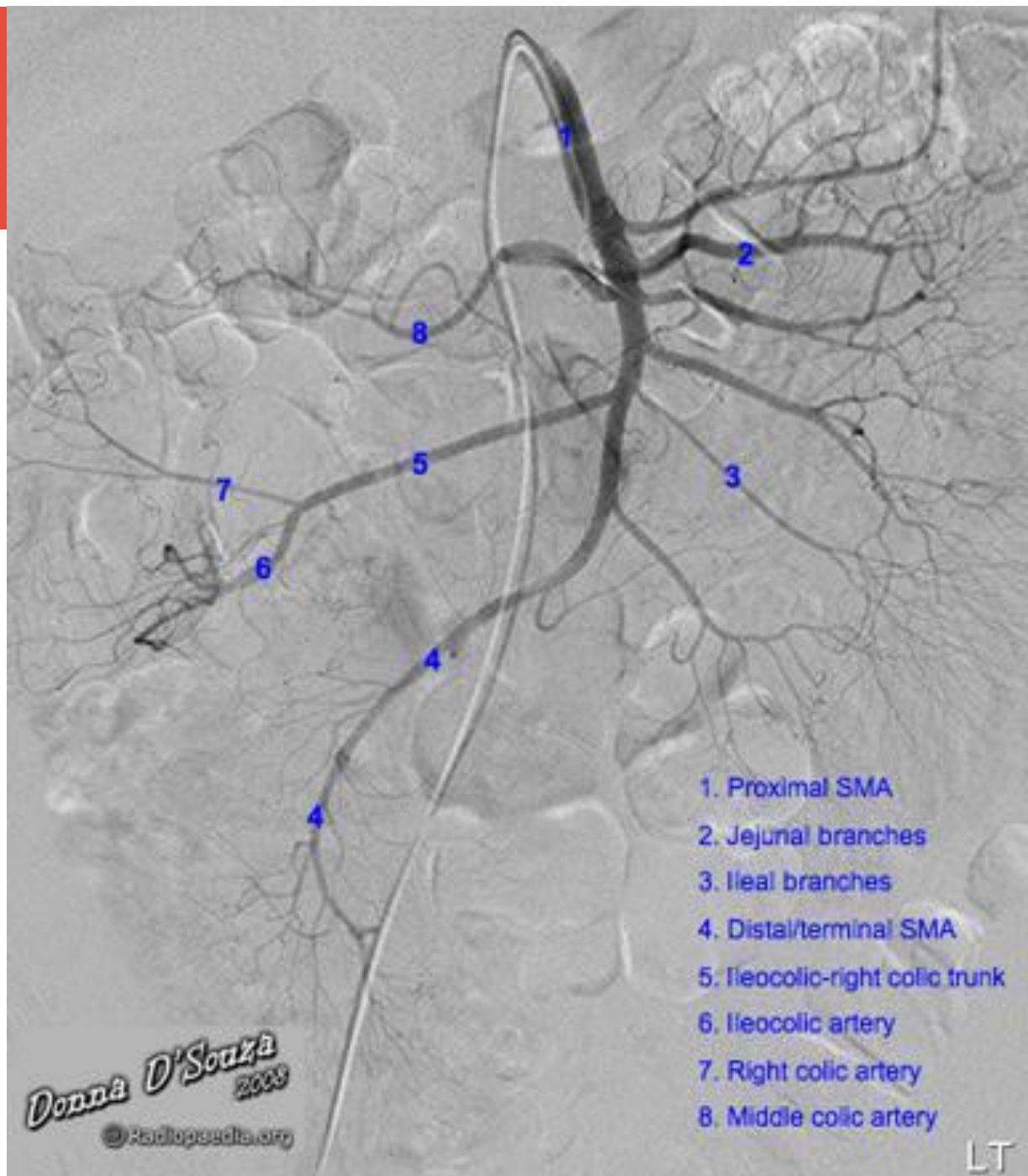
1. Common hepatic artery
2. Proper hepatic artery
3. Right hepatic artery
4. Left hepatic artery
5. Gastroduodenal artery
6. Superior pancreaticoduodenal branches
7. Right gastroepiploic artery

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Верхняя брыжеечная артерия



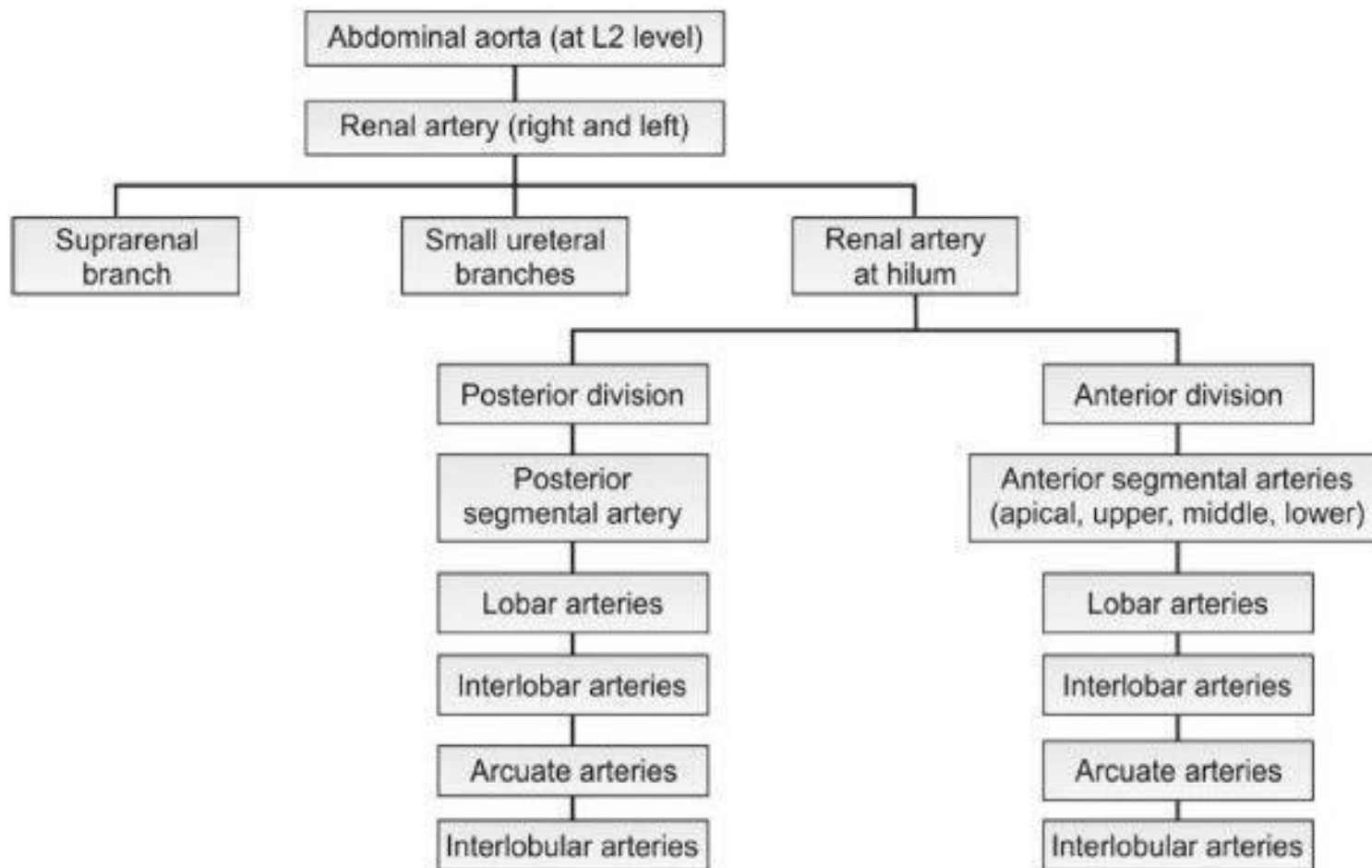


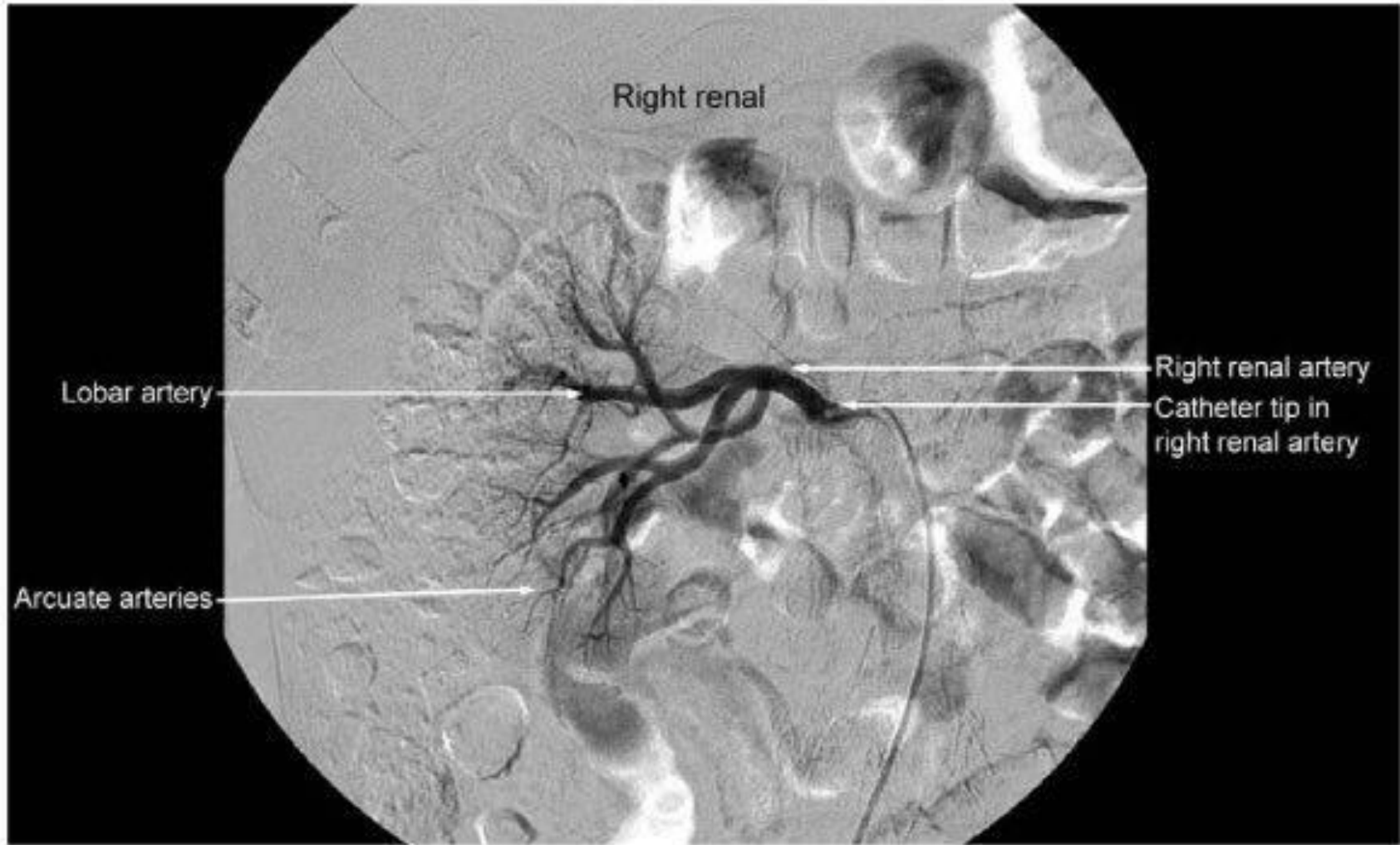


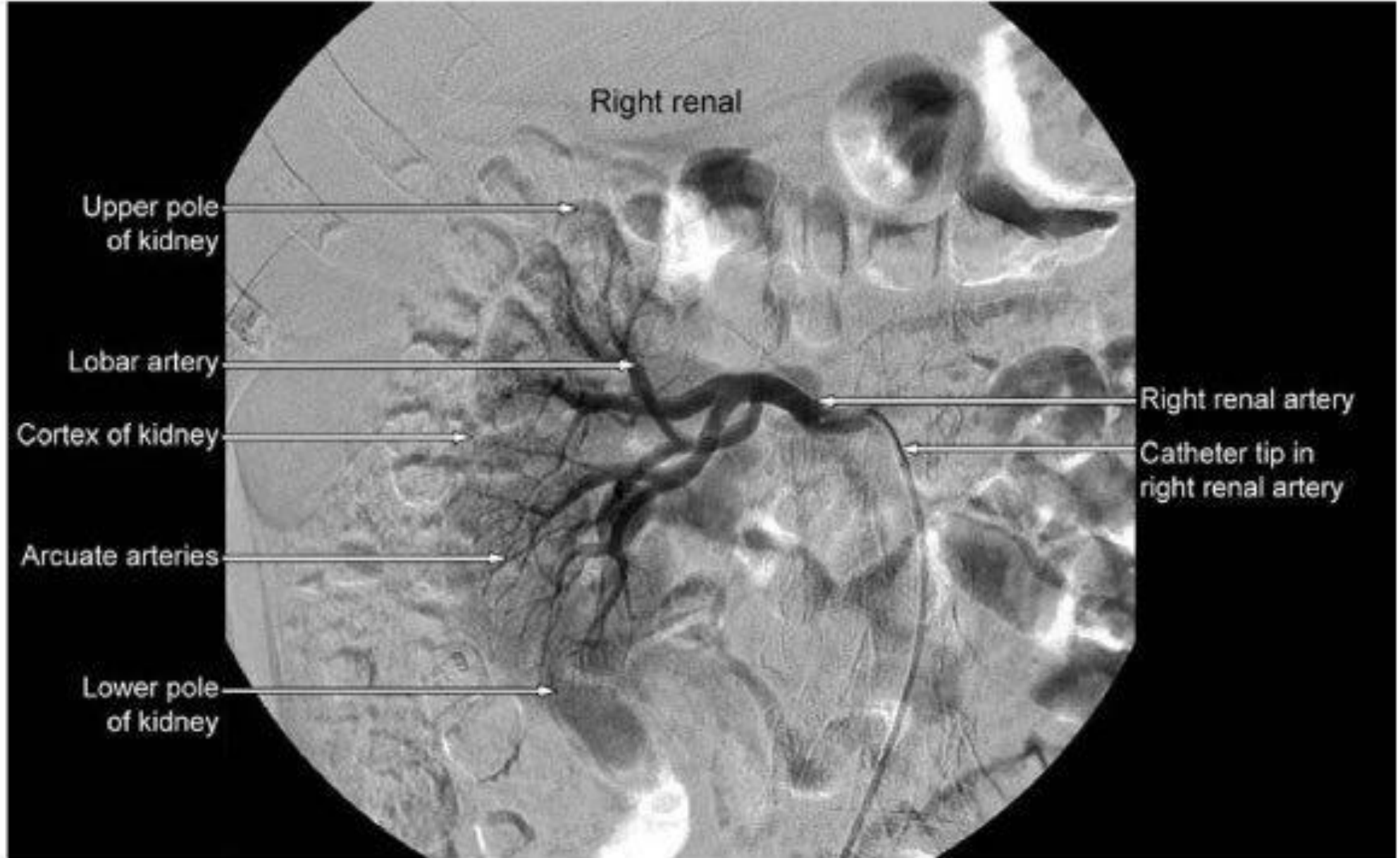
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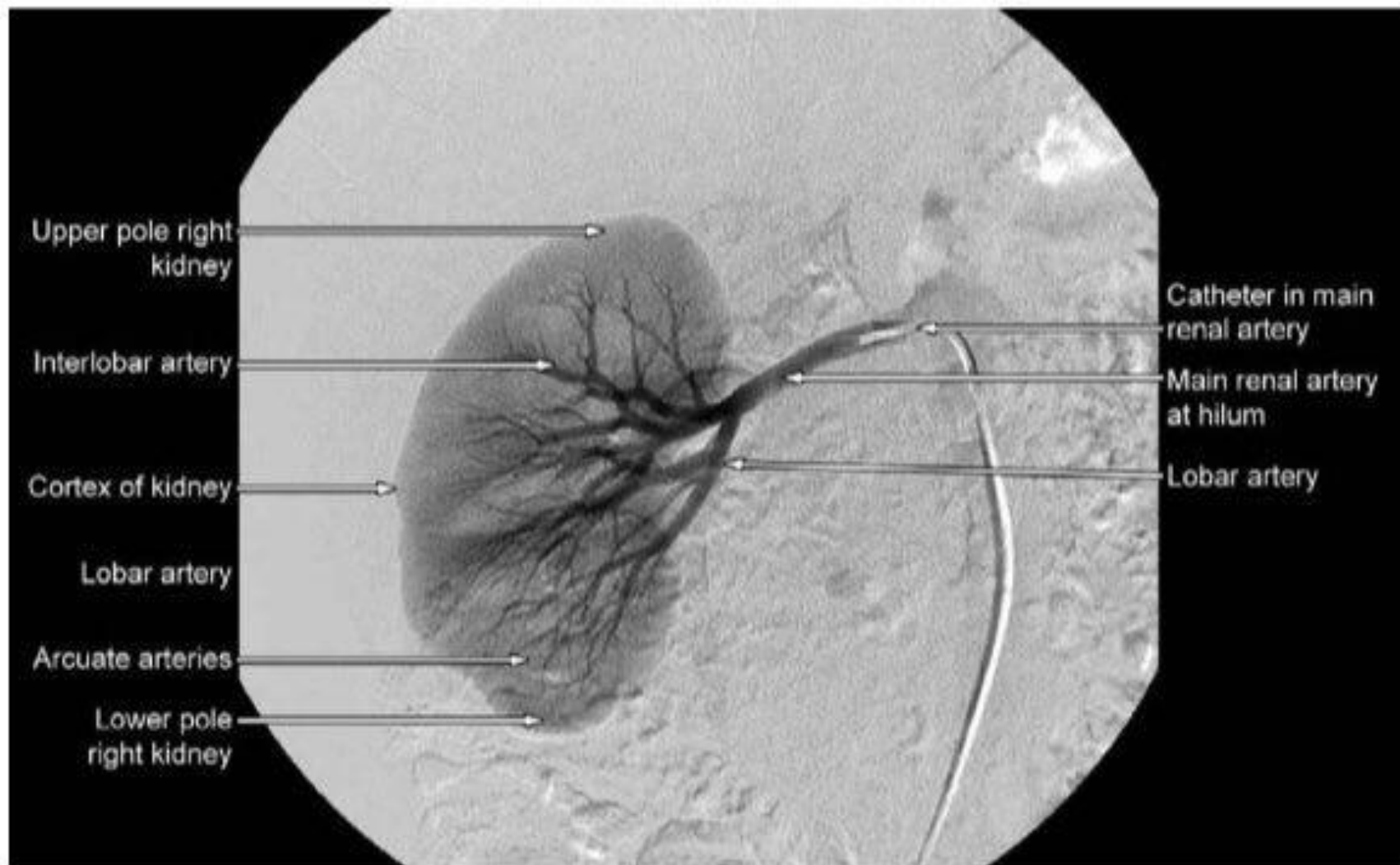
LT

Почечная артерия









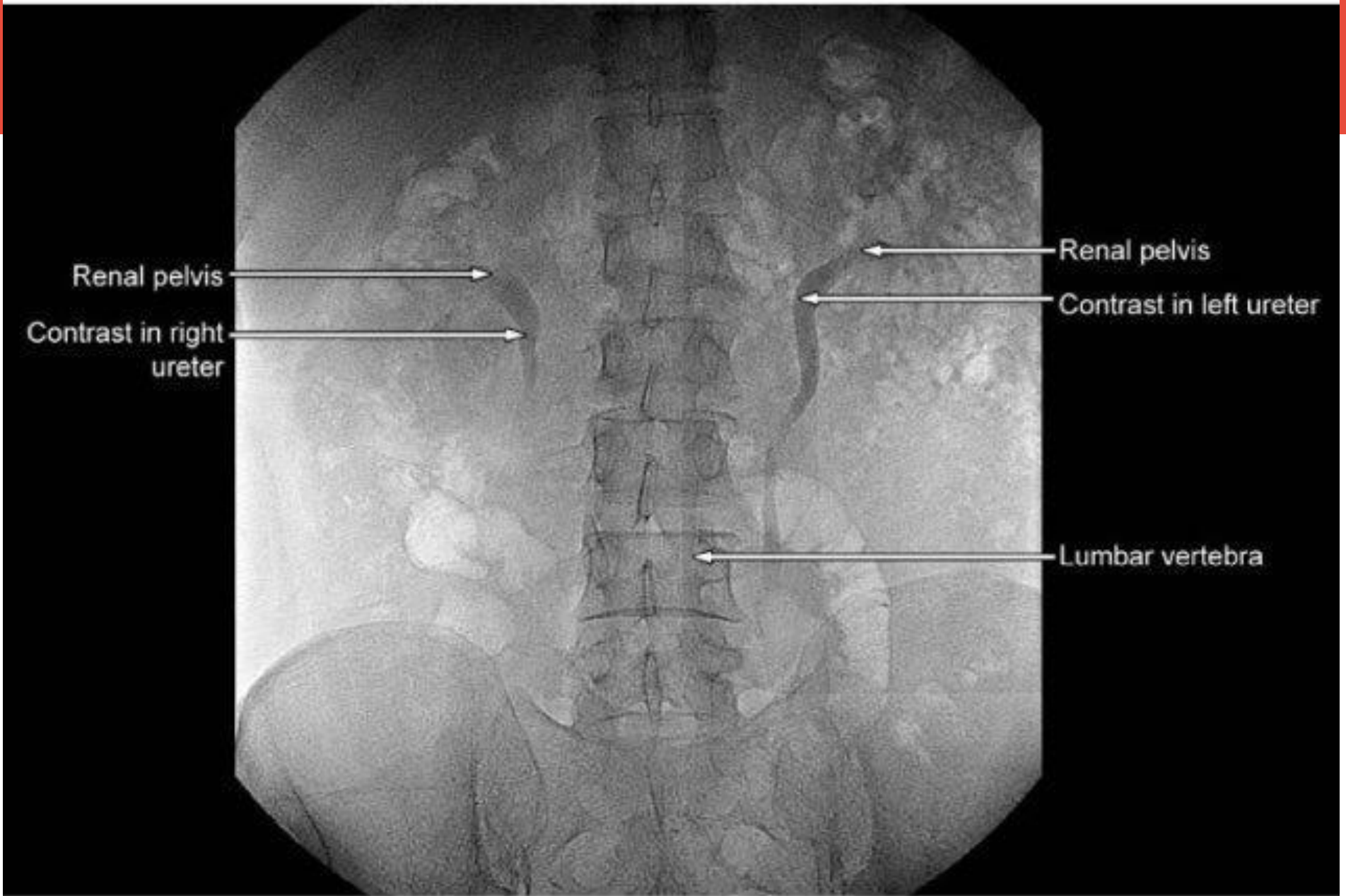


FIG. 5-22. Anteroposterior (AP) KUB radiograph showing contrast in the renal pelvis and ureters.



R ovarian artery



L ovarian artery



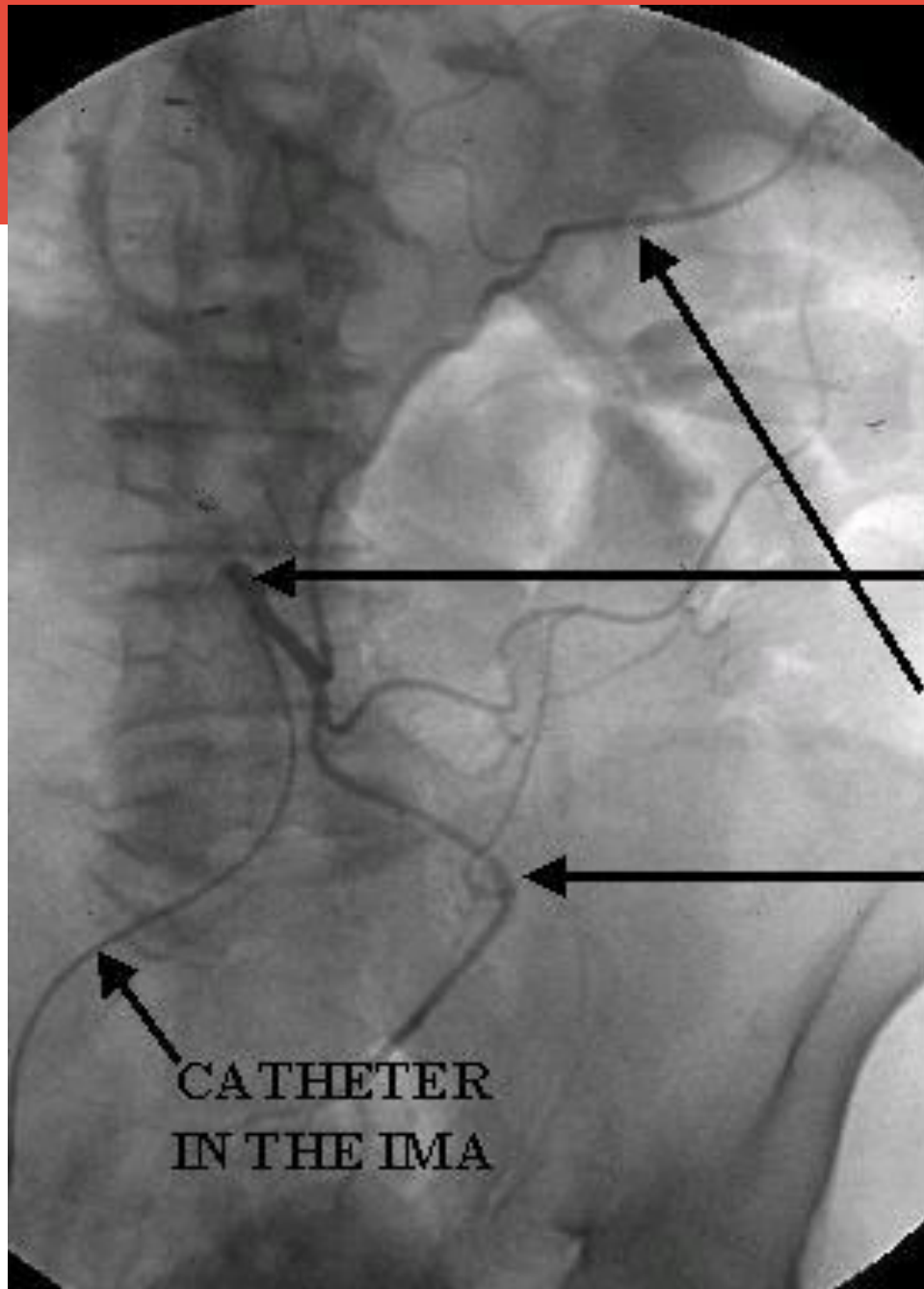
**INFERIOR
MESENTERIC
ARTERIOGRAM**

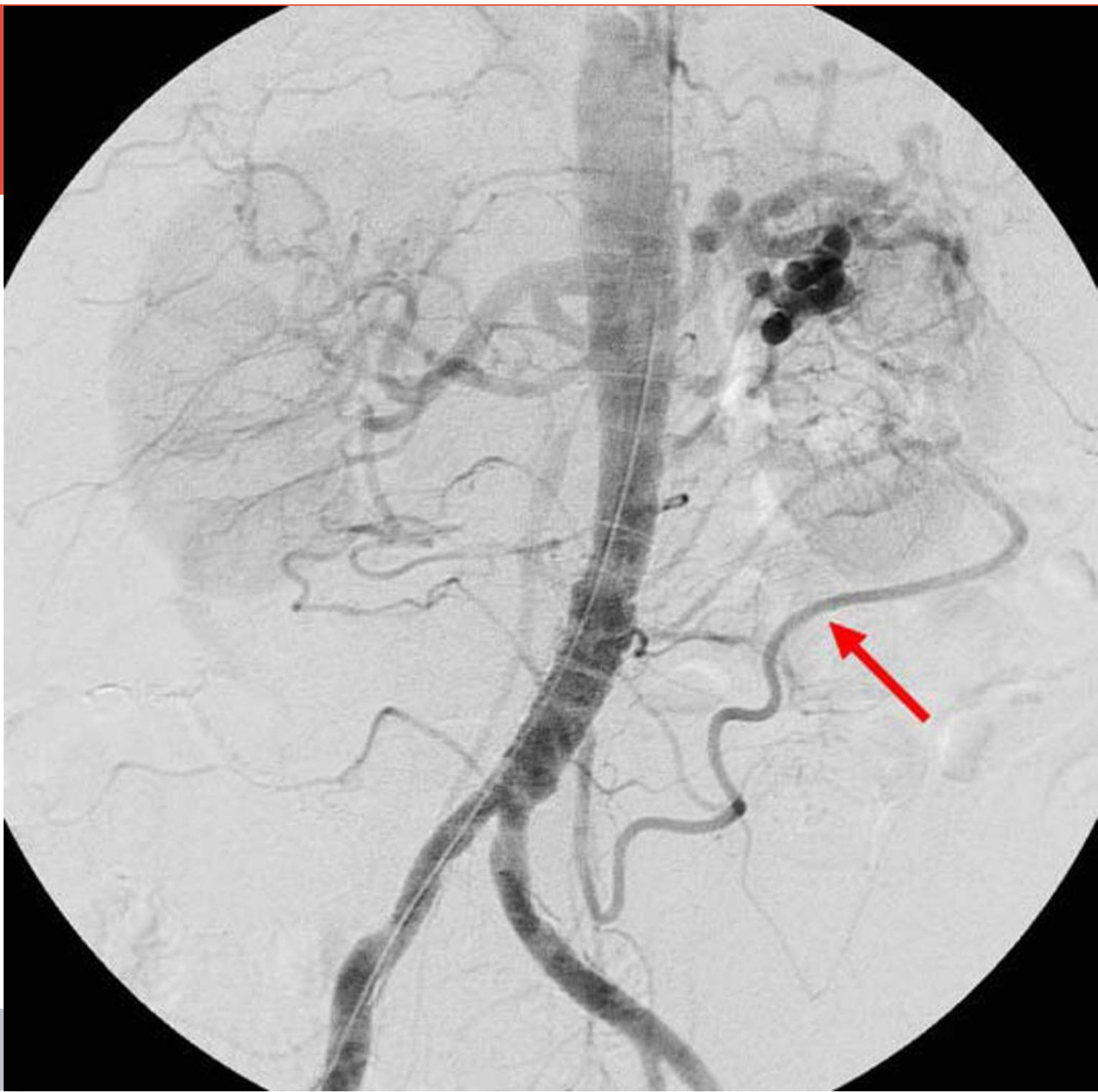
IMA

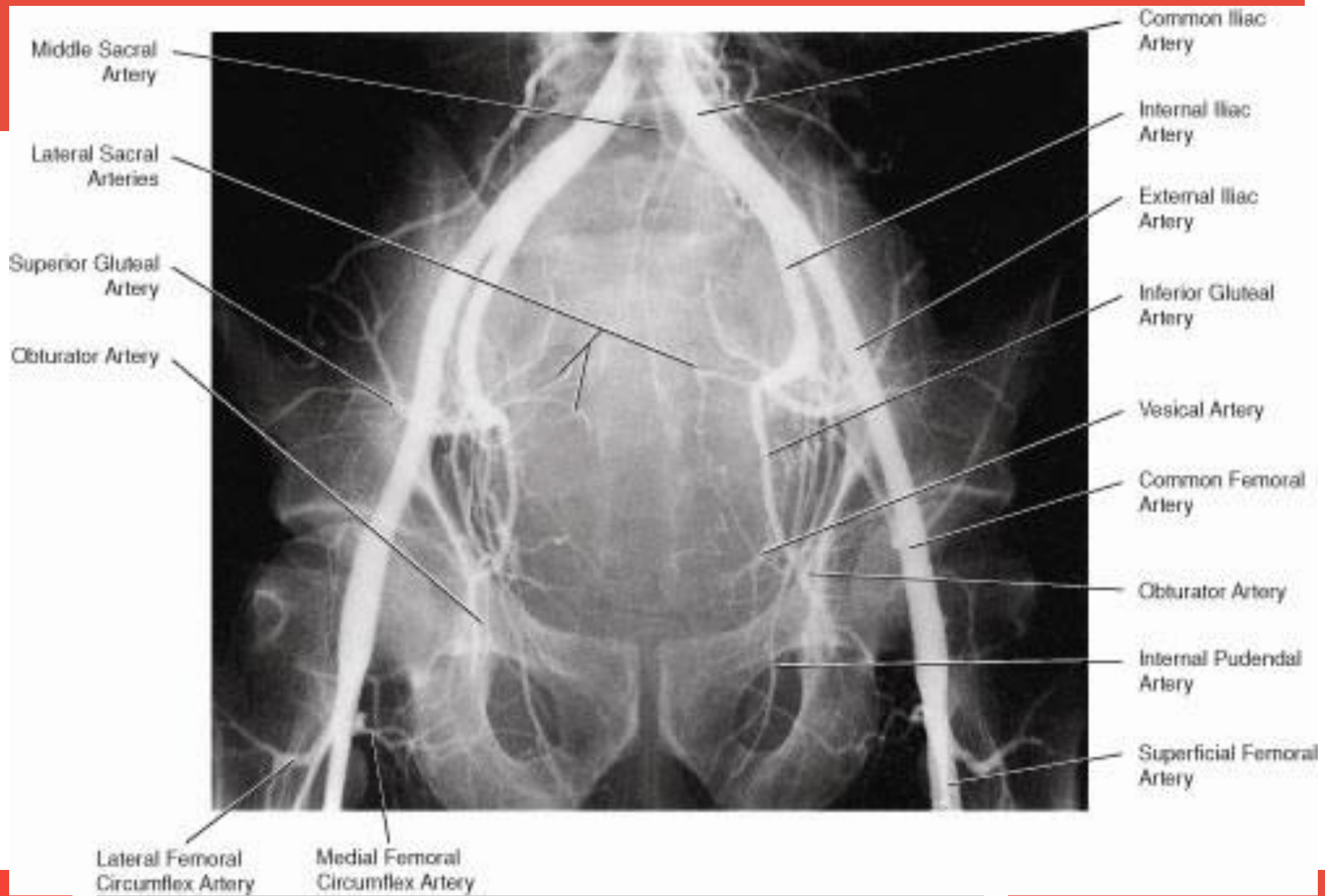
**LEFT COLIC
ARTERY**

**SUPERIOR RECTAL
ARTERY**

**CATHETER
IN THE IMA**

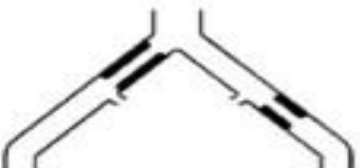
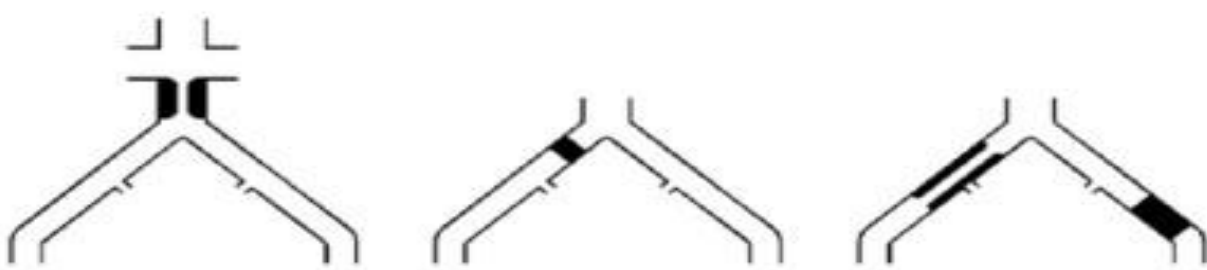
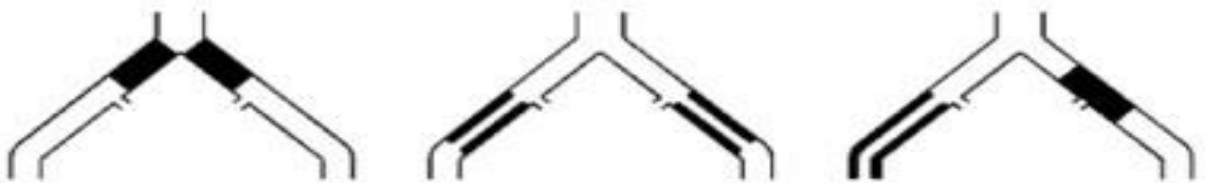
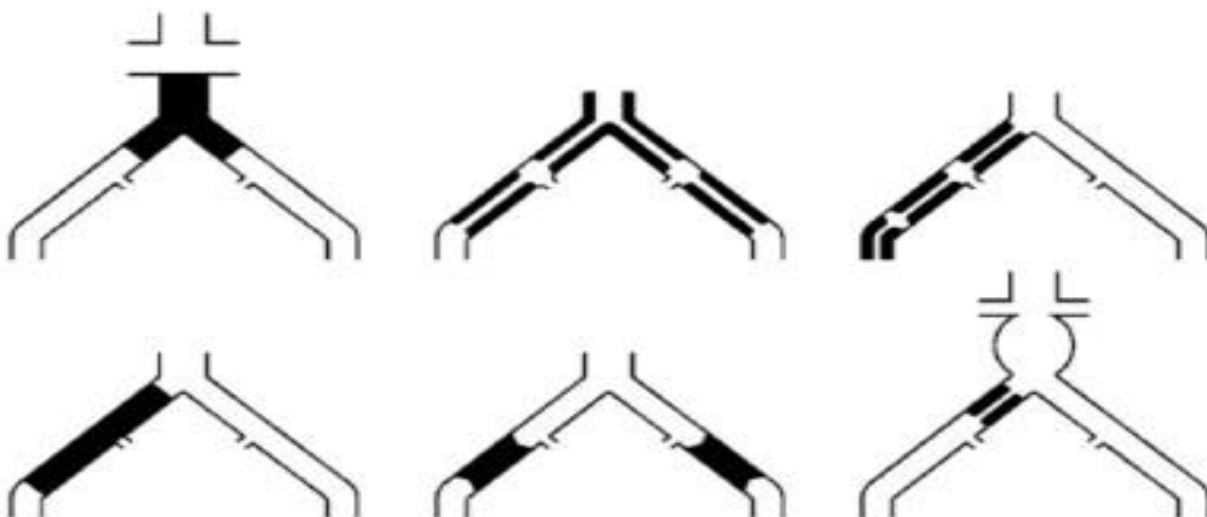







Lateral Femoral Circumflex Artery

Medial Femoral Circumflex Artery

<p>TASC A lesions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unilateral or bilateral CIA stenoses • Unilateral or bilateral single short (≤ 3 cm) EIA stenosis 			
<p>TASC B lesions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Short (≤ 3 cm) stenosis of the infrarenal aorta • Unilateral CIA occlusion • Single or multiple stenosis totaling 3 to 10 cm involving the EIA not extending into the CFA • Unilateral EIA occlusion not involving the origins of the internal iliac or CFA 			
<p>TASC C lesions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bilateral CIA occlusions • Bilateral EIA stenoses 3 to 10 cm long not extending into the CFA • Unilateral EIA stenosis extending into the CFA • Unilateral EIA occlusion involving the origins of the internal iliac and/or CFA • Heavily calcified unilateral EIA occlusion with or without involvement of the origins of the internal iliac and/or CFA 			
<p>TASC D lesions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Infrarenal aortoiliac occlusion • Diffuse disease involving the aorta and both iliac arteries • Diffuse multiple stenoses involving the unilateral CIA, EIA, and CFA • Unilateral occlusions of both CIA and EIA • Bilateral EIA occlusions • Iliac stenoses in patients with AAA not amenable to endograft placement 			



**Спасибо
за
внимание
!**

