

Grade 10

Use of English. Relative clauses

Learning objectives

10.6.5 - use a wide variety of question types on a wide range of familiar general and curricular topics;

10.6.6 - use a wide variety of relative, demonstrative, indefinite, quantitative pronouns and reflexive pronoun structures on a wide range of familiar general and curricular topics;

10.6.14 - use a variety of prepositional phrases before nouns and adjectives use a number of dependent prepositions following nouns and adjectives and a variety of prepositions following verbs on a wide range of familiar general and curricular topics;

10.6.16 - use a wide variety of conjunctions on a wide range of familiar general and curricular topics

Use of English. Relative clauses

Module 6

Relatives – Relative clauses

We use **relative pronouns** (*who, whose, which, that*) and **relative adverbs** (*where, when, why*) to introduce **relative clauses**. We use relative clauses to identify/describe the person/place/thing in the main clause.

Relative clause

└───┬───┘

The man *who owns the restaurant* is an old friend.

Relative pronouns

people	who/that	<i>Mr Harris is the person who offered me a job.</i>
objects/ animals	which/that	<i>The watch which you're wearing looks expensive.</i>
possession	whose	<i>My friend bought a laptop whose screen is very big.</i>

Notes:

- **Who, which** and **that** can be omitted when they are the object of the relative clause, that is when there is a noun or a subject pronoun between the relative pronoun and the verb. *The book (which/that) I am reading is about ancient Egyptians.*
- **Who, which** and **that** are not omitted when they are the subject of the relative clause. *We gave the waiter who took our order a small tip.*
- **Whose** is never omitted. *Rachel, whose office is next to mine, helped me with the project.*
- **That** can be used instead of **who, whom** or **which**, but it is never used after commas or prepositions. *David is the one who/that suggested going on a camping trip. Laura, who's never been abroad, is going on a cruise next summer.*

Task 1

2

10.6.6 Fill in: *who, where, when, whose, which*.

- 1 My cousin, is an artist, has an exhibition at the art gallery.
- 2 This monument marks the spot the author had the idea for his novel.
- 3 This theatre is the only one in town remains standing from the 1800s.
- 4 The sculptor, we met today, studied at the Kazakh National Academy of Arts.
- 5 Assel, guitar we borrowed, is a really amazing musician.
- 6 We went to a concert we could see lots of different bands.
- 7 I went to the modern art exhibition at the end of the month, I knew it would be cheaper.
- 8 This album, was given to me by the singer, is my most prized possession.

Answers

- 1. who
- 2. when
- 3. which
- 4. who
- 5. whose
- 6. where
- 7. when
- 8. which

5

10.6.17 Fill in the *relative pronoun or adverb*.

Put commas where necessary. Write *D* for defining, *ND* for non-defining and say whether the relative can be omitted or not.

- 1 Our friend, *whose* name is Miras, is training to be a musician. (*ND, cannot be omitted*)
- 2 Qaljan works at the Opera House is from Kostanay.
- 3 I'll never forget the year I got my first record deal.
- 4 The concert hall has recently been redecorated is in the centre of town.
- 5 He doesn't know the reason the poetry recital was cancelled.
- 6 Uncle Beybarys lives abroad is coming to visit next week.
- 7 My favourite trip was last year I went to Shakespeare's Globe in London.
- 8 Mr Aliyev was the tutor I spoke to the first time I called about violin lessons.
- 9 Walt Disney most famous animation was Mickey Mouse is universally recognised.
- 10 There have been lots of cultural events this year is good for tourism.

Home task: ex.5, p.81

- Reflection:
- What are relative clauses?
- Can you make some examples?

Thank you!

Goodbye!