# Results of treatment of vascular tumors of head in city hospital # 1

#### Outline

- 1. Data of tumors worldwide
- 2.Data of tumors in Kz- types and its spread
- 3. Case of hemangioma of nasal cavity (angiography, ct scan, name of main artery)
- 4. Case of vascular tumor of temporal bone (nothing)

Vascular Malformations Vascular Tumors Capillary malformation Hemangioma Venous malformation Carotid body tumor Lymphatic Glomus jugulare tumor malformation Arteriovenous Juvenile Malformation nasopharyngeal angiofibroma Mixed type lesion

Mulliken and Glowacki

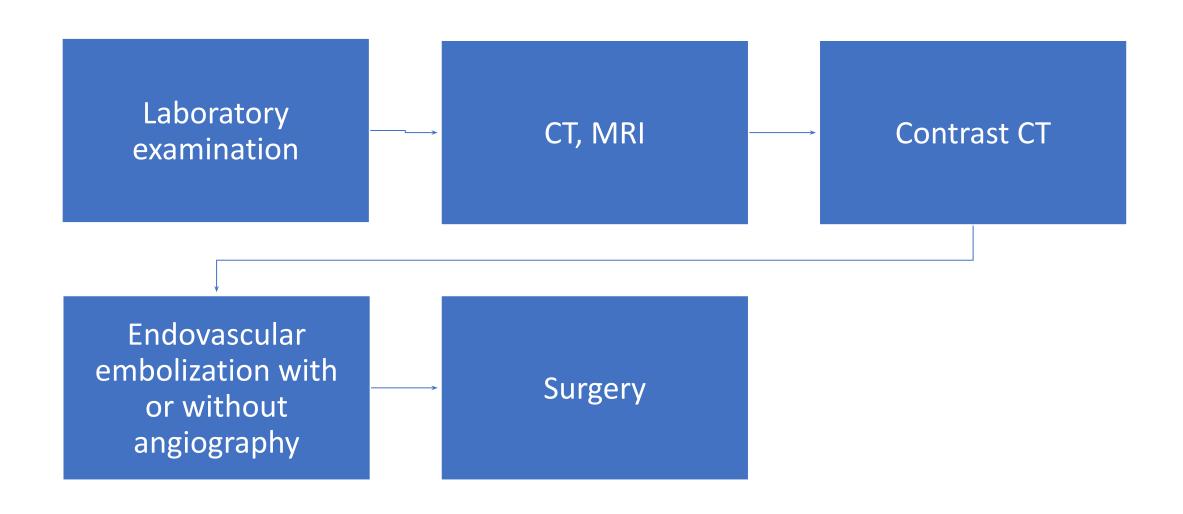
Mulliken JB, Glowacki J. Hemangiomas and vascular malformations in infants and children: a classification based on endothelial characteristics. Plast Reconstr Surg 1982;69(3):412–22

 Paragangliomas account for 0.6% of all neoplasms in the head and neck region and 0.03% of all neoplasms.43 Women are affected four to six times more often than men, and most paragangliomas are diagnosed

### Data of vascular tumors in our ENT department

Number of cases	12
1 Hemangioma	60% (7)
2 Glomus tumors	55%(6)
Juvenile angiofibroma	40%(3)

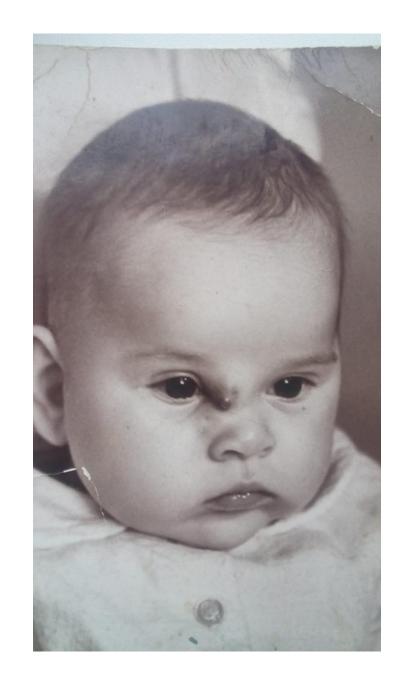
## Adapted scheme of diagnosis and treatment

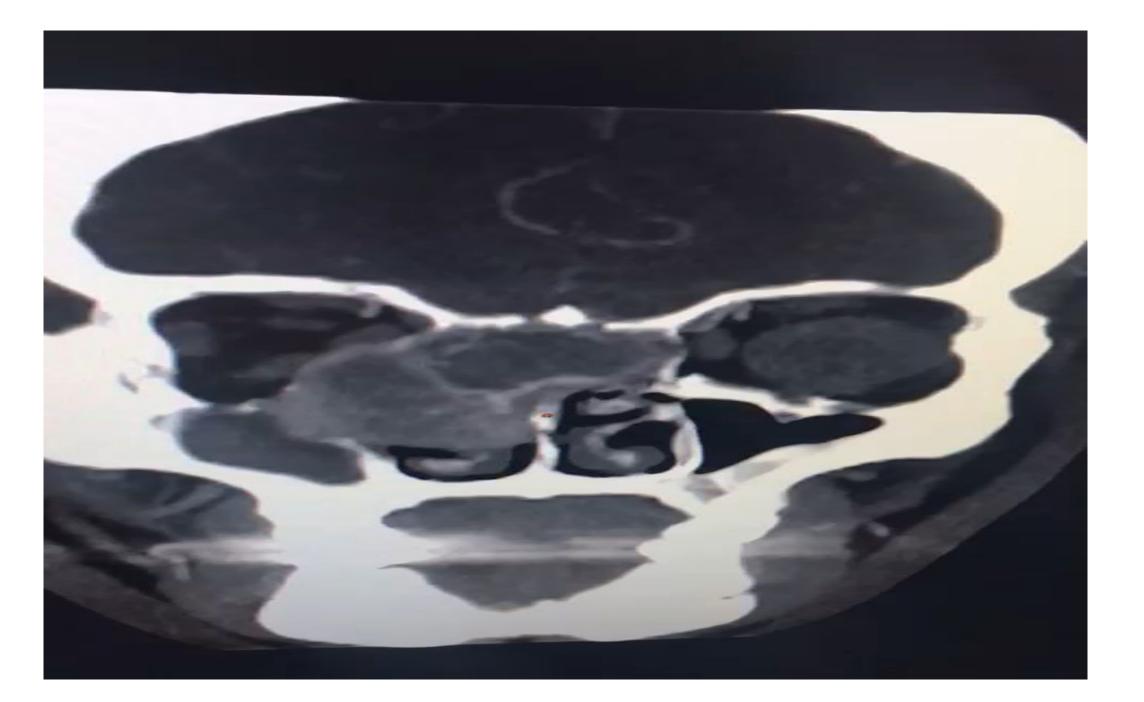


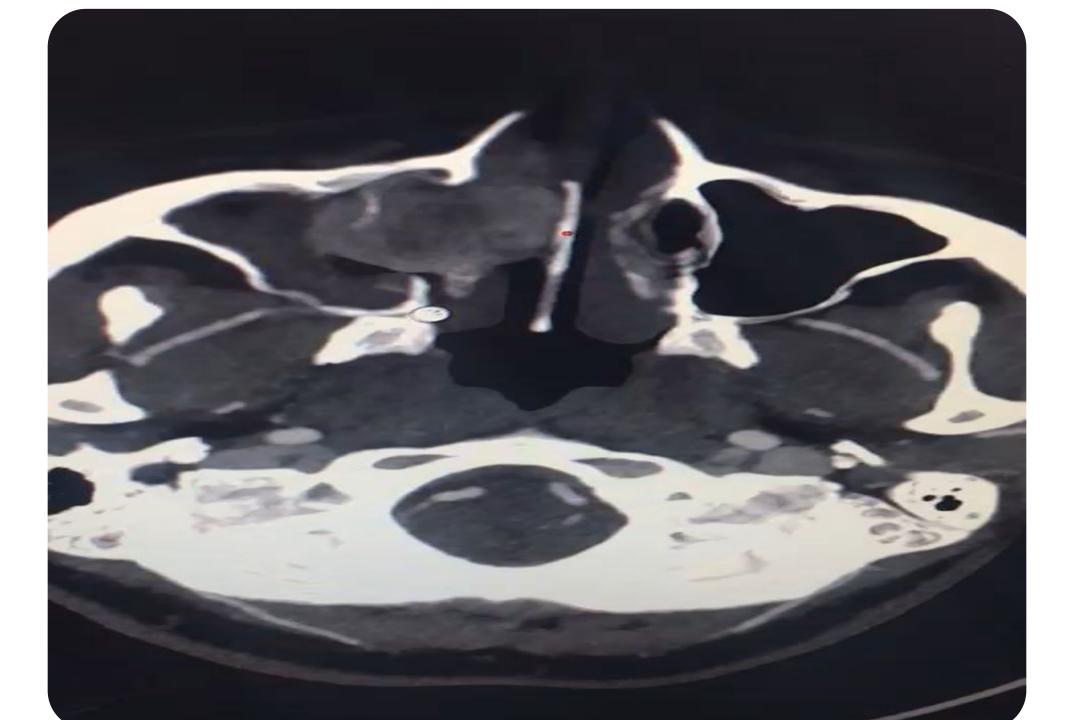
# Case report #1

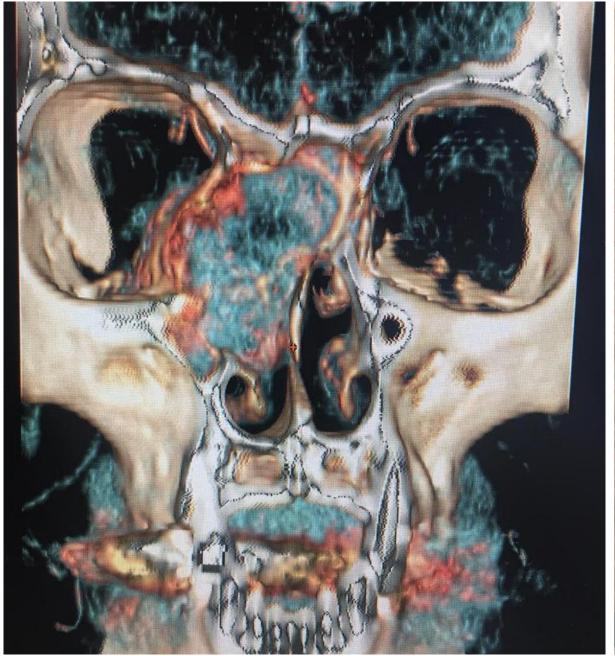
Women, 36 years old with history of removal hemangioma in the childhood

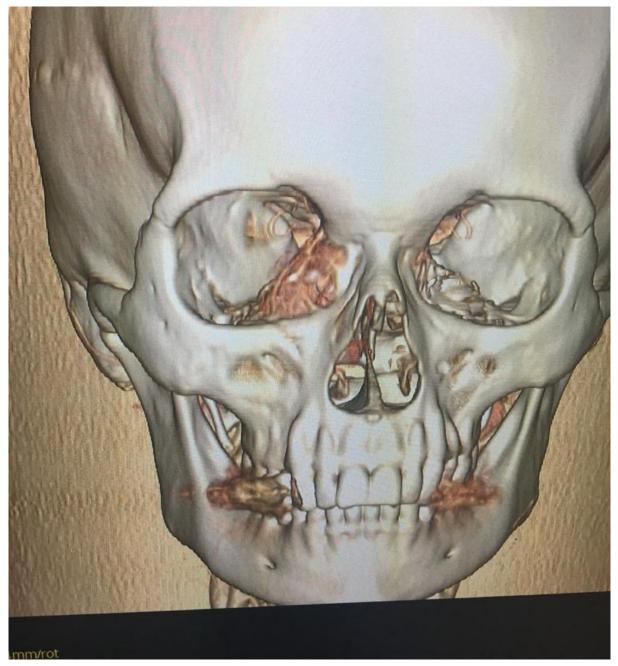
Complaints:



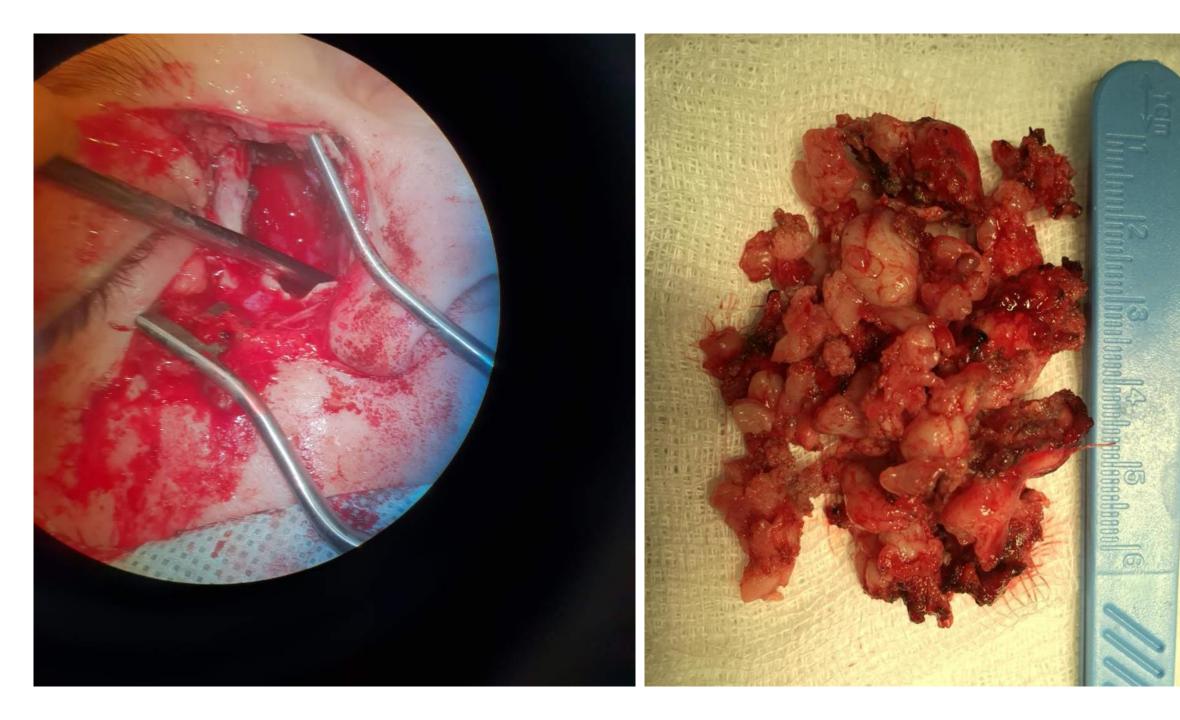
















#2: glomus
tumor of
temporal bone



## vessels





before after





#### Conclusions

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 1. Using modern technologies such as contrast CT scan allowed to visualize the borders of tumors

 2. Application embolization as first stage of treatment allowed to decrease intraoperational hemorrhage

• 3. All abovementioned allowed to remove all the pathologic tissue

