



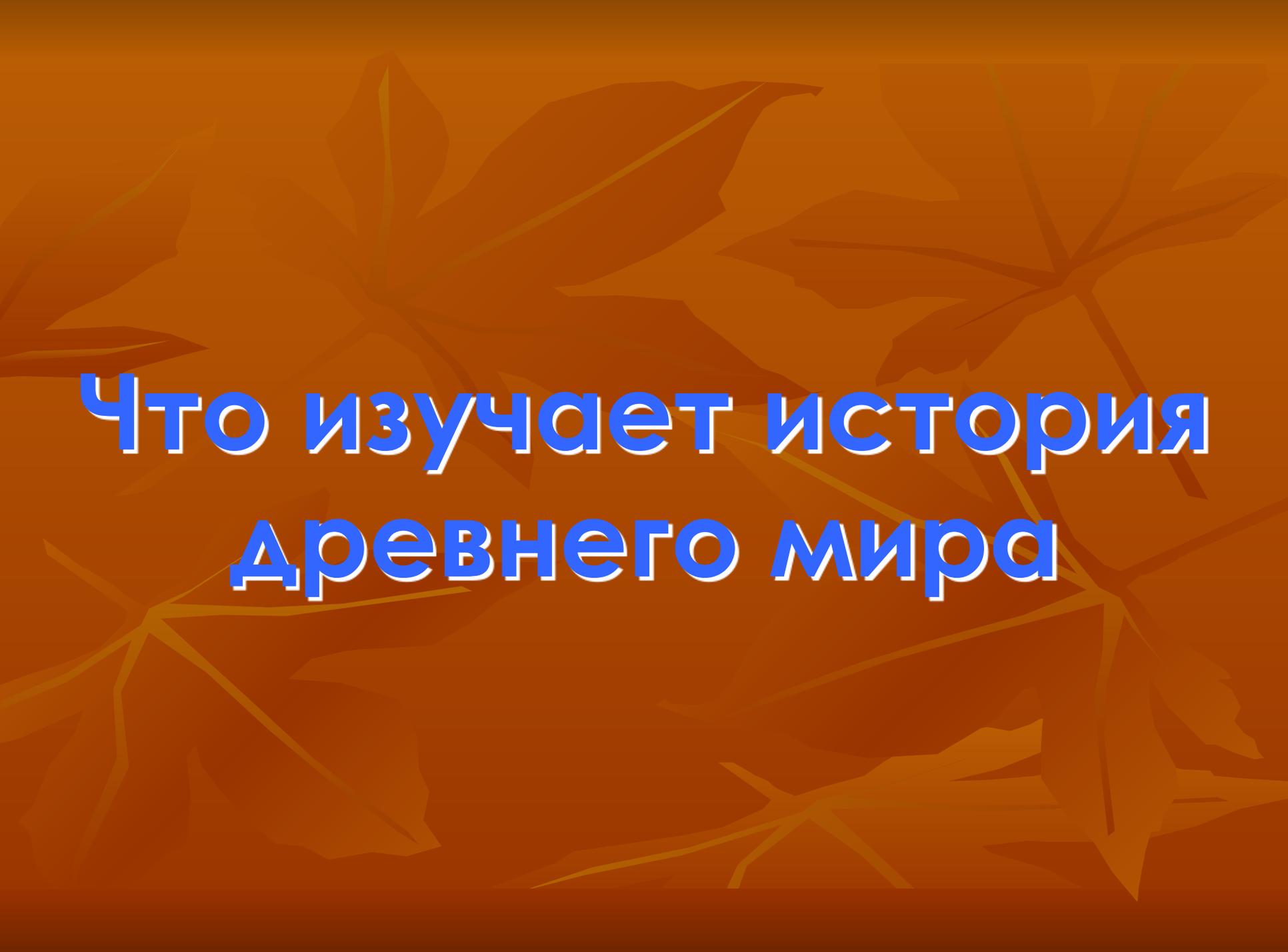
Увлекательный мир истории



На земле более 200 государств



История изучает
события,
которые произошли
в прошлом
и людей в развитии
этих событий

The background of the slide is a solid orange color with a pattern of faint, stylized autumn leaves in various shades of brown and orange. The leaves are scattered across the frame, creating a textured, seasonal feel.

Что изучает история древнего мира

ВСЕМИРНАЯ ИСТОРИЯ

ИСТОРИЯ ДРЕВНЕГО МИРА



- ЖИЗНЬ ПЕРВОБЫТНЫХ ЛЮДЕЙ
- ИСТОРИЯ ДРЕВНЕГО ВОСТОКА
 - ИСТОРИЯ ДРЕВНЕЙ ГРЕЦИИ
 - ИСТОРИЯ ДРЕВНЕГО РИМА

ИСТОРИЧЕСКИЕ ИСТОЧНИКИ –

**ЭТО ИСТОЧНИКИ,
ИЗ КОТОРЫХ УЧЁНЫЕ
БЕРУТ ЗНАНИЯ
ПРО ИСТОРИЧЕСКИЕ ФАКТЫ**

Археология — наука —
помощница
истории, изучающая п
о вещественным
источникам
историческое
прошлое человечества







ИСТОРИЧЕСКИЕ ИСТОЧНИКИ

делятся на:

```
graph TD; A[ИСТОРИЧЕСКИЕ ИСТОЧНИКИ] --> B[вещественные]; A --> C[ПИСЬМЕННЫЕ]; A --> D[ЭТНОГРАФИЧЕСКИЕ];
```

веществен
ные

ПИСЬМЕ
нные

ЭТНОГРАФИЧ
еские

Present day

Souvenir pins and debris are left behind from the 2004 Summer Olympic Games in Athens.

An American GI helmet and military-issue utensils remain from World War II Allied liberation efforts in the Mediterranean region in the 1940s.

Bullets embedded in architectural fragments are evidence of the Greek struggle for independence in the mid-1800s.

Gold-backed mosaics shine among the ruins of Constantinople after the city was pillaged by the Ottoman Turks in 1453.

Islamic pottery fragments lie amid debris from the sack of Sicily by Christian knights in the late 1000s.

DEEP TIME

THE DEEPER YOU GO THE OLDER THINGS ARE

This representation of a stratigraphy, or series of archaeological layers, shows some of the geological and historical events that occurred in the Mediterranean region. It illustrates the way objects are deposited in the earth over time.





MARCO ANSALONI







Enthroned Zeus

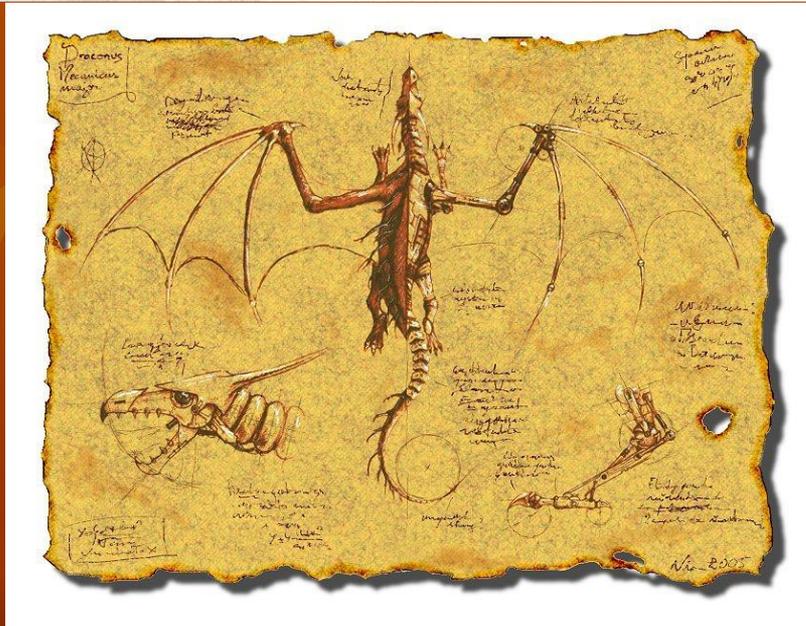
(c. 460-450 BC)
Marble

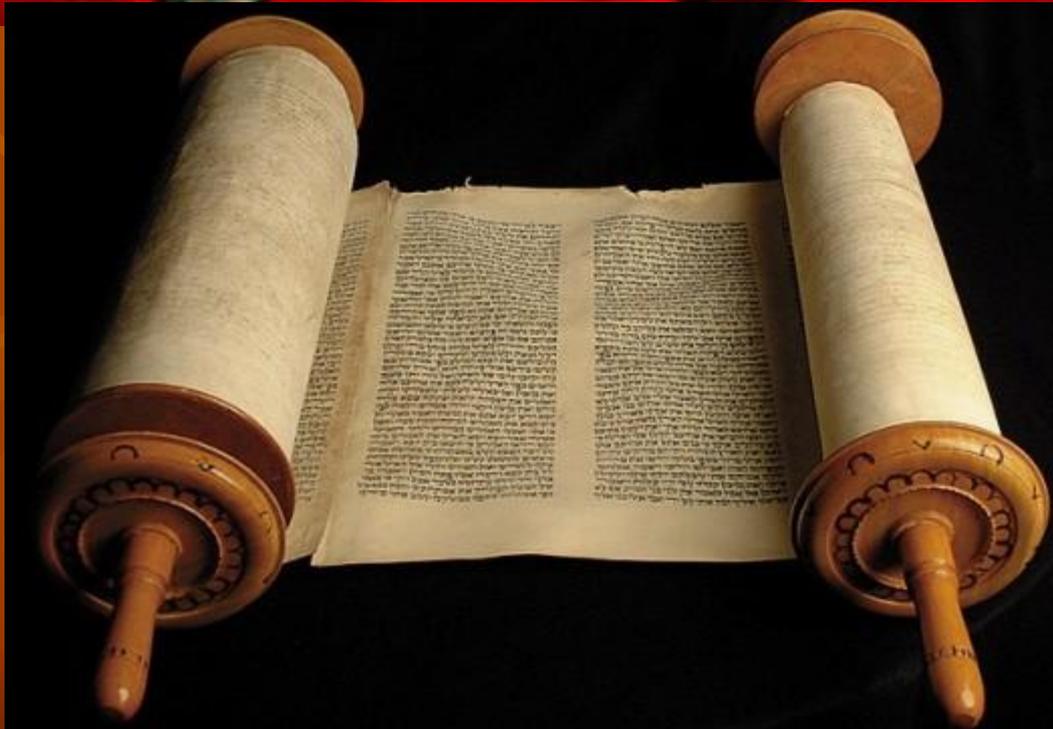
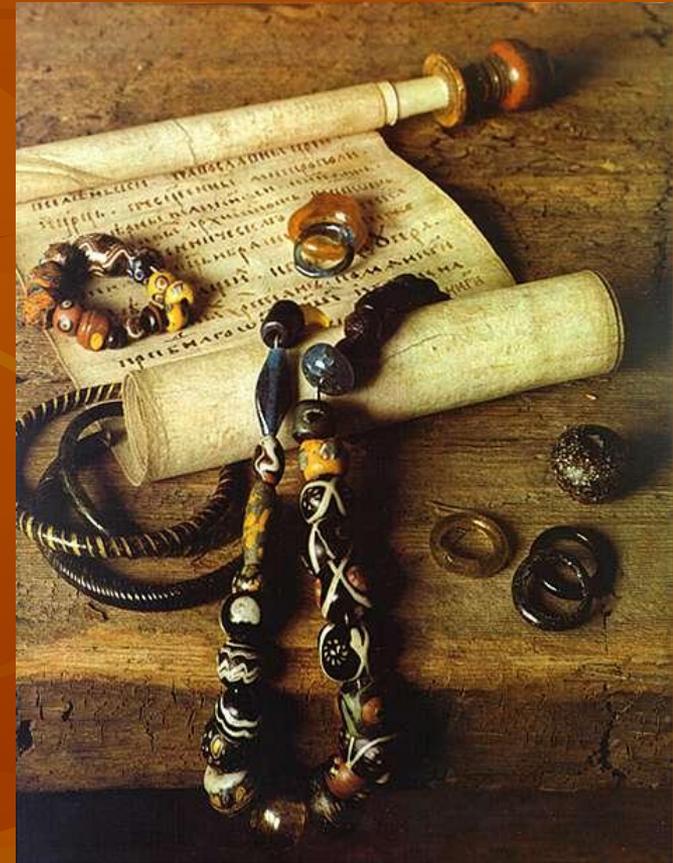
Zeus, king of the Olympian gods, was an ancient
and a high-backed throne. He originally held a
scepter in his right hand and a thunderbolt in his
left. The enthroned, seated version indicates
that the sculpture was designed in the six to a
considerable time, the well-proportioned were
head in hand, while the colossal form was
exposed to burning sunlight.

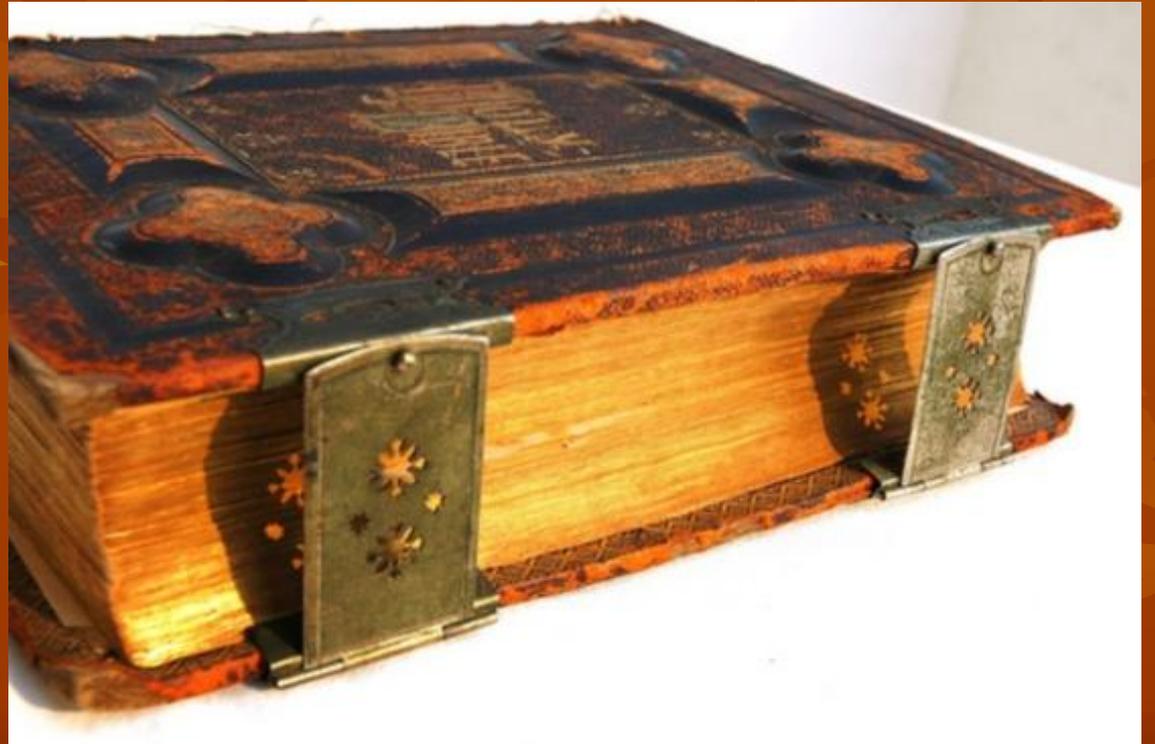
Made after a natural form of Zeus created
by the Greek sculptor Phidias in about 470 BC,
this marble work may have served as a cult
image in the great shrine of a wealthy Greek
or Roman home. Phidias's Zeus was celebrated
in ancient art and considered to be one of the
Seven Wonders of the ancient world. More than
four feet high and made of porous ivory
and gold, it dominated the interior of the god's
temple at Olympia.

Письменность возникла
примерно
5 000 лет назад











Фероп. мот. 02г.
11.20 №126.





Этнография – наука-помощница истории. **Наука о народах** (буквальный перевод - "народописание") изучает культуру и быт народов земного шара, их происхождение, расселение и культурно-исторические взаимоотношения .



