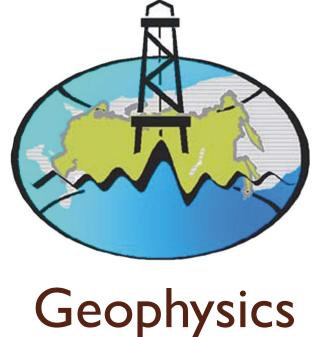


Transparent modeling of the gravity anomalies

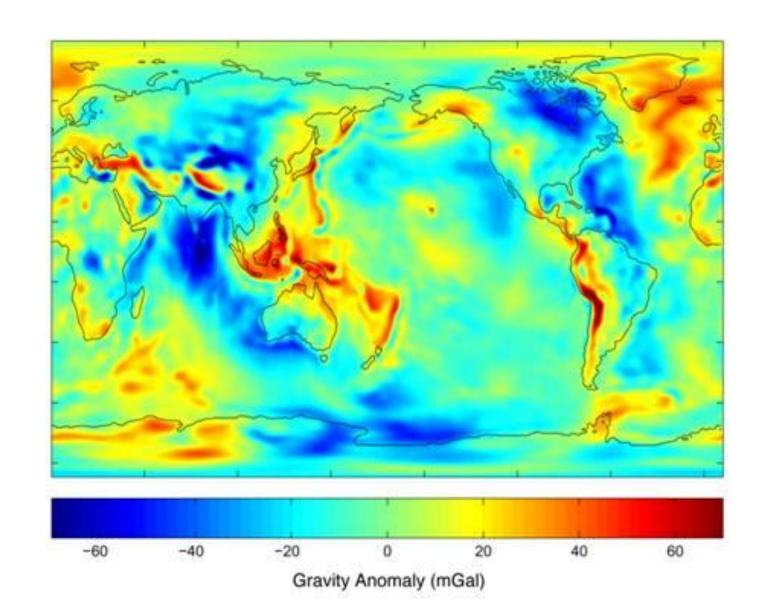
Warkentin Anton EHM-150721

Yekaterinburg 2015



- Physics
- Geodesy
- Computer science

The modeling of the gravity anomalies



The direct problem in gravity prospecting

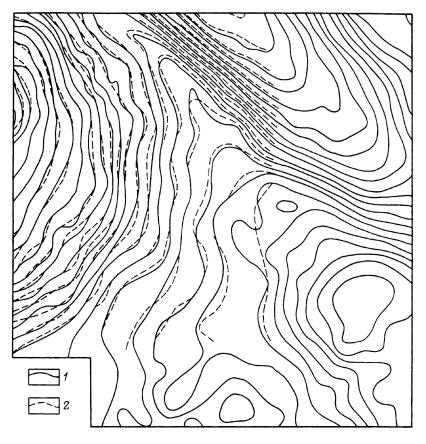
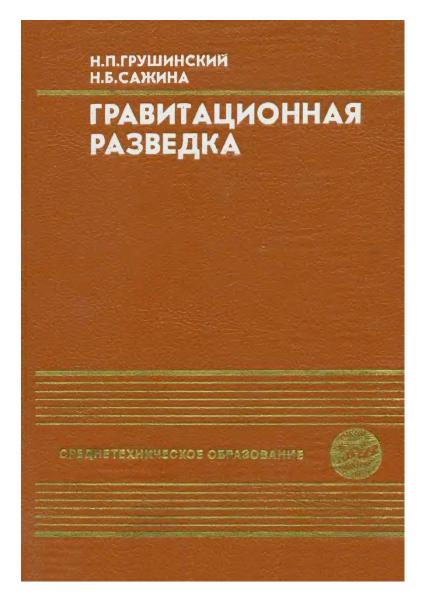


Рис. 121. Сравнение гравиметрических карт мелкого масштаба, построенных с помощью ЭВМ и ручным способом: изолинии: 1—при мациинной интерполяции, 2—при ручной интерполяции

The literature available on this subject



The resulted mathematical model of the subject of this research

$$x := 0,50..1200$$

Ustup

H1 := 250 h1 := 75 d1 := 700
$$\sigma$$
1 := 0.15

$$g1(x) := G \cdot \sigma1 \cdot \left[\pi \cdot (H1 - h1) + 2 \cdot H1 \cdot atan \left[\frac{(x - d1)}{H1} \right] - 2 \cdot h1 \cdot atan \left[\frac{(x - d1)}{h1} \right] + (x - d1) \cdot ln \left[\frac{\left[(x - d1)^2 + H1^2 \right]}{\left(x - d1 \right)^2 + \left(h1 \right)^2} \right] \right]$$

Shar1

$$d2 := 400$$

R2 := 100 h2 := 375 d2 := 400
$$\sigma$$
2 := 0.6

$$g2(x) := G \cdot \sigma 2 \cdot \frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot R2^3}{3} \cdot \frac{h2}{\sqrt{\left[\left(x - d2\right)^2 + \left(h2\right)^2\right]^3}}$$

Shar2

$$d3 := 800 \quad \sigma 3 := 0.6$$

g3(x) := G·
$$\sigma$$
3· $\frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot R3^3}{3}$ · $\frac{h3}{\sqrt{[(x-d3)^2+(h3)^2]^3}}$

$$g(x) := g1(x) + g2(x) + g3(x)$$

The final form of the program product

