

English 9

Unit 1 Grammar

Present Simple Usage – Old and New Facts

1. *Most common explanation – write it yourself*
2. *Timetable – something you also know already.*

What time does the film start?

The exam begins at 9

3. **To forget, to hear, to be told – past looking like present**

I forget where he works. Is it some estate agency?

We hear you are planning to change schools

I am told the autumn will be cold

Present Continuous Usage –New Facts

1. Plan

*We are visiting the Smiths on Monday. Will you come?
I'm writing a test tomorrow.*

2. If you want to emotionally emphasize the sentences. E.g., if you are extremely annoyed:

*You are always taking my things!!
He is never doing his homework!*

Time Words

1. FOR and DURING

FOR = HOW LONG?

DURING = WHEN?

I'm leaving **for** two weeks. My family and I will spend some time in Greece.

My class is going to learn ALL English grammar **during** my vacation.

2. ON time and IN TIME

ON time = according to timetable

IN TIME = not too late, soon enough

Yesterday I missed my bus and couldn't be **on time** for the exam.

Fortunately, our teachers missed the same bus, so I came right **in time**.

3. AT the end and IN the end

AT the end = moment when something ends. Or place where.

IN the end = finally

You will have your first exams **at the end** of this school year.

It's going to be hard, but **in the end** everybody will survive.

4. AFTER and AFTERWARDS

AFTER = together with nouns and pronouns

AFTERWARDS – forever alone

You will understand English grammar a little bit better
after the class

But you'll forget these rules **afterwards.**

(if you don't practice)*

5.

IN THE MORNING

ON SUNDAY MORNING

IN THE EVENING

ON A RAINY EVENING

(this morning, last evening, yesterday afternoon)