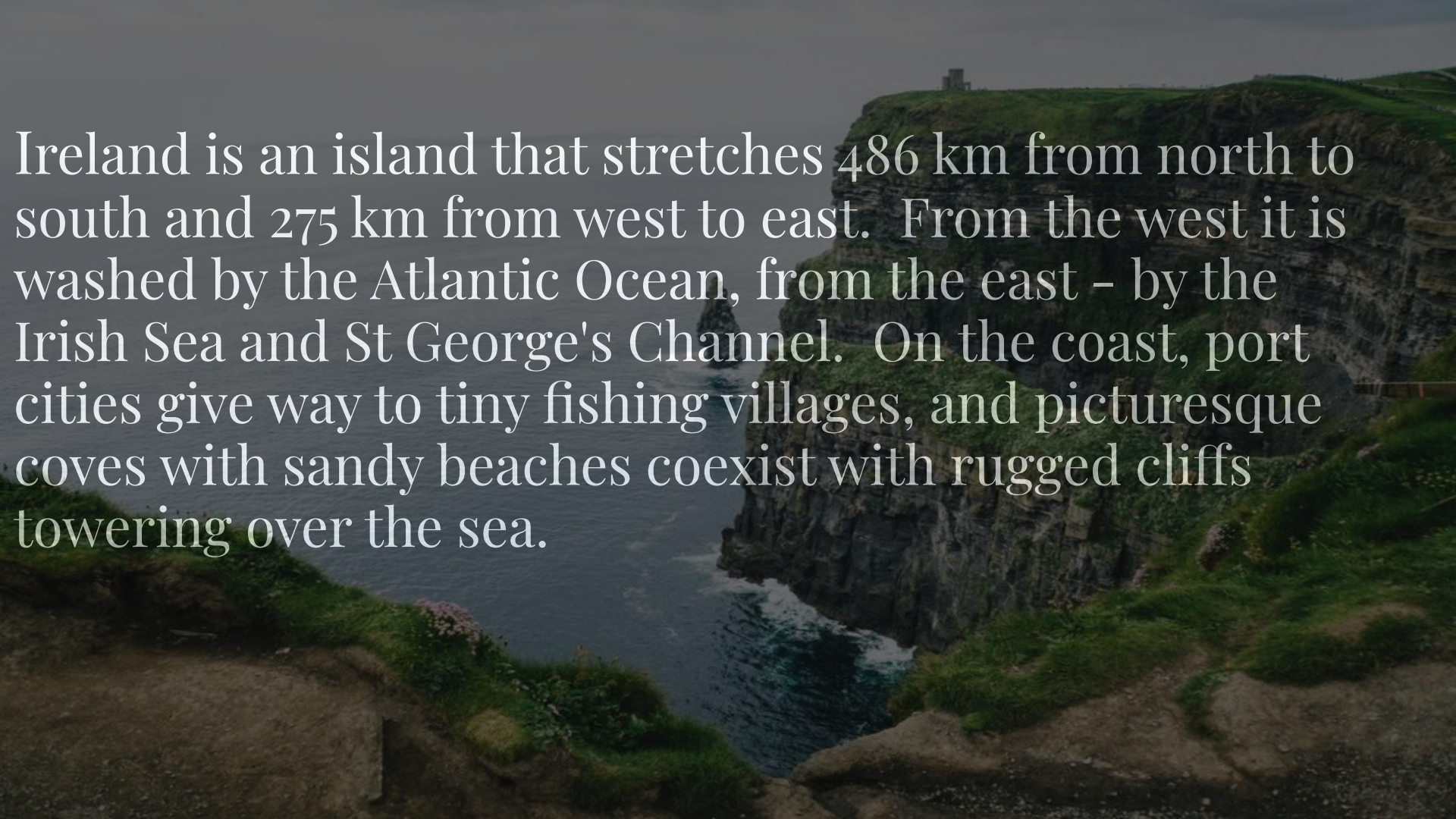
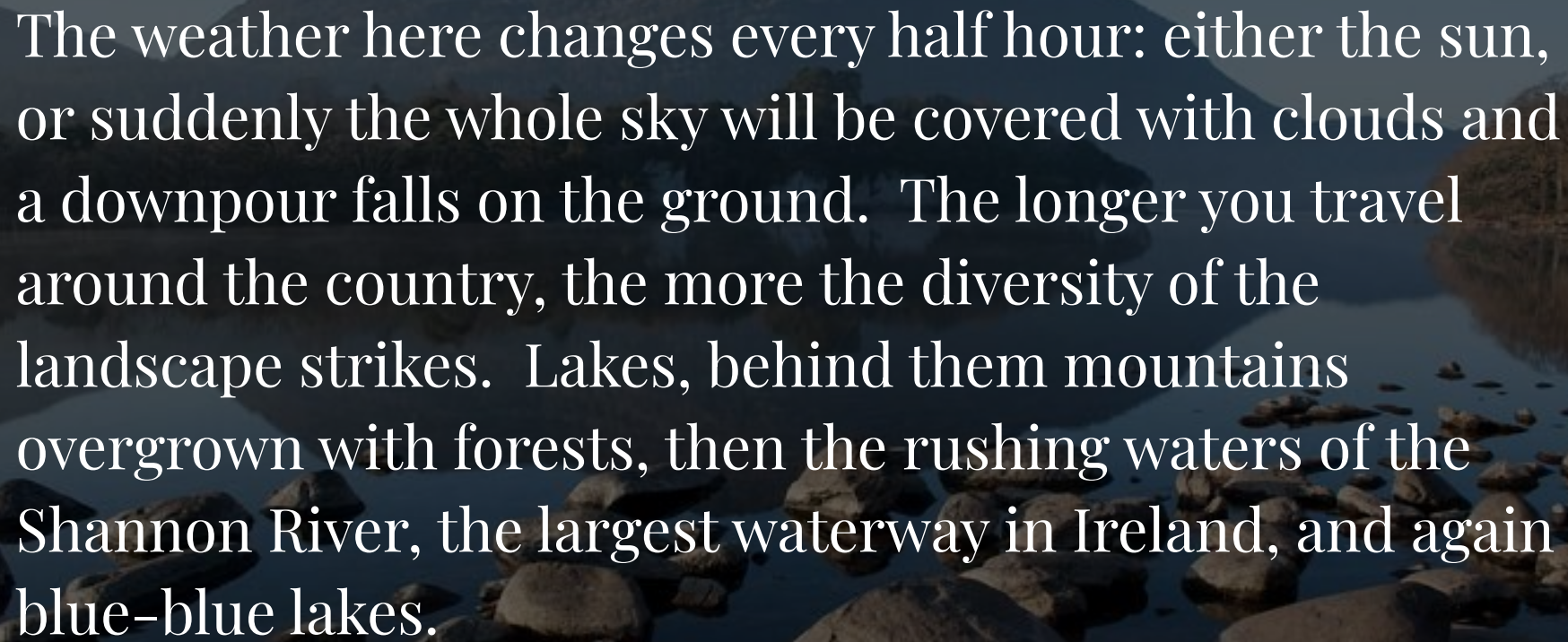




Tourist Ireland.



Ireland is an island that stretches 486 km from north to south and 275 km from west to east. From the west it is washed by the Atlantic Ocean, from the east – by the Irish Sea and St George's Channel. On the coast, port cities give way to tiny fishing villages, and picturesque coves with sandy beaches coexist with rugged cliffs towering over the sea.



The weather here changes every half hour: either the sun, or suddenly the whole sky will be covered with clouds and a downpour falls on the ground. The longer you travel around the country, the more the diversity of the landscape strikes. Lakes, behind them mountains overgrown with forests, then the rushing waters of the Shannon River, the largest waterway in Ireland, and again blue-blue lakes.

# Landmarks of Ireland.

A scenic view of a coastal landscape in Ireland. In the foreground, a suspension bridge spans a narrow channel of water between two rocky, grassy cliffs. Several people are walking across the bridge. To the right, a wooden walkway with a white railing runs along the edge of a steep, grassy cliff. On the left, a small wooden building with a dark roof is situated on a grassy slope. The background shows a large, rocky island or headland in the sea under an overcast sky. The text "Landmarks of Ireland." is overlaid in a white serif font across the center of the image.

## Rocks of Moher

The image captures the Cliffs of Moher, a series of steep, layered rock formations that drop vertically from a grassy plateau to the Atlantic Ocean. The sky is overcast with dark, heavy clouds, and a faint rainbow is visible in the distance. The ocean is a deep, dark blue-green, with white foam from waves crashing against the base of the cliffs. A small, isolated rock formation stands in the sea to the right. The overall mood is somber and majestic.

One of the main natural attractions of Ireland is the two-hundred-meter Cliffs of Moher, stretching for 8 kilometers. These majestic rock formations descend steeply towards the Atlantic Ocean, creating the visual sensation of a sheer wall.

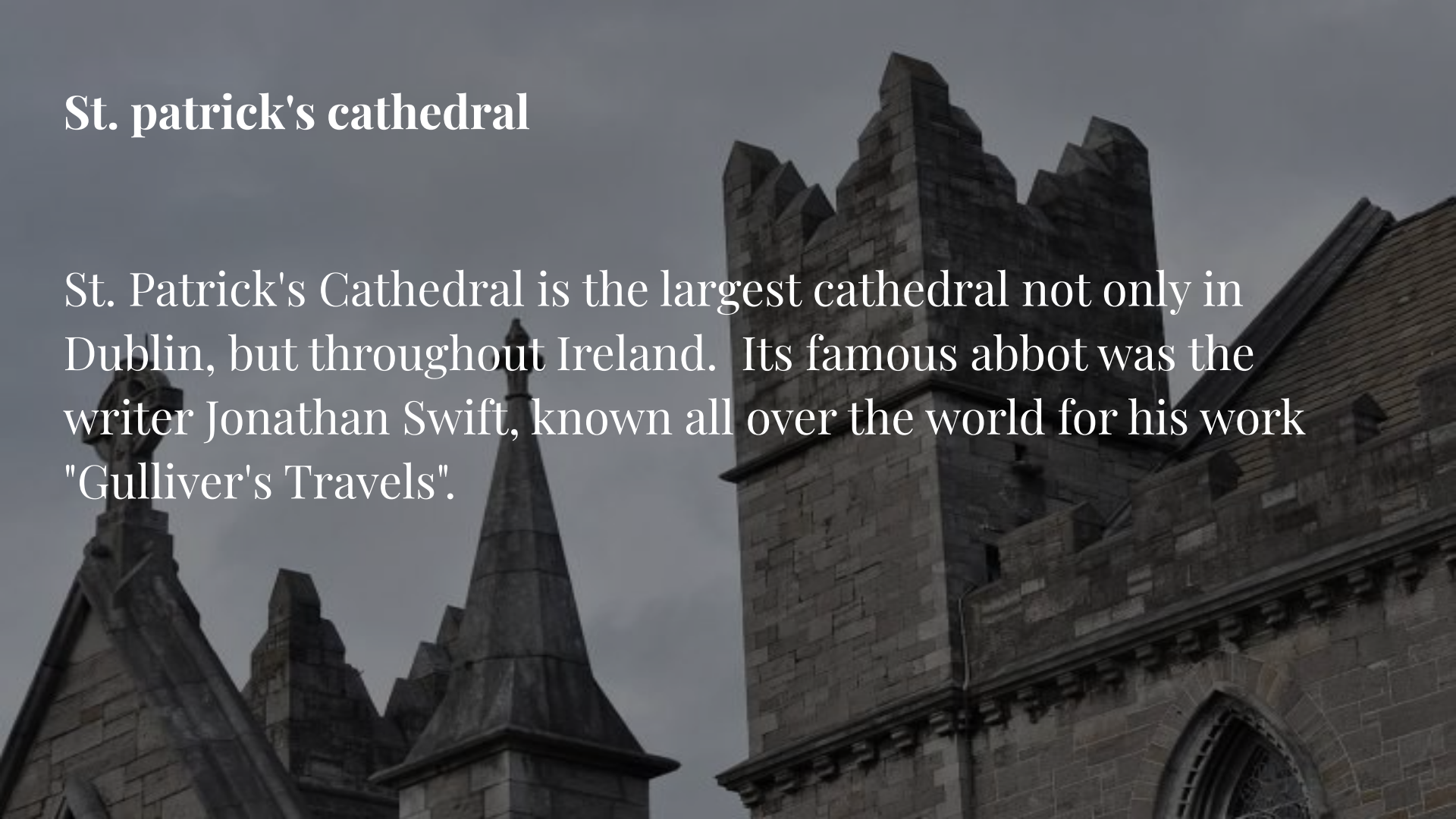
## Dublin needle

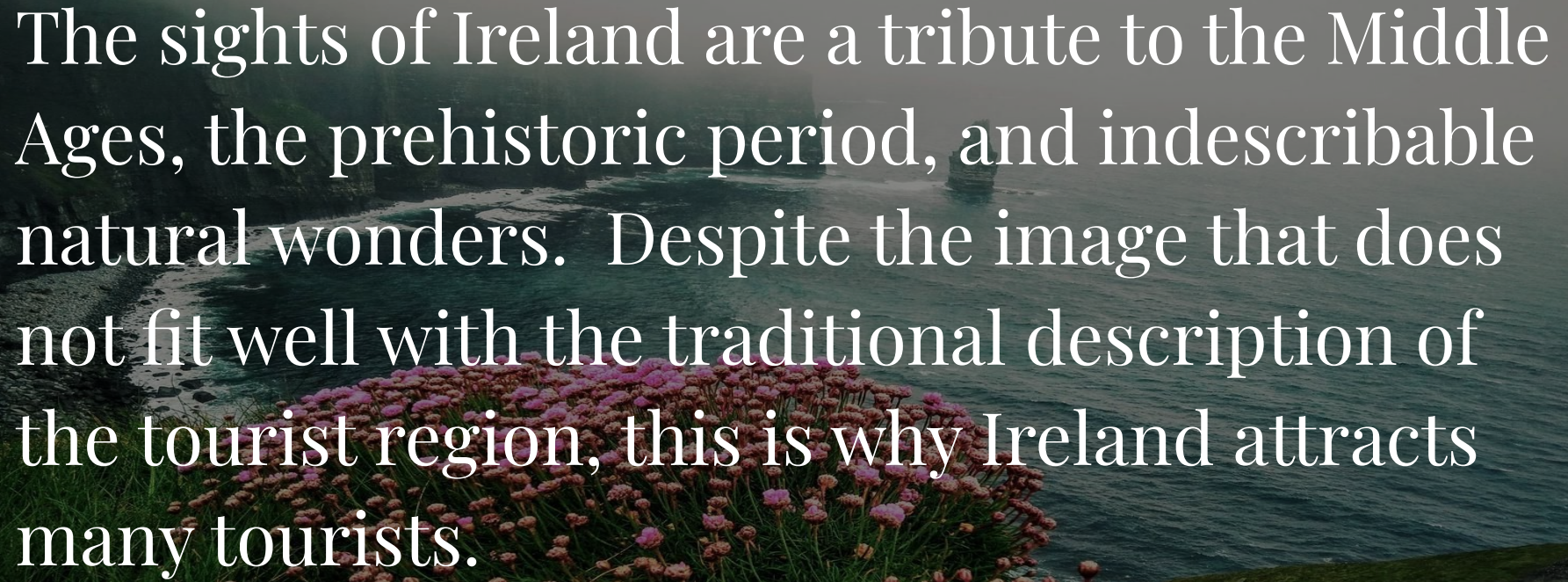


An architectural dominant of Dublin, the Dublin Needle monument is visible, perhaps, from anywhere in the city. The design is extremely simple – a steel spire rising to a height of 121 meters, gradually tapering.

## St. patrick's cathedral

St. Patrick's Cathedral is the largest cathedral not only in Dublin, but throughout Ireland. Its famous abbot was the writer Jonathan Swift, known all over the world for his work "Gulliver's Travels".



A scenic view of a coastline. In the foreground, there is a large field of pink flowers, possibly sea purslane, growing on a grassy slope. The middle ground shows a body of water with a small boat visible in the distance. The background is a hazy, overcast sky. The text is overlaid on the image in a white, serif font.

The sights of Ireland are a tribute to the Middle Ages, the prehistoric period, and indescribable natural wonders. Despite the image that does not fit well with the traditional description of the tourist region, this is why Ireland attracts many tourists.