

# ADVERBS

- Order of adverbs



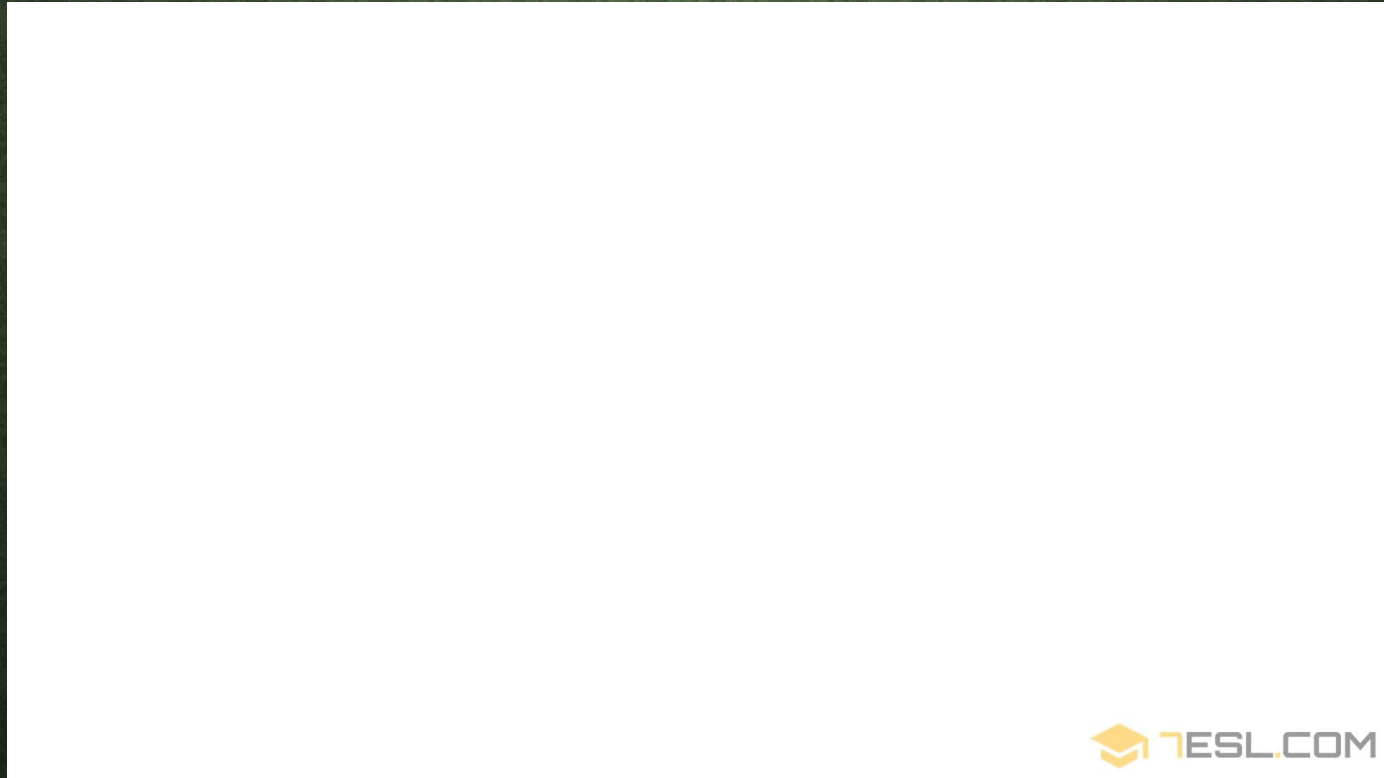
# ADVERBS DESCRIBE VERBS ,ADJECTIVES OR OTHER ADVERBS.

The main questions are How? (как), In what way? (каким образом),  
where? (где), when?

( когда ) To what degree ? ( в какой степени). All the adverbs can  
be divided according to the following categories : simple – now,  
today, often ... and derived ( производные). derived adverbs are  
formed from adjectives with the help of suffix –LY ( usual+ly=  
usually), compound (сложные) - sometimes and composite  
(составные)- at least



# LET`S WATCH THE VIDEO



Type of adverbs	Question	Examples of adverbs	The place in the sentence	example
<b>The adverbs of manner</b> <b>( наречия образа действия)</b>	How? (как?)	Slowly,fast,quickly,carefully,readily	They usually go after the main verb or after the direct object if there is one. ( в основном употребляются после основного глагола или после прямого дополнения если оно есть)	He eats slowly. She helps me readily.
<b>Adverbs of place</b> <b>(наречия места))</b>	Where? (где?)	There, everywhere, here outside, inside	They usually go after the main verb or after the clause they modify,or after the direct object when there is one. ( употребляются после основного глагола ,или после предложения ,которое они определяют или после прямого дополнения если оно есть)	Granny told me to sit there . I've looked for my cat everywhere

<p><b>Adverbs of time</b> (наречия времени)</p>	<p><b>When?</b> (когда)</p>	<p><b>Now, yesterday, today, tomorrow</b></p>	<p><b>They usually go at the end of the sentences or in the beginning of it. (используются в начале или конце предложения)</b></p>	<p><b>We `ll go to the Zoo tomorrow.</b></p>
<p><b>Adverbs of frequency</b> (наречия частотности)</p>	<p><b>How often?</b> ( как часто)</p>	<p><b>Seldom ,always, often, never, sometimes, once</b></p>	<p><b>They are used only with verbs ( используются только с глаголами) They usually go after modal verbs and the verb to be , but before the main verb ( используются после модальных глаголов и глагола to be ,но перед основным глаголом)</b></p>	<p><b>Boys usually like to play with cars</b></p>

**Adverbs of degree  
( наречия степени)**

**How much?  
( насколько)  
To what degree?  
(до какой степени)**

**Rather, a bit,  
very, quite,  
enough**

**They usually go before an adjective, an adverb or a verb they modify, but after an auxiliary verb ( в основном используются перед прилагательным, наречием или глаголом, которые они определяют, но после вспомогательного глагола)**

**I am very glad to meet you.  
I didn`t sleep enough.**



**MIND THAT SOME ADVERBS ARE FORMED IN  
ANOTHER WAY ( НЕКОТОРЫЕ НАРЕЧИЯ  
ОБРАЗУЮТСЯ НЕ ПО ПРАВИЛАМ.)**

**LEARN THEM :**

**GOOD-WELL, HARD-HARD, FAST-FAST,  
EARLY- EARLY, LATE – LATE,  
STRAIGHT-STRAIGHT**



# ADVERBS QUIZ

A white rectangular area with horizontal lines, intended for writing answers.



Your home task is :

WB p 58 ,ex 1-4