

The Pulser and How to Test it

Pulser Testing Objectives

At the completion of this presentation you should be able to:

- 1. Describe the important differences between the MK VI, VII, & VIII pulsers.
- 2. You will be able to test the pulser and determine whether it should be used.

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The Pulser

- The central component of all four systems
- The same pulser can be used on all four systems
- There are three current versions of the pulser

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The Pulser

Generates electrical and hydraulic power

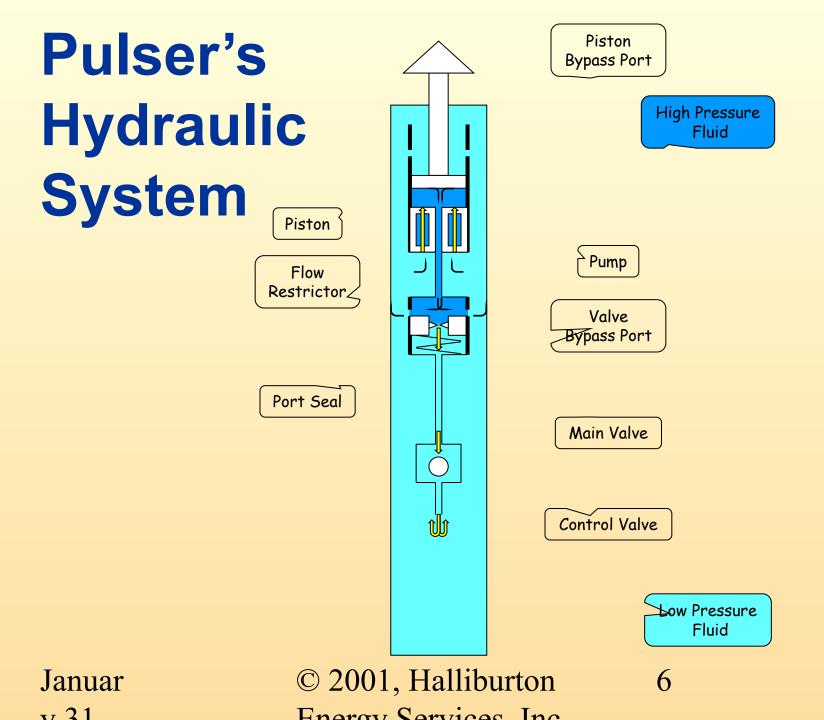


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Pulser's Hydraulic Power

 Operates a poppet/orifice valve that intermittently restricts the fluid flow, producing a pressure increase, or pulse. These pulses are detected on the surface.

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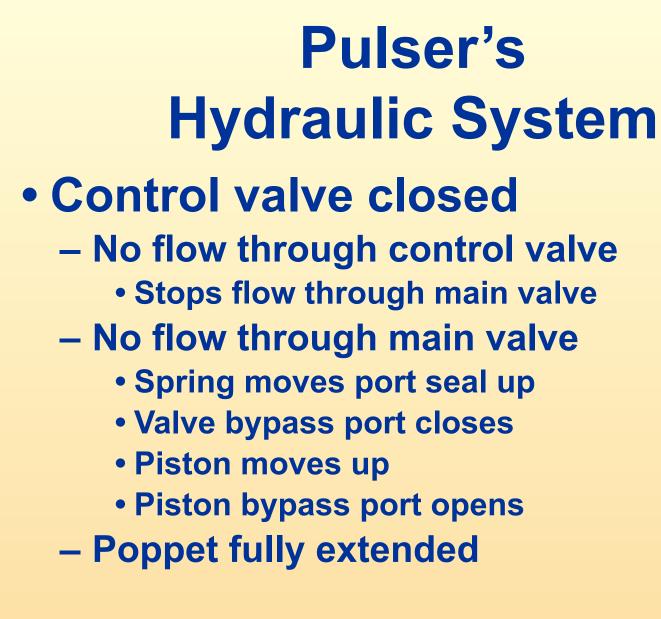
Pulser's Hydraulic System

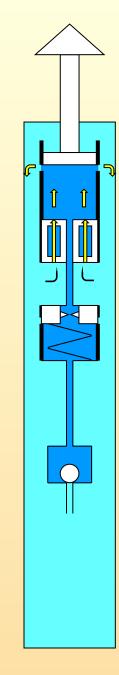
- Control valve open
 - Flow through control valve
 - Allows flow through main valve
 - Flow through main
 - Pressure drop across flow restrictor moves port seal down against spring
 - Valve bypass port opens
 - Poppet fully retracted

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Pulser's Hydraulic System Control valve closed No flow through control valve Stops flow through main valve No flow through main valve Spring moves port seal up Valve bypass port closes Piston moves up Poppet partially extended

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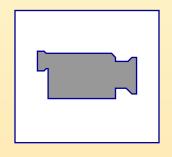


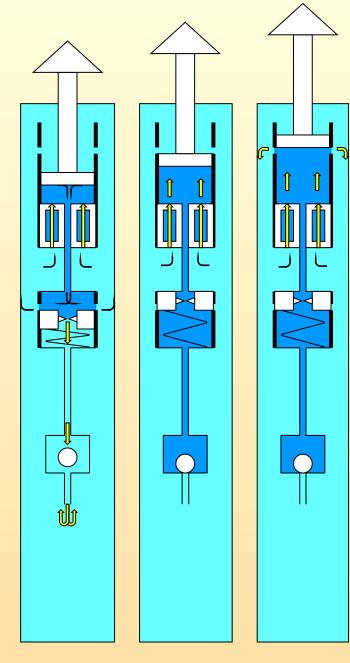
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Pulser's Hydraulic System





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Pulser's Hydraulic System

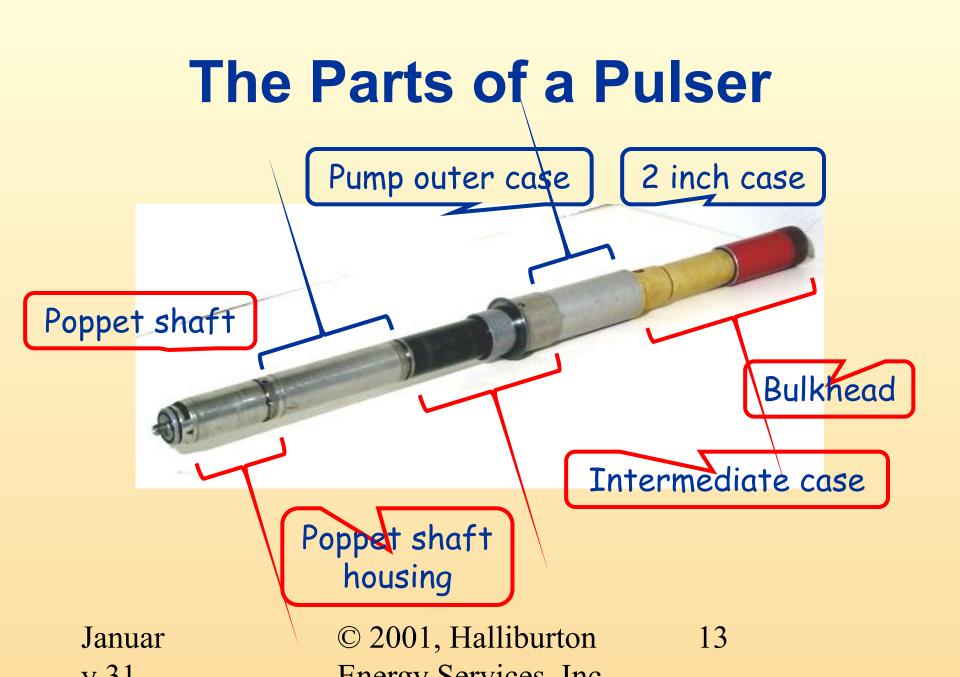
 The control value is operated by a signal from the telemetry controller. Closing the control value causes the poppet to extend into the orifice.

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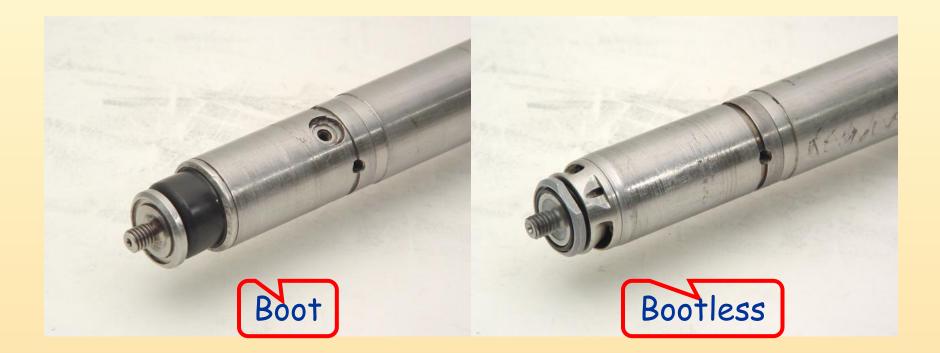
Pulser's Electrical Power

- Generator consists of six fixed coils and eight rotating magnets.
- Electrical power is supplied to the sondes attached to the pulser.

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Booted Vs. Bootless Pulser



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Booted Vs. Bootless Pulser

• Boot

- Gas permeable
- Susceptible to damage
- No moving parts
- Transmits external pressure to pulser's internal fluid

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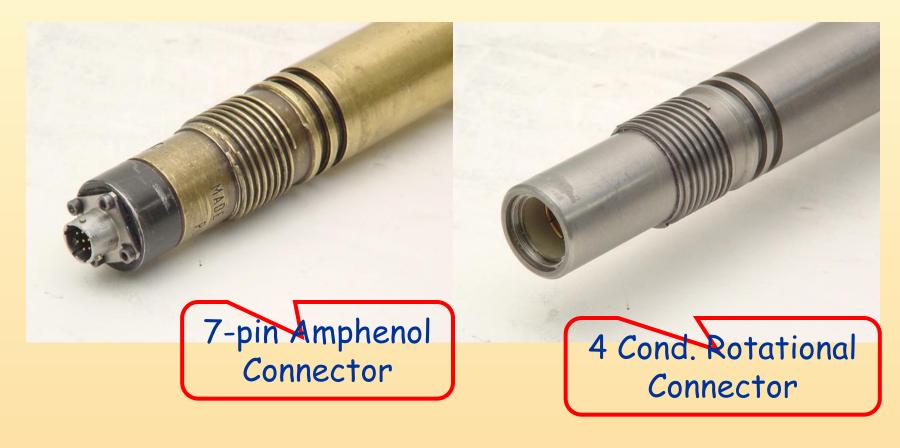
Booted Vs. Bootless Pulser

Bootless

- Increased reliability
- Requires seal pack assembly change every 100 or 200 hours depending on temperature
- Moving parts
- Transmits external pressure to pulser's internal fluid

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Pulser Connections



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Pulser Connection

7-pin Amphenol

- Used for DWD
- Careful assembly required to avoid damage
- Uses coil cord

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Pulser Connection

- 4-Conductor Rotational Connector
 - Used for Solar
 - Easy to make-up connection
 - Increased reliability

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The Four Current Pulsers

- Mark 6 DWD
- Mark 7 Solar
- Mark 8 Solar
- Mark 8 DWD

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Mark 6 DWD

- 7-Pin Amphenol Connector
- Maximum Temperature 175°C
- Full Stroke (0.374 in.)

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Mark 7 Solar

- 4-Conductor Rotational Connector
- Maximum Temperature 200°C
- Full Stroke (0.374 in.)

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Mark 8 Solar

- 4-Conductor Rotational Connector
- Maximum Temperature 200°C
- Half Stroke (0.187 in.)

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Mark 8 DWD

- 7-Pin Amphenol Connector
- Maximum Temperature 175°C
- Half Stroke (0.187 in.)

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How to Identify Pulsers

Mark 6 DWD

- 7-pin amphenol connector
- Lower filling screw NOT marked 8
- Poppet extends 9.5 mm (0.374 in.)
- Mark 7 Solar
 - Rotational connector
 - Lower filling screw NOT marked 8
 - Poppet extends 9.5 mm (0.374 in.)

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How to Identify Pulsers



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How to Identify Pulsers

- Mark 8 Solar
 - Rotational connector
 - Lower filling screw MAY BE marked 8
 - Poppet extends 4.8 mm (0.187 in.)
- Mark 8 DWD
 - 7-pin amphenol connector
 - Lower filling screw MAY BE marked 8
 - Poppet extends 4.8 mm (0.187 in.)

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Testing the Pulser

- Two tests
 - Resistance
 - Tests electrical resistance of the generator coils and control valve solenoid
 - Extension/retraction
 - Tests hydraulic system

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Pulser Test Equipment

DWD Electronic Test Kit

- MWD Pulser Test Set and Leads
- Digital Multi-meter
- Coil Cord Pulser to MEP
- Pulser Ground Lead
- BNC Female/Banana Connector (2)
- BNC Cable (36 inch)
- Poppet Retraction Tool

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Additional Test Equipment for Solar Pulsers

Solar 175 Test Cable Amphenol/9-pin

4-pin Male Rotational Test Connector

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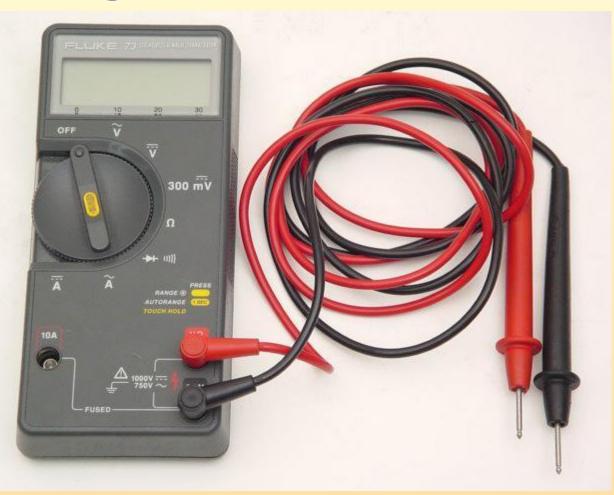
MWD Pulser Test Set



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Digital Multi-meter



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Coil Cord

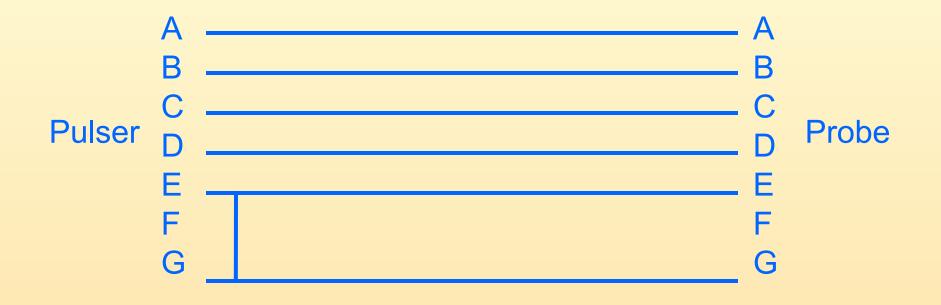
7-Pin Female Amphenol Connector 7-Pin Female Amphenol Connector



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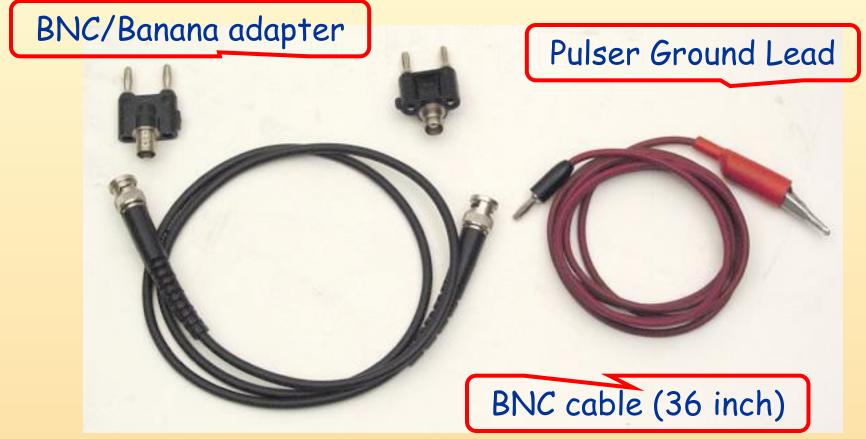
Coil Cord



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Pulser Resistance Test Equipment



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Pulser Extension Test Equipment





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Pulser Resistance Test Equipment



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Pulser Resistance Test Purpose

- Tests the pulser generator coils for shorts and open circuits
- Tests the pulser control valve solenoid for shorts and open circuits

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- Set the 9v switch on the MWD Pulser Test Set to off
- Set the meter to measure resistance and ensure that the scale selected is appropriate for the resistance expected.

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Pulser Case Lead Continuity

- •Measure the pulser case lead resistance
- A reading of 0-1 ohms indicates continuity.



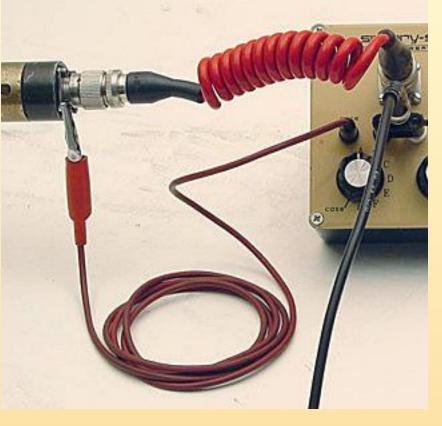
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Connect the meter to the ohms out ports on the test set using the BNC cable and adapters.



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Connect the pulser case lead to the case port on the test set and to the pulser with the alligator clip.



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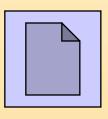
Connect the coil cord from the pulser to the pulser port on the test set.



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 Check resistance readings by rotating switches S1 and S2 through all positions shown on the Pulser Test Form.



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DWD Pulser Resistances

		Switch S2						
		Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
Switch S 1	Α	0-1	340-608	>100k	>100k	>100k	Inf	>100k
	В		0-1	>100k	>100k	>100k	Inf	>100k
	С			0-1	9-11k	9-11k	Inf	9-11k
	D				0-1	0-1	Inf	0-1
	Ε					0-1	Inf	0-1
	F						0-1	Inf
	G							0-1
	Case			>100k	>100k	>100k	Inf	>100k
A = Solenoid, B = Ground, C = Generator A, D = Generator B, E = Generator C, F = Not used, G = Jumped to E in coil cord								
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Solar Pulser Resistances

		Switch S2						
		Α	В	С	D	E		
	Α	0-1	340-608	Inf	Inf	Inf		
SI	В		0-1	Inf	Inf	Inf		
tch	С			0-1	15-26	15-26		
Switch	D				0-1	15-26		
U)	E					0-1		
A = Solenoid, B = Ground, C = Generator A,								
D = Generator B, E = Generator C								

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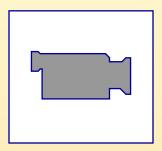
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- If any readings are out of specification, check the coil cord and the pulser test set and isolate the defective part.
- Then complete a Failure Report.

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What was all that about?



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Pulser Extension/Retraction Test Purpose

- Basic test of the hydraulic system
- Tests the seals on the main valve, control valve, the pump rams' seals, and the piston seal
- Tests function of both the main and control valves

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 Clean the pulser; pay particular attention to the three threaded location holes on the pump housing.

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Install an impeller assembly over the intermediate case.



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Prepare the poppet retraction tool by screwing the adjuster nut fully onto the shaft





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Slide the retraction tool over the poppet end of the pulser.



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Insert the locating screws into the threaded holes on the pulser and hand tighten.



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Screw the adjuster nut against the poppet shaft until the first groove on the retraction tool's shaft is aligned with the face of the locking ring.



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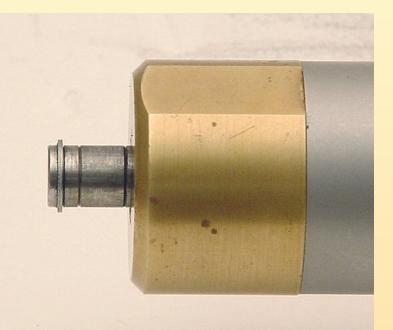
Connect the pulser to the poppet extend socket on the **MWD** Pulser Test Set using the coil cord Turn on the 9v switch.



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Rotate the impeller assembly. The retraction tool's shaft should extend to reveal the second groove on the shaft.

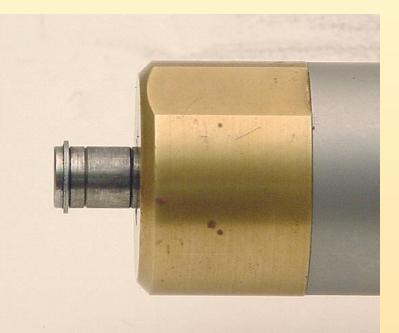


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 Monitor the extension; the retraction tool's shaft must remain extended for 2 minutes without bleeding off and retracting all the way to the first groove.

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Rotate the impeller assembly until the retraction tool's shaft again extends to reveal the second groove on the shaft.



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• Turn off the 9v switch.

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- Monitor retraction
 - For a Booted Pulser
 - The retraction tool's shaft should retract to the first groove in less than 2 seconds.
 - For a Bootless Pulser
 - The retraction tool's shaft should retract to the first groove in about 8 seconds.

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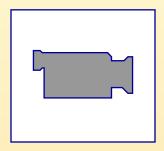
• Record the results on the Pulser Test Sheet.

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 Should the pulser fail to meet the above procedure, return pulser for R&M, stating "Retraction Fault".

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What was all that about?



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Testing an MWD Pulser Test Set

- Test S1 and S2 Switches
- Test Ohms Out and Case Ports
- Test Pulser Connector
- Test Poppet Extend Connector
- Test Internal Batteries

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Test S1 and S2 Switches

Set the volt/ohm meter to ohms Connect the test leads to the black and white ohms out ports.





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Test S1 and S2 Switches

 Check resistance readings by rotating switches S1 and S2 through all positions on Table 1

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Test S1 and S2 Switches Table 1

		Switch S2						
		Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G
	Α	0-1	Inf	Inf	Inf	Inf	Inf	Inf
~	В		0-1	Inf	Inf	Inf	Inf	Inf
Switch S1	С			0-1	Inf	Inf	Inf	Inf
	D				0-1	Inf	Inf	Inf
Ň	Е					0-1	Inf	Inf
S	F						0-1	Inf
	G							0-1

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Test S1 and S2 Switches



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Test S1 and S2 Switches



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Test Ohms Out & Case Ports

Connect the test leads to the white ohms out port and the black case port.



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Rotate switch S2 through positions A to G. All positions should read infinity.





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Connect the test leads to the black ohms out port and the black case port.



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Rotate switch S1 through positions A to G. All positions should read infinity.



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Move switch S1 to the case position.
The meter should read 0-1 ohms.





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•Connect the test leads to the black ohms out port and pin A inside the pulser connector on the test set.





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Rotate switch S1 through positions A to case. The meter should read infinity in all positions except A, which should read 0-1 ohms.



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S1 Case

 Repeat this for pins B through G on the pulser connector for all positions shown on Table 2

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Test Pulser Connector Table 2

		Switch S1 or S2							
		Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Case
Test Set Pulser Connector	Α	0-1	Inf						
	В		0-1	Inf	Inf	Inf	Inf	Inf	Inf
	С			0-1	Inf	Inf	Inf	Inf	Inf
	D				0-1	Inf	Inf	Inf	Inf
	E					0-1	Inf	Inf	Inf
	F						0-1	Inf	Inf
	G							0-1	Inf

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•Connect the test leads to the white ohms out port and pin A inside the pulser connector.





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 Rotate switch S2 through positions A to G. The meter should read infinity in all positions except A, which should read 0-1 ohms.





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 Repeat this for pins B through G on the pulser connector for all positions shown on on Table 2

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• Ensure that the 9v switch is off.

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 Place one test lead in the white battery check port and touch the other lead to each pin inside the poppet extend connector.

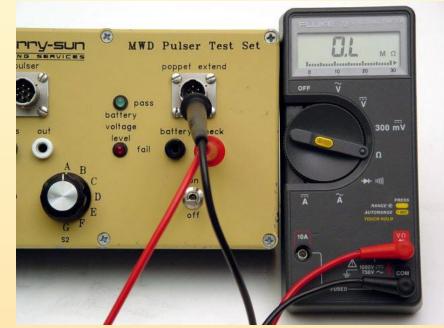




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•Each pin should read infinity except pin A which should read 0-1 ohms.



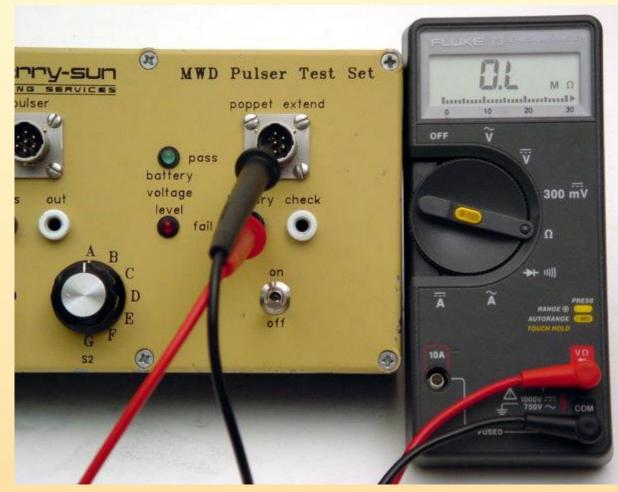


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- Remove the test lead from the white battery check port and place it in the black battery check port.
- Touch the other lead to each pin inside the poppet extend connector.

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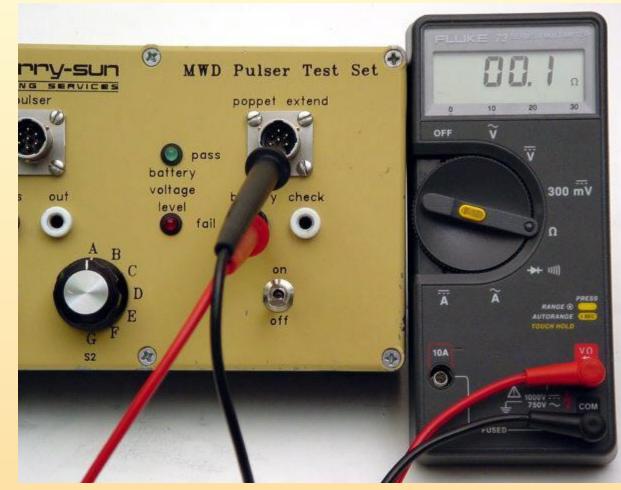


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Pin A



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Pin B

 Each pin should read infinity except pin B which should read 0-1 ohms.

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• Set the meter to the DC voltage range to test the eight 1.5 volt AA battery cells (12 volts).

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•Connect the test leads to the battery check ports. Black is negative, white is positive.



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- Check the internal battery voltage by switching the 9v switch on.
 The meter should
- read greater than 10 volts.



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 Turn the 9v switch off and remove the meter leads from the battery check ports.

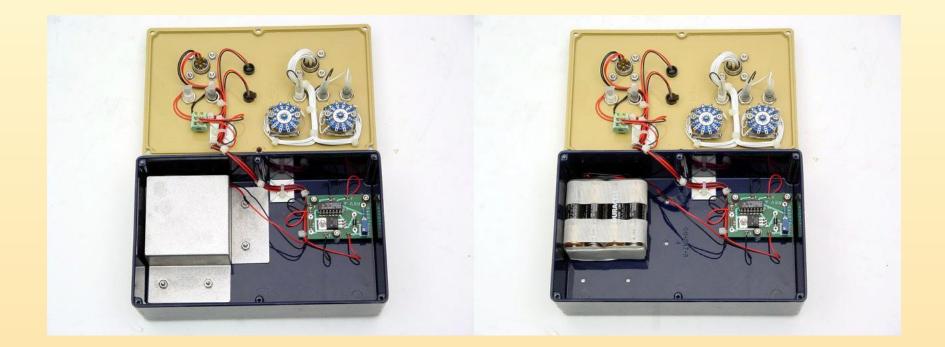
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Replace Internal Batteries

 If the voltage is lower than 10 volts, open the test set and replace the eight 1.5 volt battery cells.

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Replace Internal Batteries





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