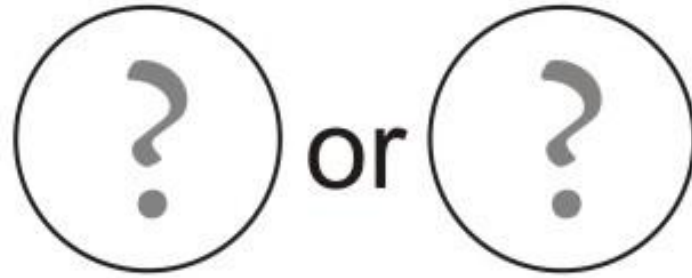
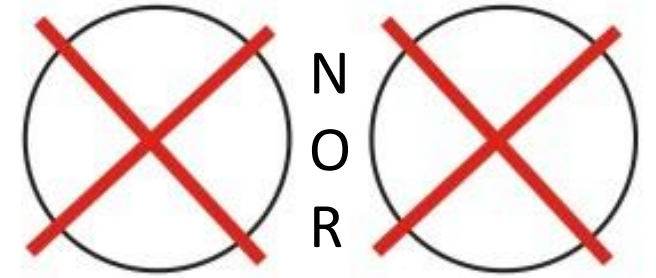


Both



Either



Neither

Connect these sentences using the conjunction in parenthesis.

1. Michael got his Christmas presents. Sarah got hers too. (both...and)

2. I can't find my towel. I can't find my sunglasses. (neither ...nor)

3. We can rent an apartment. We can stay in a motel. (either...or)

4. Jim never reads newspapers. He doesn't read magazines. (neither...nor)

5. My sandwich has cheese. My sandwich has ham. (both...and)

6. We can pay cash. We can pay with a credit card. (either...or)

7. Sophie's father isn't alive. Sophie's mother isn't alive. (neither...nor)

8. John wasn't home. Mary wasn't home. (neither...nor)

Riddle

Peter Piper picked a peck of pickled peppers.

If Peter Piper picked a peck of pickled peppers,

How many pickled peppers did Peter Piper
pick?



Quizlet live

Hi! How RU? Y not C a film together? TOM at my place?

SRY, but TOM I've lots 2 do. THX, anyway. BTW, RU free L8TR 2NITE? Fancy a drink?

GR8! I'll wait 4 U at DA Odeon. Don't B L8.

I'll come ASAP. CU, then.

1. ASAP
2. IMO
3. LOL/LMAO
4. JK
5. IDC
6. J4F
7. IDK
8. AKA
9. TL
10. BFF

- A. Шутки ради
- B. Я не знаю
- C. Лучшие друзья
- D. Мне все равно
- E. По моему мнению
- F. Также известный как
- G. Просто шучу
- H. Поговорим позже
- I. Как можно скорее
- J. Смеюсь в голос

1. ASAP – as soon as possible
2. IMO – in my opinion
3. LOL/LMAO - laugh out loud/ laughing My Ass Off
4. JK – just kidding
5. IDC – I don't care
6. J4F – just for fun
7. IDK – I don't know
8. AKA – also known as
9. TL – talk later
10. BFF – best friends forever

4U

10q

b4

NO1

CUL8ER

4U - for you

10q - thank you

b4 - before

NO1 - no one

CUL8ER - see you later

W8 - wait

1. To you
2. Forever
3. Great
4. To good to be true
5. You too
6. Date
7. See you
8. Today
9. See you later

1. Create your dialogue with acronyms (8)
2. Take a screenshot
3. Show the teacher



Homework

& = and
2 = two, to or too
2DAY = today
2MORROW = tomorrow
B – be
B4 = before
BF = boyfriend
BRO = brother
BT = but
C = see
D8 = date
F8 = fate
GF = girlfriend
GR8 = great
L8 = late
L8r = later
M8=mate
PLS = please
SIS = sister
U = you
UR = your
ASAP = as soon as possible
CUL = see you later
HAND = have a nice day

HRU = how are you
LOL = laughing out loud
LTNS = long time no see
MU = I miss you
IC = I see
RUOK – are you ok?
U4E = you forever.
X = kiss

Теперь попробуйте
прочсть и перевести:

A: I mu m8. Ltns. Hru?

B: Oh, I'm fine. I mu 2.
How is ur sis?

A: My sis is Ok. She is
on a d8 2day.

B: Ic. That's gr8. It's
getting l8. We should go
b4 It get's dark. I hope I
will cu l8r. Maybe
2morrow?

A: Ok! Hand. CUL.

A guy is at home making coffee and realises that he doesn't have any milk, so he grabs his keys from the table, unlocks his car and drives to the local shop. He buys the milk and leaves the shop and then notices that his keys are still in the locked car. The car doors are all locked and the windows are all done up. After thinking a while, he is driving home to make his coffee. How did he get into his car to drive home?

(He didn't break the lock or windows and didn't have a spare key).

It's an open-top car and he climbed in,
started the car and drove home.

Everyday, Beth Anderson leaves her London flat on the 24th floor and takes the lift down to the ground floor, where she takes a taxi to her job at the bakery. She works there all day selling London's finest cakes sausage rolls. After work, she goes home, gets in the lift and goes up. However, she always gets out at the 20th floor and walks up the final four flights of stairs home. If it's raining, she doesn't walk, but goes all the way to the 24th floor using the lift. Why?

She is very short and can't reach the 24th button. On a rainy day, she carries an umbrella and uses it to hit the button she needs. On a sunny day, she has to walk.

5 ways to use

join my Quiz

Messages

Champ

Edit

Great seeing you!

Lol, wuz gr8 2 c u 2
but omg gtg ttyl!

Send

Countable

Uncountable

10

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fXhrumZwZZk>

Much -?

Many-?

Few-?

Little-?

A few-?

A little-?

Much / many

1. We saw _____ animals at the zoo.
2. How _____ oranges did you put in the box?
3. There isn't _____ sugar in my coffee.
4. I don't have _____ friends.
5. The old man hasn't got _____ hair on his head.
6. I've packed _____ bottles of water.
7. I didn't get _____ sleep last night.
8. How _____ fruit do you eat in an average day?

СРАВНИТЕ!!!

few (little) означает мало (недостаточно), в то время как a few (a little) означает немного (в положительном смысле).



few

мало, недостаточно,
мне этого не хватит



a few

несколько, маловато,
но мне хватит.



Little

мало, недостаточно,
мне этого не хватит



a little

маловато,
но мне хватит.

ВСТАВЬТЕ **few, a few, little, a little.**

1. My parents give me _____ pocket money every week, so I can buy everything I need.
2. _____ animals can survive in the desert.
3. Could we have _____ champagne, please?
4. They've already been to Spain for _____ days.
5. At home, the kitchen was a pleasant place. There were always _____ flowers in pots.
6. 'How's your father?' '_____ better, thanks.'
7. 'Sandra is fluent in Italian, French and Spanish.' 'It's quite rare, _____ people can speak several foreign languages.'
8. Can you please buy _____ apples.
9. I only need _____ minutes to get ready.

1 a little,
2 few,
3 a little,
4 a few,
5 a few,
6 a little,
7 few,
8 a few,
9 a few

	Plural nouns	Uncountable nouns and verbs
A lot (of)	<p>MANY</p> <p>There are so many books to read!</p> <p>Have you got many friends?</p>	<p>MUCH</p> <p>Do you drink much coffee?</p> <p>No, I don't like it very much.</p>
Some but not much (a positive idea)	<p>A FEW</p> <p>I've got a few friends, so I'm not lonely.</p>	<p>A LITTLE</p> <p>They have a little money, so they are not poor.</p>
Nearly no ... or nearly nothing (a negative idea)	<p>FEW</p> <p>I've got few friends, so I'm sad and lonely.</p>	<p>LITTLE</p> <p>They have little money. They are very poor.</p>

*Вставьте в пропуски **many, much, few, little** по смыслу.*

ПРИМЕР

I can rest today, I have **few** things to do. (**мало**)

I am very busy today, I have **many** things to do. (**много**)

1. It was not a secret, _____ people knew about it.
2. I was a secret, _____ people knew about it.
3. She ate so _____ apple pie yesterday that she is never going to eat it again.
4. They ate so _____ oranges that they had a stomachache.
5. We can't get into the taxi, we are too _____
6. They were _____ and decided not to attack.
7. My sister did a lot of shopping and spent _____ money.
8. The old man was poor. He had _____ money to live on.
9. I have so _____ books to read that I don't know which to start with.
0. Nowadays he was very busy and he saw _____ of his old friends.

1. It was not a secret, **MANY** people knew about it.
2. I was a secret, **FEW** people knew about it.
3. She ate so **MUCH** apple pie yesterday that she is never going to eat it again.
4. They ate so **MANY** oranges that they had a stomachache.
5. We can't get into the taxi, we are too **MANY**
6. They were **FEW** and decided not to attack.
7. My sister did a lot of shopping and spent **MUCH** money.
8. The old man was poor. He had **LITTLE** money to live on.
9. I have so **MANY** books to read that I don't know what to start with.
10. Nowadays he was very busy and he saw **FEW** of his old friends.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rx1l51qxGbQ>

Fill the gaps.

1. How many people have the computer vision syndrome ?
2. Computer vision syndrome – what is it?
3. How many teenagers and adults in Asia are nearsighted?
4. What did e-book readers say after the experiment?

*What experiments were voiced in the video?

^{HW} *Вставьте в пропуски much, many, (a) little, (a) few по смыслу.*

1. There isn't _____ harm in that.
2. Give _____ milk to the kitten, please?
3. _____ was said but there are still _____ things I should like to add.
4. Susan returned to the city at the moment when _____ were leaving it.
5. I have so _____ things to do that I don't know which to do first.
6. I suggested that he should get _____ wine and some bread.
7. I began to miss London very _____
8. The cat has eaten so _____ that it can't move.
9. _____ was said (было сказано) but _____ was done (было сделано).
10. _____ heard about the book, but _____ read it.