

PATHANATOMY

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SEMESTER

Cholecystitis

Cholecystitis is inflammation of the gallbladder. The gallbladder is a small, pear-shaped organ on the right side of the belly (abdomen), beneath the liver. The gallbladder holds a digestive fluid (bile) that's released into the small intestine

- In most cases, gallstones blocking the tube leading out of the gallbladder cause cholecystitis. This results in a bile buildup that can cause inflammation.

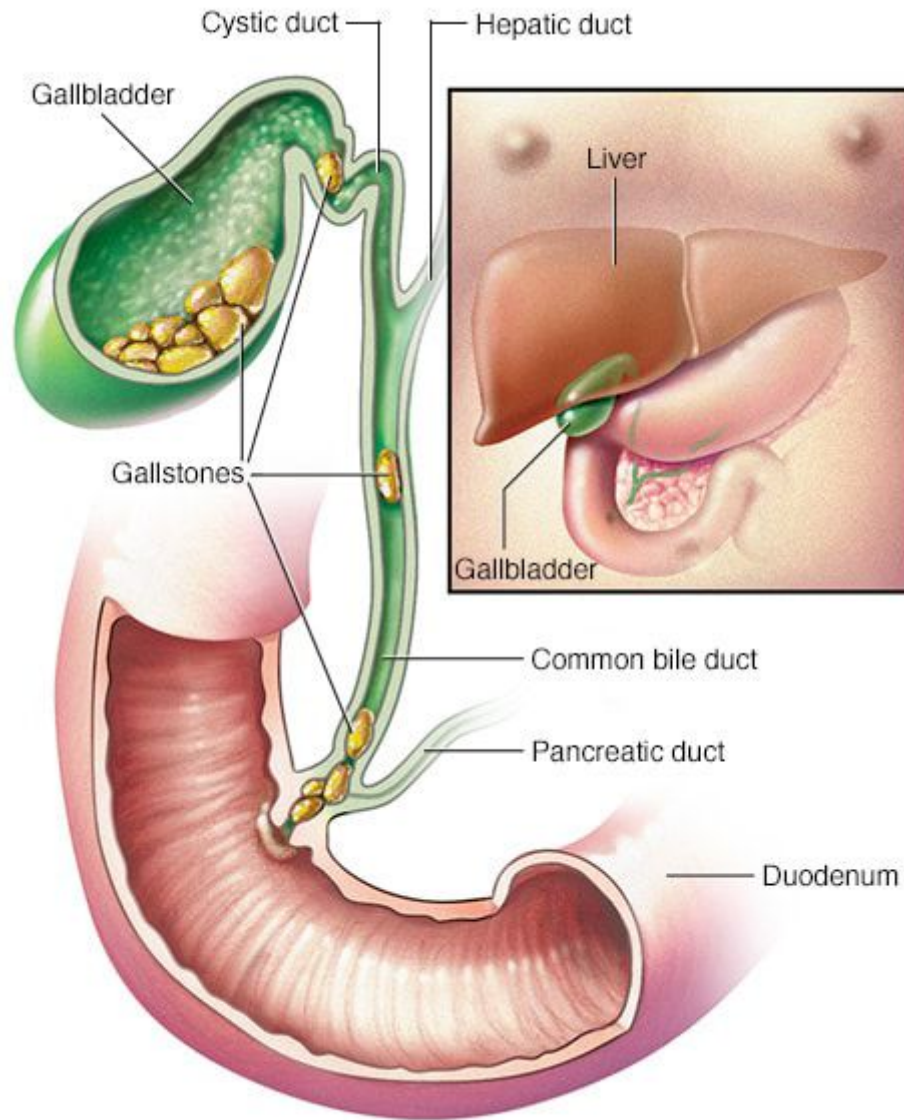
- Symptoms of cholecystitis may include:
- Severe pain in your upper right or center abdomen
- Pain that spreads to your right shoulder or back
- Tenderness over your abdomen when

- Cholecystitis is when your gallbladder is inflamed.

Causes

Gallbladder inflammation can be caused by :-

- **Gallstones.** Most often, cholecystitis is the result of hard particles that



- **Tumor.** A tumor may prevent bile from draining out of your gallbladder properly. This causes bile buildup that can lead to cholecystitis.

- **Bile duct blockage.** Stones or

- **Infection within the gallbladder.**

If bile builds up within

your

gallbladder,

causing

cholecystitis,

the bile may

become

infected

- **Death of gallbladder**

- **Lose weight slowly.**

Prevention
Rapid weight

loss can
III
increase the
risk of
gallstones.

- **Maintain a healthy weight.**

Being
overweight
makes you
more likely to

THANK YOU