

# **PATHANATOMY**

**DONE BY :- GROUP 06**

**SRIKAR**

**NITHIN**

**NANDINI**

**HIMA BINDU**

**SEMESTER :- 5<sup>th</sup>**

**SEMESTER**

# Cholecystitis

- Cholecystitis is inflammation of the gallbladder. The gallbladder is a small, pear-shaped organ on the right side of the belly (abdomen), beneath the liver. The gallbladder holds a digestive fluid (bile) that's released into the small intestine

- In most cases, gallstones blocking the tube leading out of the gallbladder cause cholecystitis. This results in a bile buildup that can cause inflammation.

- Symptoms of cholecystitis may include:
- Severe pain in your upper right or center abdomen
- Pain that spreads to your right shoulder or back
- Tenderness over your abdomen when

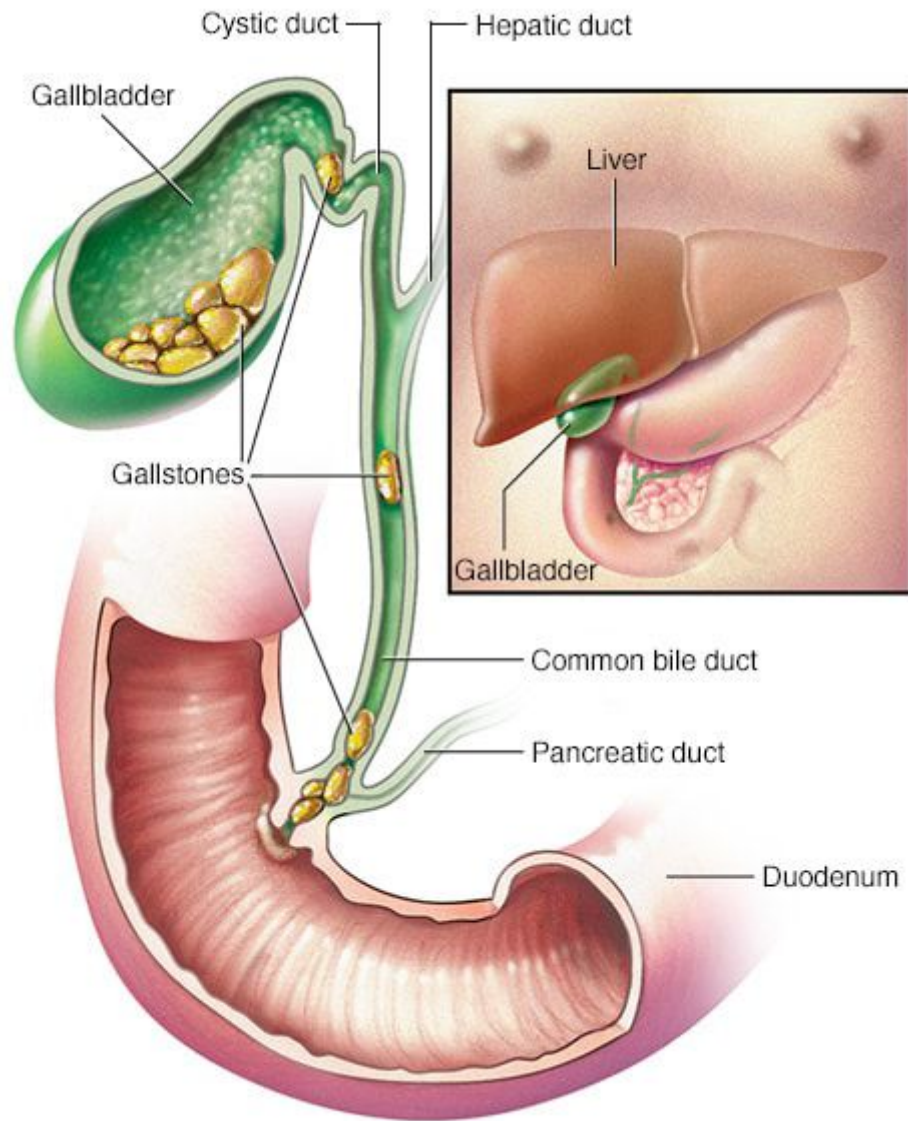
- Cholecystitis is when your gallbladder is inflamed.

## Causes

Gallbladder inflammation can be caused by :-

- **Gallstones.**

Most often, cholecystitis is the result of hard particles that



- **Tumor.** A tumor may prevent bile from draining out of your gallbladder properly. This causes bile buildup that can lead to cholecystitis.

- **Bile duct blockage.** Stones or

- **Infection within the gallbladder.**

If bile builds up within

your

gallbladder,

causing

cholecystitis,

the bile may

become

infected

- **Death of gallbladder**



- **Lose weight slowly.**

**Prevention**  
Rapid weight

loss can  
**III**  
increase the  
risk of  
gallstones.

- **Maintain a healthy weight.**

Being  
overweight  
makes you  
more likely to

**THANK YOU**