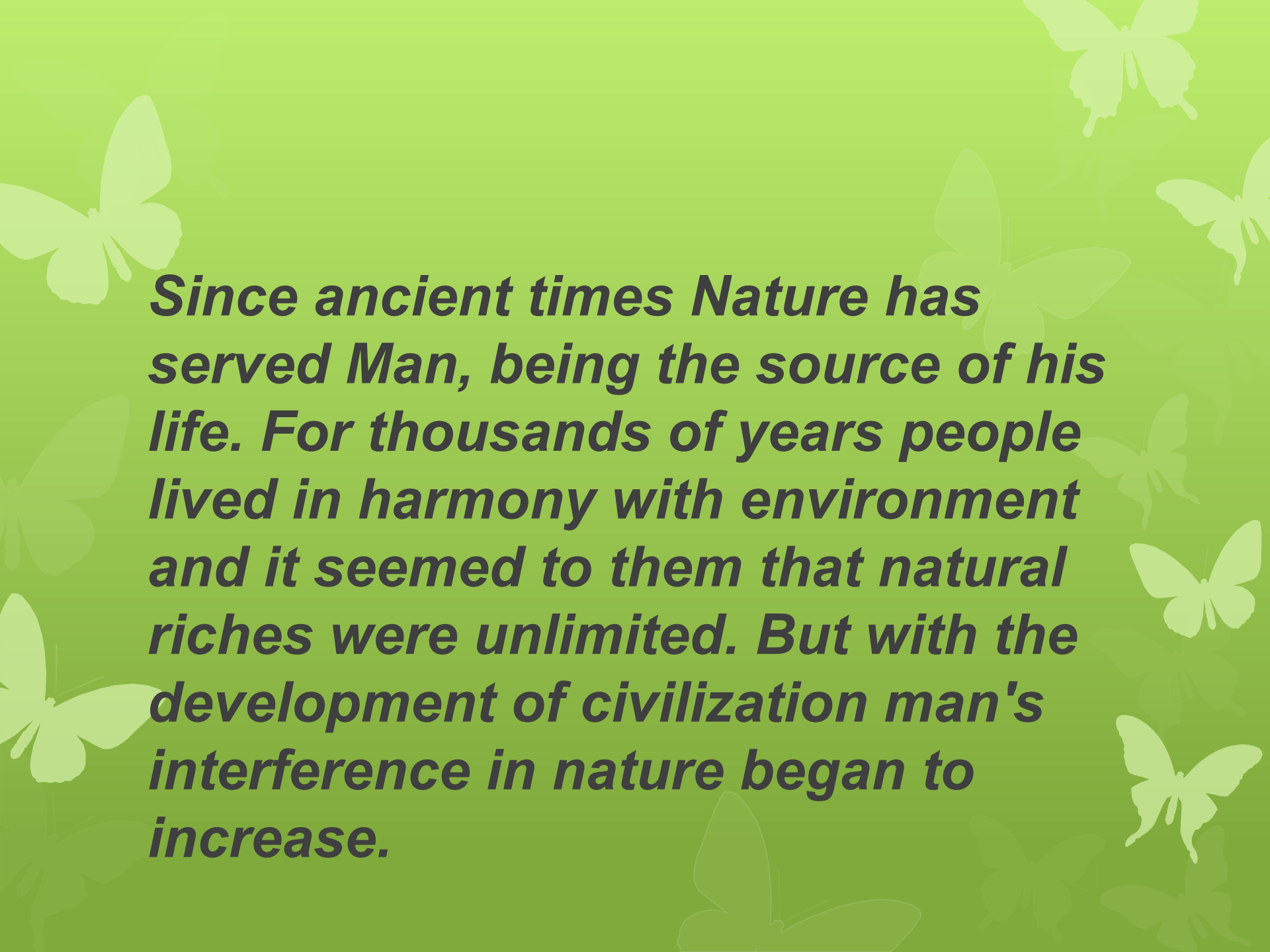


Presentation

«Ecological problems»



Since ancient times Nature has served Man, being the source of his life. For thousands of years people lived in harmony with environment and it seemed to them that natural riches were unlimited. But with the development of civilization man's interference in nature began to increase.

Large cities with thousands of smoky industrial enterprises appear all over the world today.



The by-products of their activity pollute the air we breathe, the water we drink, the land we grow grain and vegetables on.



WARNING: RADIATION HAZARD
RADIATION LEVELS FOR A FEW HOURS
MAY BE AS HIGH AS 1000 R/H. THIS AREA IS
RESTRICTED TO PERSONNEL ONLY.
ATTENCIÓN: PELIGRO DE RADIACIÓN
NIVEL DE RADIACIÓN ALGUNAS HORAS
PUEDE SER TAN ALTO COMO 1000 R/H.
OPREZHA: OPAZHOCTHO PA3AHOE

Every year world industry pollutes the atmosphere with about 1000 million tons of dust and other harmful substances. Many cities suffer from smog.





Vast forests are cut and burn in fire. Their disappearance upsets the oxygen balance. As a result some rare species of animals, birds, fish and plants disappear forever, a number of rivers and lakes dry up.



Lake Urmia. Left: 1985. Right: August 2010.



The most horrible ecological disaster befell Ukraine and its people after the Chernobyl tragedy in April 1986.



A great damage has been done to the agriculture, forests and people's health. The consequences of this explosion at the atomic power-station are tragic for the Ukrainian, Byelorussian and other nations.

Environmental protection is of a universal concern. That is why serious measures to create a system of ecological security should be taken.

Some progress has been already made in this direction. As many as 159 countries — members of the UNO — have set up environmental protection agencies.



The international organisation Greenpeace is also doing much to preserve the environment.



But these are only the initial steps and they must be carried onward to protect nature, to save life on the planet not only for the sake of the present but also for the future generations.