## The category of aspect

Карпова Александра РП-31

## <u>ASPECT</u>

It is the form of the verb which shows the character of the action from the point of view of its progress or its completion.

## There are two aspects in the Russian language which differ both in form and in meaning:

- 1) The perfective
  - Прочитал
- Сделал
- 2) Non-perfective
  - Читал
  - Сделал

As there are no such clear-cut distinctions between English verbs, many foreign grammarians are of the opinion that such a category does not exist in the English language.

They speak of <u>only tense distinctions</u> and thus find <u>four groups</u> of tenses:

- 1) Indefinite
- 2) <u>Continuous</u>,
- 3) <u>Perfect</u>
- 4) Perfect continuous

Russian grammarians recognize the existence of such a category in the English verb and say that aspect in English may be expressed in two ways: by lexical and grammatical means.

- By <u>lexical means</u> they understand the lexical character of the verb. It's a well-known fact that English verbs fall under <u>two classes</u>:
- \* terminative (those which denote an action implying a certain limit beyond which it cannot go: to come, to stop, to complete, etc.)
- \* durative (those which denote an action which does not imply any limit, that is without an end in view: to study, to carry, to keep, etc.)

- \* On the other hand, our grammarians claim that aspect distinctions in English may be expressed by means of grammatical forms.
- \* The most widely spread view on this point is that the category of aspect is expressed through the opposition of continuous/ non-continuous (or common) aspect forms (asks- is asking) in which the Common aspect is the unmarked member, whereas the Continuous aspect is marked, its marker is the combination "be + ing".

- \* As to their meaning the marked member (the Continuous aspect) has a specialized clear-cut meaning of an action in its progress, developing at a given moment;
- \* the unmarked member (the Common aspect) is very general, it represents an action as merely a state or a fact, therefore the best way of defining it is negatively, that is denoting no duration at all.