

Moods

There are three moods
(способи дієслова) in English:
The Indicative Mood (дійсний)
The Subjunctive Mood
(умовний)
and the Imperative Mood
(наказовий).

The Indicative Mood represents
an action as a real fact in
Present, Past and Future
Tense.

*She **leaves** with her mother.*

*A letter **came** from them today.*

*I **shall go** into the garden.*

The Subjunctive Mood
represents an action not as real
fact but as something that would
take place under certain
conditions, something desirable,
necessary or unreal,
unrealizable.

Умовний спосіб виражає дію не як реальну, а як таку, що могла б відбутися за певних умов, а також необхідну, бажану або нереальну, нездійсненну.

Oh, if I had but come last night.-
О, якби я тільки прийшла вчора
ввечері.

There are four forms of the
Subjunctive Mood in English:
The Conditional Mood,
The Suppositional Mood,
Subjunctive I and
Subjunctive II.

The

Conditional

Mood

The Conditional Mood
has two tenses:
the Present and the
Past.

The Present Conditional is formed by means of the auxiliary verbs should and would and the Indefinite Infinitive of the main verb.

I should/would work.

**He (she, it, you, they) would
work.**

The Present Conditional
expresses an action which
would take place under certain
conditions in the present or
future.

*But for the rain we would work
in the garden today.-*

*Якби не дощ, ми працювали
сьогодні в саду.*

The Past Conditional is formed by means of the auxiliary verbs should and would and the Perfect Indefinite of the main verb.

*I (we) **should/would have worked.***

*He (she, it, you, they) **would have worked.***

The Past Conditional is used to express an action which would have taken place under certain conditions in the past.

*She **would have bought** a watch but the shop was closed.*