

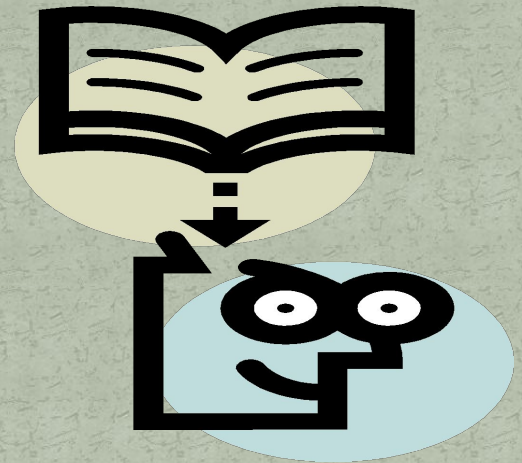


TYPES OF QUESTIONS IN ENGLISH

Подготовила преподаватель английского языка
«Пинковичской средней школы имени Якуба
Коласа» Пинского района Лящук Елена Геннадьевна

THERE ARE FIVE TYPES OF QUESTIONS IN ENGLISH

- YES/NO QUESTIONS
- SPECIAL QUESTIONS
- SUBJECT QUESTIONS
- QUESTION TAGS
- ALTERNATIVE QUESTIONS



YES/NO QUESTIONS

(questions without questions words, questions are usually formed by changing the word order; this means the auxiliary or modal verb comes before the subject).

Can she type?

Will you help me?

WORD ORDER IN YES/NO QUESTIONS (ПОРЯДОК СЛОВ В ОБЩИХ ВОПРОСАХ)

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Auxiliary verb (вспомогательный глагол) | subject (подлежащее) | object (сказуемое) | additional parts of the sentence (второстепенные члены предложения) |
| Will | you | help | me? |

SPECIAL QUESTIONS

(start with a question word)

Who did you go out?

Where did you meet her?

What is your name?

QUESTION WORDS

Who-кто?

Where-где?

What-что?

When-когда?

Why-почему?

How-как?

Whose-чей?

WORD ORDER IN SPECIAL QUESTIONS

(порядок слов в специальных вопросах)

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Question word(вопросительное слово) Where | auxiliary verb(вспомогательный глагол) did | Subject(подлежащее) you | Object (сказуемое) meet | additional parts of the sentence(второстепенные члены предложения) her? |

SUBJECT QUESTIONS

(If who, which or what are the subject of the question)

subject object
Harry loves Jane.

Who loves Jane?

Subject object
Marry helped George.

Who did Mary help?



WORD ORDER IN SUBJECT QUESTIONS

(порядок слов в вопросах к подлежащему)

1

Begin with “who, what, which...”
Начинаются с «who, what,
which...»
Who

2

Direct word order
Прямой порядок слов
loves Jane?

QUESTION TAGS

(We use them for confirmation of or agreement to our statement. We form question tags with an auxiliary verb and a personal pronoun.)

He can drive, can't he?

WORD ORDER IN QUESTION TAGS

(порядок слов в разделительных вопросах)

| 1 | 2 |
|--|--|
| <p data-bbox="272 704 792 811">Direct word order (прямой порядок слов)</p> <p data-bbox="386 932 678 975">He can drive,</p> | <p data-bbox="1296 704 1503 811">“a tag” (хвостик)</p> <p data-bbox="1306 932 1493 975">can't he?</p> |

THE RULES OF FORMATION QUESTIONS TAGS

| 1 | 2 |
|-------------------------|----------------|
| + He can drive, | - can't he? |
| - He can't drive, | + can he? |

ALTERNATIVE QUESTIONS

Begin with an auxiliary verb +
“or”

Does he help you every day or every
other day?

WORD ORDER IN ALTERNATIVE QUESTIONS (порядок слов в альтернативных вопросах)

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|---|--|--|--|-----------------------|---|
| <p>Auxiliary verb (вспомогательный глагол)</p> <p>Does</p> | <p>subject (подлежащее)</p> <p>he</p> | <p>Object (сказуемое)</p> <p>help</p> | <p>additional parts of the sentence (второстепенные члены предложения)</p> <p>you every day</p> | <p>“or” (или)</p> | <p>additional parts of the sentence (второстепенные члены предложения)</p> <p>every other day?</p> |