ҚР ДЕНСАУЛЫҚ САҚТАУ МИНИСТРЛІГІ

С.Д.АСФЕНДИЯРОВ АТЫНДАҒЫ

ҚАЗАҚ ҰЛТТЫҚ МЕДИЦИНА УНИВЕРСИТЕТІ



МИНИСТЕРСТВО ЗДРАВООХРАНЕНИЯ РК

КАЗАХСКИЙ НАЦИОНАЛЬНЫЙ МЕДИЦИНСКИЙ

УНИВЕРСИТЕТ ИМЕНИ С.Д.АСФЕНДИЯРОВА

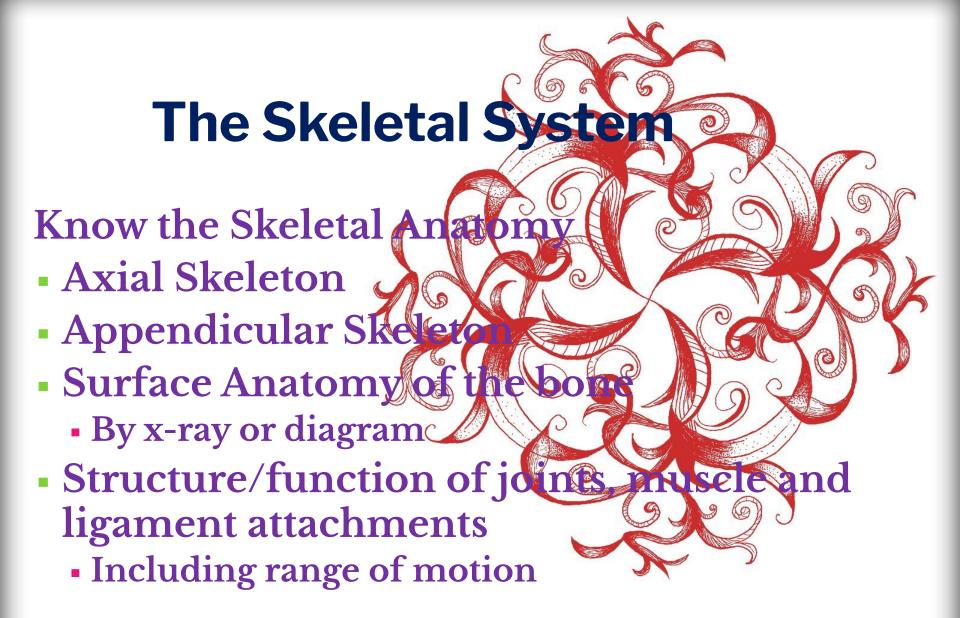
Independent work of students of English

The Skeleton pared by:, Skeleton pared by:, Checked by: Totanova Nazgul

Almaty

Skeletal System - Functions

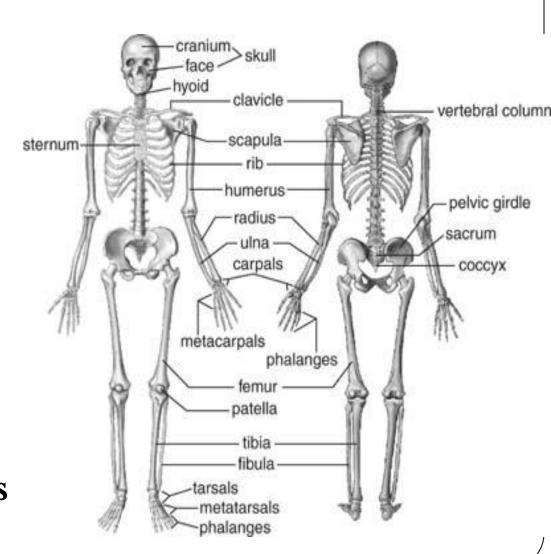
- Support & shape to body
- Protection of internal organs
- Movement in union with muscles
- Storage of minerals (calcium, phosphorus) & lipids
- Blood cell production





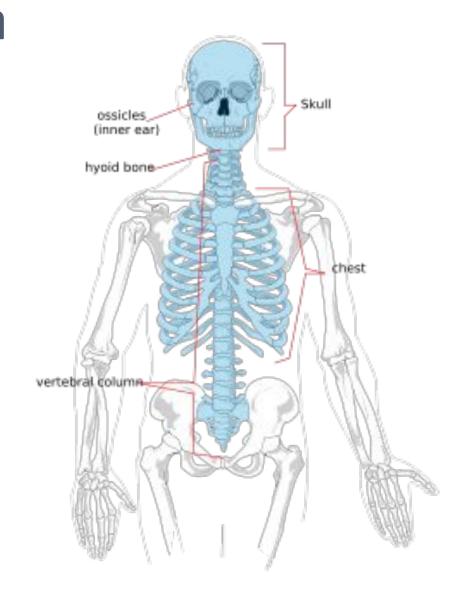
Human Skeleton

- 206 Bones
 - Axial skeleton: (80 bones) in skull, vertebrae, ribs, sternum, hyoid bone
- Appendicular
 Skeleton: (126 bones)upper & lower
 extremities plus two
 girdles
- Half of bones in hands& feet



Axial Skeleton (80)

- Skull
- Ossicles of the middle ear
- Hyoid bone
- Thorax or chest
- Vertebral column



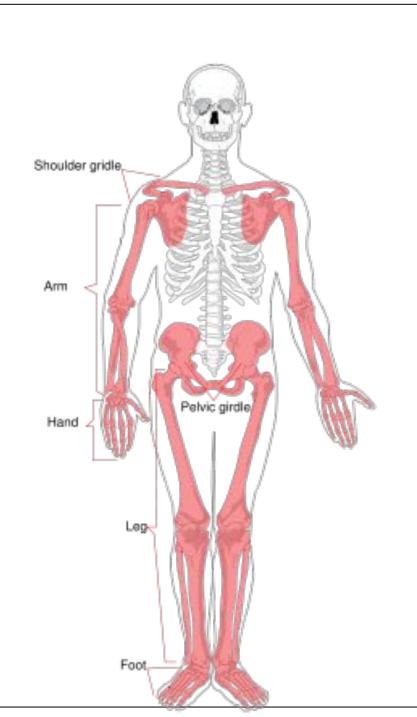
Appendicular Skeleton (126)

Upper Extremity (64)

- Shoulder Girdle
- Arms
- Hands

Lower Extremity (62)

- Pelvic Girdle
- Legs
- Feet



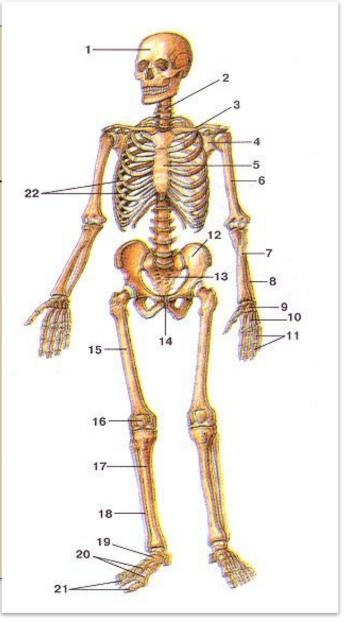
Types of Bone

- Long bones: longer than they are wide; shaft & 2 ends (e.g.: bones of arms & legs, except wrist, ankle & patella)
- Short bones: roughly cube-shaped (e.g.: ankle & wrist bones)
- Sesamoid bones: short bones within tendons (e.g.: patella)
- Flat bones: thin, flat & often curved (e.g.,: sternum, scapulae, ribs & most skullbones)
- Irregular bones: odd shapes; don't fit into other classes (e.g.: hip bones & vertebrae)

22 bones in skull6 in middle ears1 hyoid bone26 in vertebral colur25 in thoracic cage

4 in pectoral girdle60 in upper limbs60 in lower limbs2 in pelvic girdle

206 bones in all



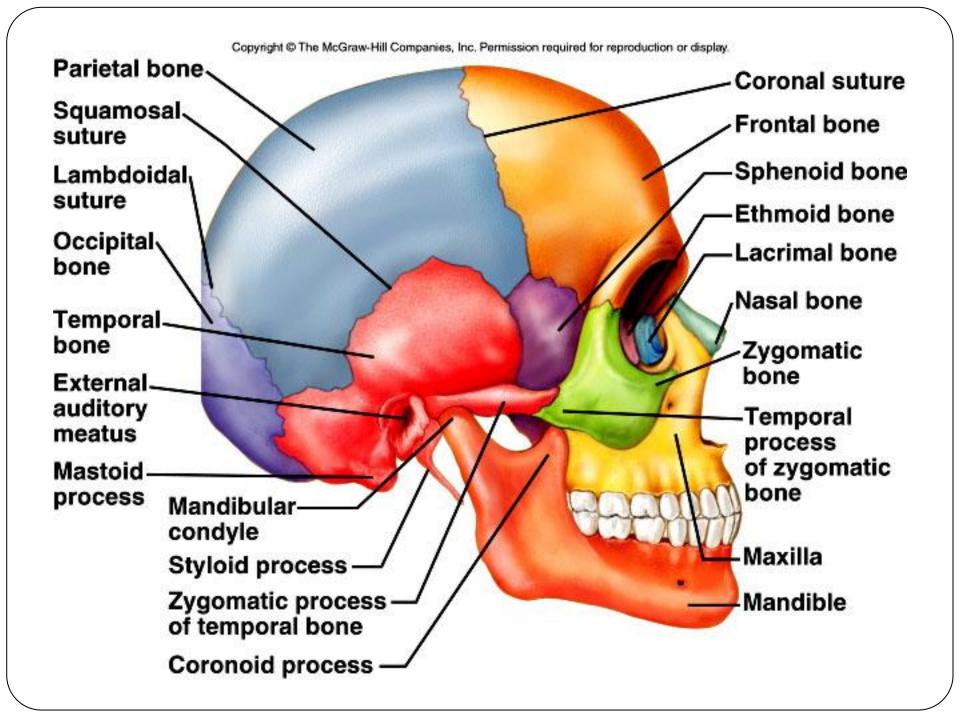
The skull

8 sutured bones in cranium Facial bones: 13 sutured bones,

1 mandible

Cranium encases brain attachments for muscles sinuses



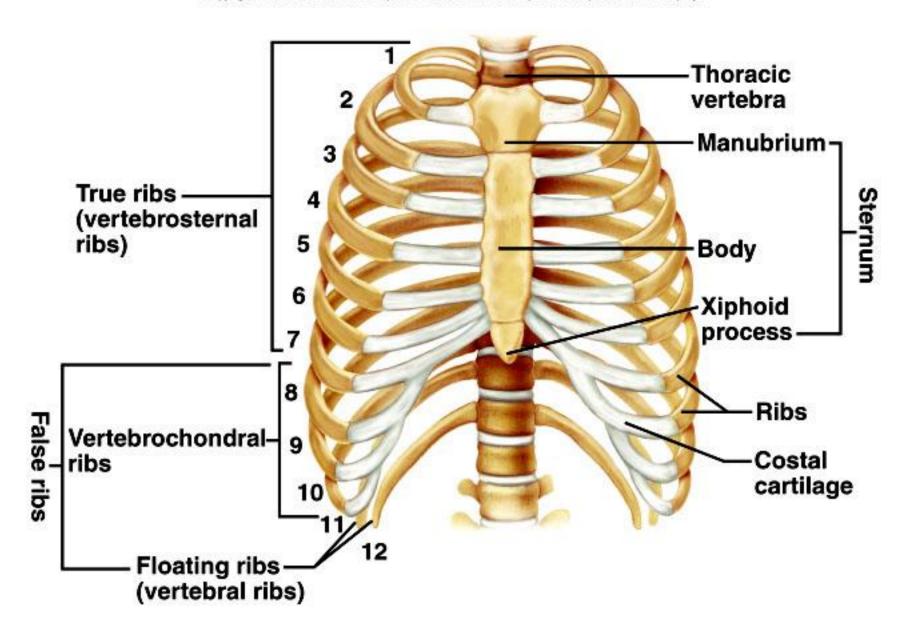


Thoracic cage

- ribs
- thoracic vertebrae
- sternum
- costal cartilages
- True ribs are directly attached to the sternum (first seven pairs)
- Three false ribs are joined to the 7th rib

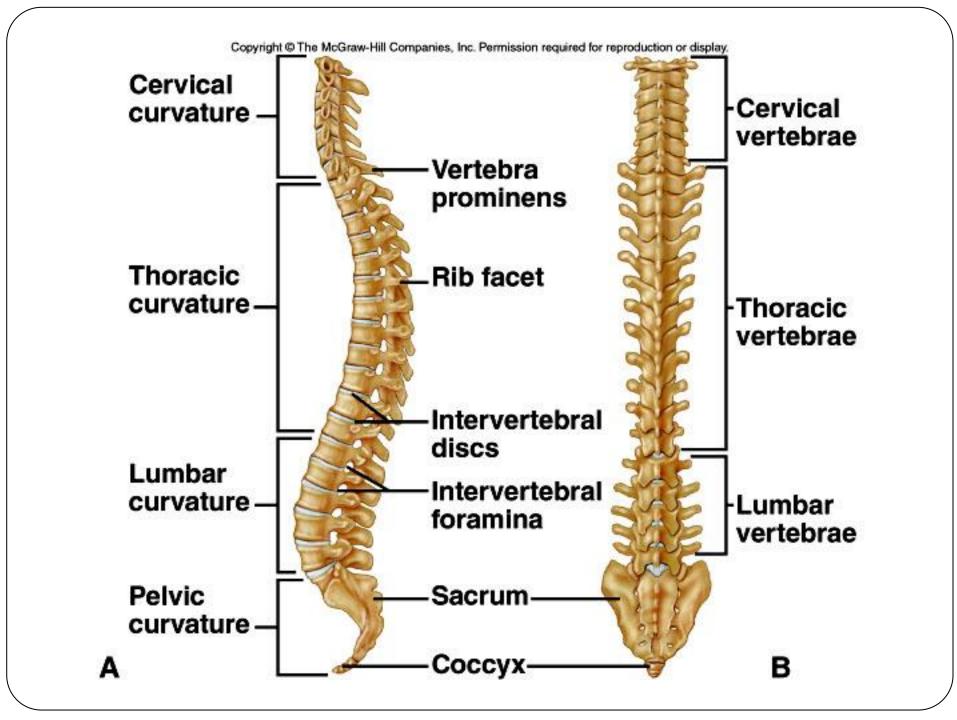
Two pairs of floating ribs

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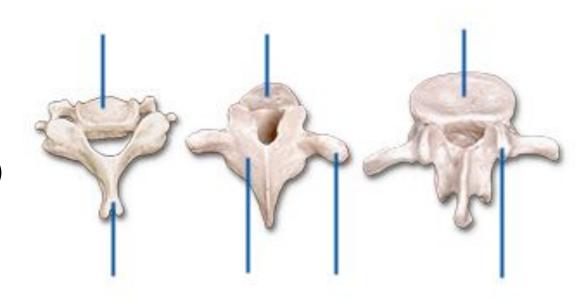
Vertebral column

- ☐ 7 cervial vertebrae
- ☐ 12 thoracic
- □ 5 lumbar
- □ 1 sacrum (5 fused)
- □ 1 coccyx (4 fused)



Types of Vertebrae

- Cevical (7)
 - Atlas
 - Axis
- Thoracic (12)
- Lumbar (5)



Cervical Vertebrae



- Atlas 1st; supports head
- $Axis 2^{nd}$; dens pivots to turn head

Thoracic Vertebrae

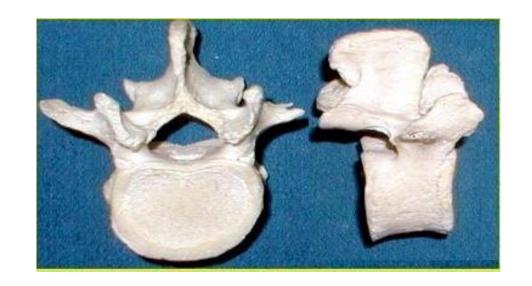
long spinous processes

• rib facets



Lumbar Vertebrae

- large bodies
- thick, short spinous processes



Bone Cells

- Osteoblasts bone forming cells synthesize and secrete unmineralized ground substance and are found in areas of high metabolism within the bone
- Osteocytes mature bone cells made from osteoblasts that have made bone tissue around themselves. They maintain healthy bone tissue by secreting enzymes and controlling the bone mineral content; they also control the calcium release from the bone tissue to the blood.
- Osteogenic cells respond to traumas, such as fractures, by giving rise to bone-forming cells and bone-destroying cells
- Osteoclasts bone absorbing cell large cells that break down bone tissue important to growth, healing, remodeling
- Bone lining cells made from osteoblasts along the surface of most bones in an adult. Bone-lining cells

Types of Skeletal Cartilage

- Hyaline Cartilages: fine collagen fiber matrixmost abundant type- found in articular (movable joint) cartilages, costal cartilages (connect ribs tosternum), respiratory cartilages (in larynx & upper respiratory passageways) & nasal cartilages
- Elastic Cartilages: similar to hyaline cartilage, more elastic fibers (very flexible) found in external ear & epiglottis (larynx covering)
- Fibrocartilage: rows of chondrocytes with thick collagen fibers; highly compressible with great tensile strength- found in menisci of knee, intervertebral discs & pubic symphysis