## Television Dmitrieva Asya





Between 1941 and 1945 all television broadcasts in the nation were interrupted because of Nazi Germany's invasion of the Soviet Union. During these early years, most television programs were about life in the Soviet Union, cultural activities and sports.

- In 1960 a second national television channel was established.

  In the 1970s and 1980s, television become the preeminent mass medium Moscow, the base from which most of the television stations broadcast, transmitted some 90 percent of the country's programs, with the help of more than 350 stations.
- In 1991, the Soviet era Gosteleradio state system included four national television channels, 52 stations in the former Soviet republics and 78 regional stations in the Russian Federation.

  Today there are about 15,000 transmitters in the country.

  Development of domestic digital TV transmitters, led within "Multichannel" research program, had already been finished.

## Development of television in

