LONDON

City, capital of the United Kingdom and the centre of the Commonwealth. It lies astride the River Thames in southeastern England, 80 km from the river's estuary on the North Sea. The city was once the industrial, commercial, and political hub of a wealthy and extensive empire; it continues to be the United



HISTORY

Founded by the Romans as Londinium in the 1st century AD, the town experienced tremendous growth in trade and population during the late 16th and early 17th centuries. Extensive building projects were initiated after the Great Fire of 1666, and London became the



Heavy damage from aerial bombings during World War II brought the greatest setback in the history of modern London. Reconstruction and new development restored much of the city's grandeur, and relocation of manufacturing and shipping outside the city shrank its population and hastened its transition to a centre of



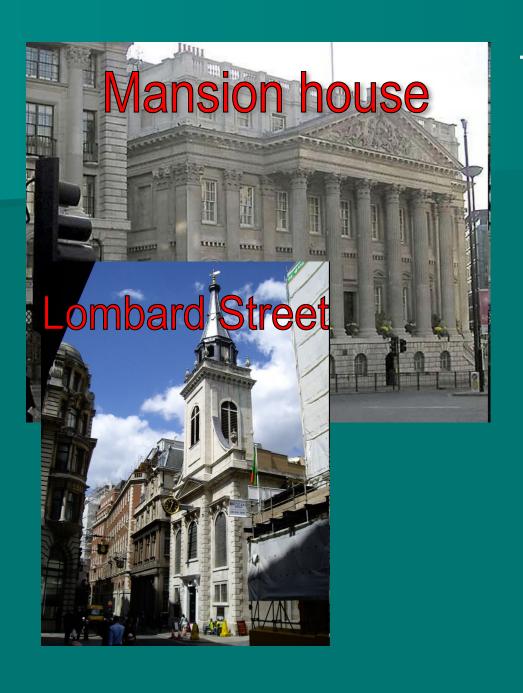


The City of London

The City of London, about 2.7 square km in area, is the core of an area called Inner, or Central, London, which contains the City

of London Greater Lo





The central point in the City of London is an open space from which eight streets radiate. On the southern side is Mansion House, residence of the lord mayor of London. Lombard Street, the traditional banking street, is nearby, as are the Bank of England headquarters, the Royal Exchange,

To the east is the fortress-castle known as the Tower of London, whose core dates from the late 11th century and is

surr peri



To the west lie the Inns of Court, longtime chambers and offices of barristers and lawyers-in-training, and the Royal Courts



The City of London and the City of Westminster are linked by the Strand, an avenue upon which are located two of London's oldest churches, St. Clement

St. Clement Dane's and St. Mary-le-Strand. Church



The City of Westminster

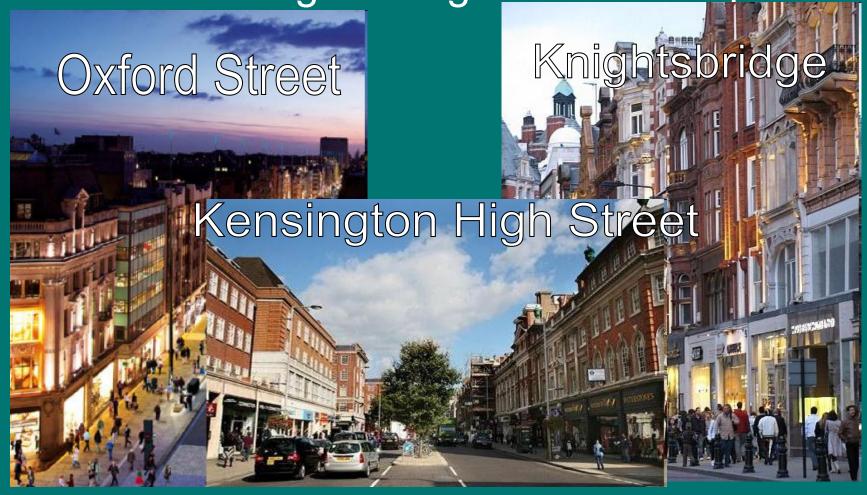
The City of Westminster, which stretches along the River Thames, is one of the country's wealthiest boroughs and is famed for its commitment to historic renovation. It includes Westminster Abbey and Westminster Cathedral, Buckingham Palace, the principal government offices,

important sl luxury hotel Gallery.

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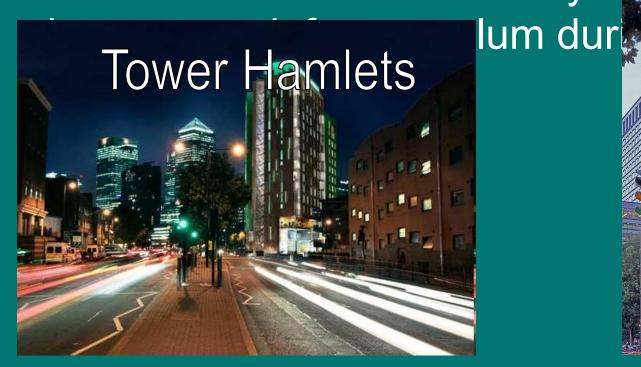


Retail shopping areas are concentrated around Oxford Street. Kensington High Street and Knightsbridge are also major



East End

London's East End, containing neighbourhoods such as Aldgate and Whitechapel, now constitutes the borough of Tower Hamlets. The area is historically associated with the Cockney dialect and



West End



Parks, gardens, and churchyards abound in Inner London. The most celebrated parklands are the six royal parks that sweep through London's West End:

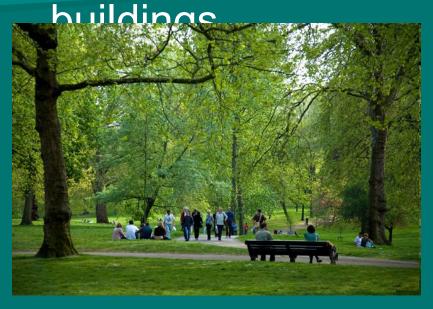
 St. James's Park, oldest of the six central royal parks, bordered on the north by the half-mile-long Mall that terminates at the



 Buckingham Palace Gardens, bordered on the east by the royal residence



 Green Park, plainest of the royal parks but fringed on the east by lavish, once-private





Hyde Park, with its famous Speakers' Corner for soapbox orators





 the more elegant Kensington Gardens, with the Victorian Gothic Albert Memorial and an 80-acre (32-hectare) cultural





 Regent's Park, home of the Zoological Gardens and Regent's (Grand Union)



The development of the city's outlying areas was promoted by the opening of the world's first electric underground railway in





The London (Heathrow) International Airport is located in the western reaches of Greater London

Melcome to London