THE BILL OF RIGHTS

Congress or THE United States began and held at the City of Nicyted or Williamley the Fresh of March, on March was handed and eighty me

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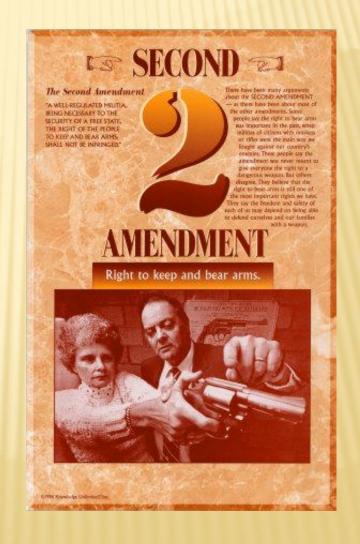
- The 1st Amendment guarantees freedom of religion, speech, the press, assembly, and petition.
- This means that all have the right to:
- practice any religion they want to
- to speak freely
- to assemble (meet)
- to address the government (petition)
- to publish newspapers, TV, radio, Internet (press)





2ND AMENDMENT

□ The 2nd Amendment protects the right to bear arms, which means the right to own a



3RD AMENDMENT

- The 3rd Amendment says "No soldier shall, in time of peace be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law."
- This means that we cannot be forced to house or quarter soldie

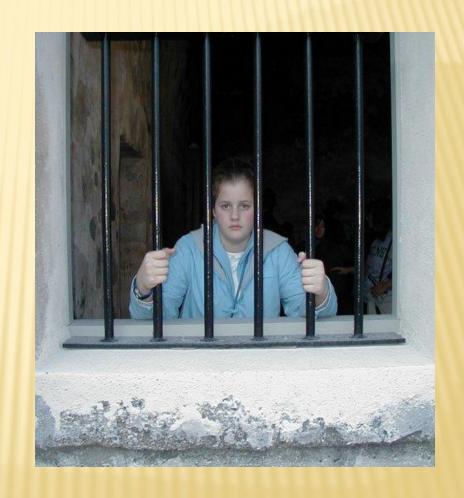
- The 4th Amendment protects the people from unreasonable searches and seizures.
- This means that the police must have a warrant to enter our homes. It also means the government cannot take our property, papers, or us, without a valid warrant based on probable cause (good reason).

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- The 5th Amendment protects people from being held for committing a crime unless they are properly indicted, (accused)
- You may not be tried twice for the same crime (double jeopardy)
- You don't have to testify against yourself in court. (Self-incrimination)

- The 6th Amendment
 guarantees a speedy trial
 (you can't be kept in jail for
 over a year without a trial)
- an impartial jury (doesn't already think you are guilty)
- that the accused can confront witnesses against them
- the accused must be allowed to have a lawyer



- The 7th Amendment guarantees the right to a speedy civil trial.
- A civil trial differs from a criminal trial. A civil trial is when someone sues someone else. A criminal trial is when the state tries to convict someone of a crimo

The 8th **Amendment** guarantees that punishments will be fair and not cruel, and that extraordinarily large fines will not be set.







- All rights not stated in the Constitution and not forbidden by the Constitution belong to the people.
- This means that the states can do what they want if the Constitution does not forbid it.





The 10th Amendment states that any power not granted to the federal government belongs to the states or to

the people.







