

THE BILL OF RIGHTS

Congress of the United States begun and held at the City of New York, on Wednesday the fourth of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty nine.

THE Senate of which the bills have been sent to the House of Representatives, except when in the regular course of business the House has been adjourned, do hereby certify that the following Bill has passed both Houses of Congress, and that the same has been approved by the President of the United States.

ARTICLES in addition to, and Amendment of the Constitution of the United States of America, proposed by Congress, and ratified by the States.

- Article the first. All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.
- Article the second. The Senate shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for six Years; and each Senator shall have one Vote.
- Article the third. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States; and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.
- Article the fourth. No State shall be deprived of equal Footing with other States; nor shall any State, without the Consent of the Congress, lay any Tax on Imports or Exports, enter into any Compact or Agreement with another State, or with a foreign Power, grant any Privilege of Trade or Commerce to one State over another, or engage in War against another State, without the Consent of the Congress, except in the Case of self-Defence, or when authorized by the Congress.
- Article the fifth. No State shall be obliged to furnish Troops, or other Military Force, for the Use of another State, or of the United States, without the Consent of the Congress.
- Article the sixth. No State shall be liable for the Debt or Contract of another State.
- Article the seventh. No State shall be liable for the Debt or Contract of another State.
- Article the eighth. No State shall be liable for the Debt or Contract of another State.
- Article the ninth. No State shall be liable for the Debt or Contract of another State.
- Article the tenth. No State shall be liable for the Debt or Contract of another State.

Approved

Thomas Mifflin, President of the House of Representatives

John Adams, Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate

John Adams, President of the United States

1ST AMENDMENT

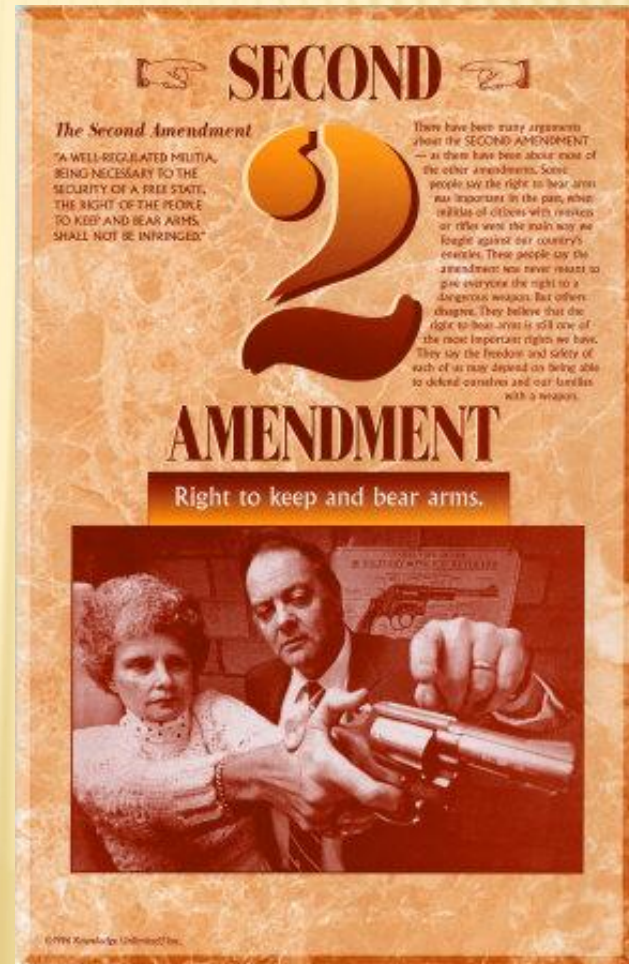


- The **1st Amendment** guarantees freedom of religion, speech, the press, assembly, and petition.
- This means that all have the right to:
 - practice any religion they want to
 - to speak freely
 - to assemble (meet)
 - to address the government (petition)
 - to publish newspapers, TV, radio, Internet (press)



2ND AMENDMENT

- The 2nd Amendment protects the right to bear arms, which means the right to own a gun.



3RD AMENDMENT

- The 3rd Amendment says “No soldier shall, in time of peace be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.”
- This means that we cannot be forced to house or quarter soldiers.



4TH AMENDMENT

- The 4th Amendment protects the people from unreasonable searches and seizures.
- This means that the police must have a warrant to enter our homes. It also means the government cannot take our property, papers, or us, without a valid warrant based on probable cause (good reason).

Wednesday, March 31, 1999 11:08 PM Richard Ball 3326438

MR 31 '99 23:40 P# TO 033704208 P

Wednesday, March 31, 1999 12:07 PM Richard Ball 3326438

03/31/1999 21:54 011937170 EAST LANSING POLICE PAGE 01

STATE OF MICHIGAN CARE NUMBER
549 RADICAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR SEARCH WARRANT

POLICE APT NUMBER
1125-C-09

08. Most Search officers were that

1. The persons, places, or things to be searched as described in and to be listed at below, located at 3100 W. Lake Lansing Road, East Lansing, County of Ingham.

2. The Property to be searched for and seized, if found, is specifically described as

Photographs and negatives procured by Major's Police Department submitted by David McCreary which contain evidence of property damage to James Timothy Felt's Department vehicle and other property damage that occurred in East Lansing on March 27-28, 1999.

3. The FACTS establishing probable cause for the grounds for the search are:

A. Affiant is a police officer with the East Lansing Police Department and has been employed for approximately 2 years. Affiant was dispatched to Major's on information that someone had been brought to the precinct and the drug registration request from the east Lansing on March 27, 1999.

B. At approximately 10:00 a.m. on March 27, 1999, a large number of individuals at the East Lansing High School (2000) campus were viewed a civil disorder on a scale of five (5) East Lansing Police officers that evening. The riot lasted until approximately 6:00 a.m. on March 28, 1999.

C. During the riot, a large amount of property damage occurred at East Lansing and the adjacent City of East Lansing, including damage that occurred to 2. David Timothy Felt's vehicle that was located at approximately 3100 W. Lake Lansing and during the riot in the riot. This riot occurred at 3100 W. Lake Lansing and during the riot in the riot. This riot occurred at 3100 W. Lake Lansing and during the riot in the riot.

*McCreary
Rto
1/10/99*





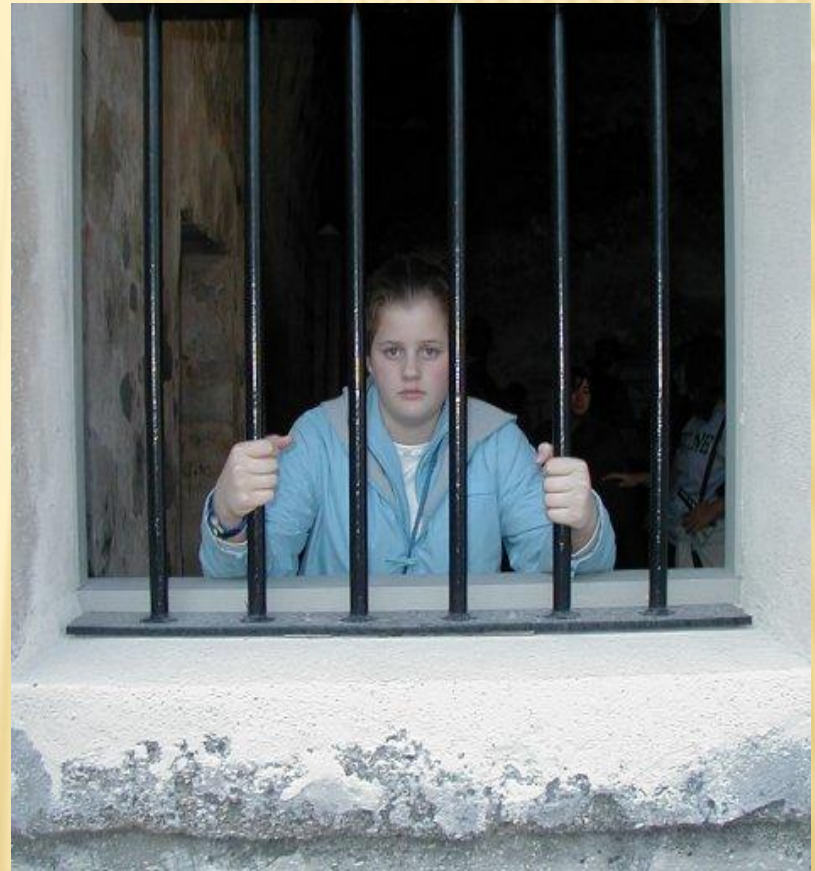
5TH AMENDMENT

- The **5th Amendment** protects people from being held for committing a crime unless they are properly indicted, (accused)
- You may not be tried twice for the same crime (double jeopardy)
- You don't have to testify against yourself in court. (Self-incrimination)



6TH AMENDMENT

- The 6th Amendment guarantees a speedy trial (you can't be kept in jail for over a year without a trial)
- an impartial jury (doesn't already think you are guilty)
- that the accused can confront witnesses against them
- the accused must be allowed to have a lawyer



7TH AMENDMENT

- The 7th Amendment guarantees the right to a speedy civil trial.
- A civil trial differs from a criminal trial. A civil trial is when someone sues someone else. A criminal trial is when the state tries to convict someone of a crime.

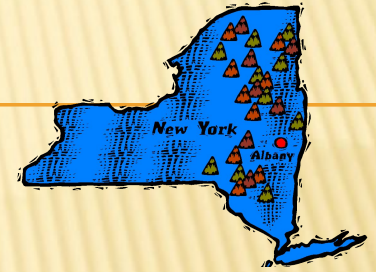


8TH AMENDMENT

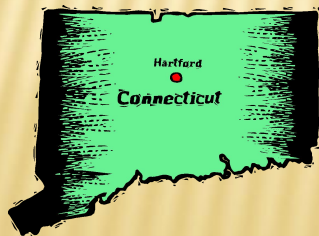
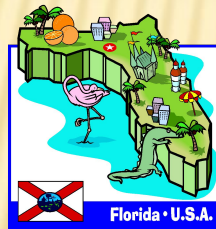
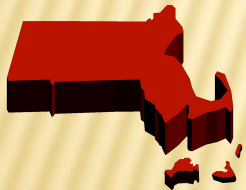
- The 8th Amendment guarantees that punishments will be fair and not cruel, and that extraordinarily large fines will not be set.



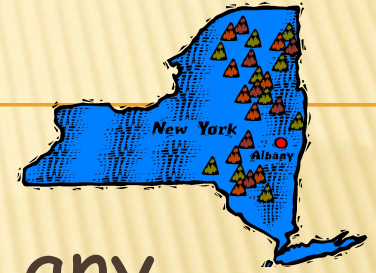
9TH AMENDMENT



- All rights not stated in the Constitution and not forbidden by the Constitution belong to the people.
- This means that the states can do what they want if the Constitution does not forbid it.



10TH AMENDMENT



- The 10th Amendment states that any power not granted to the federal government belongs to the states or to the people.

