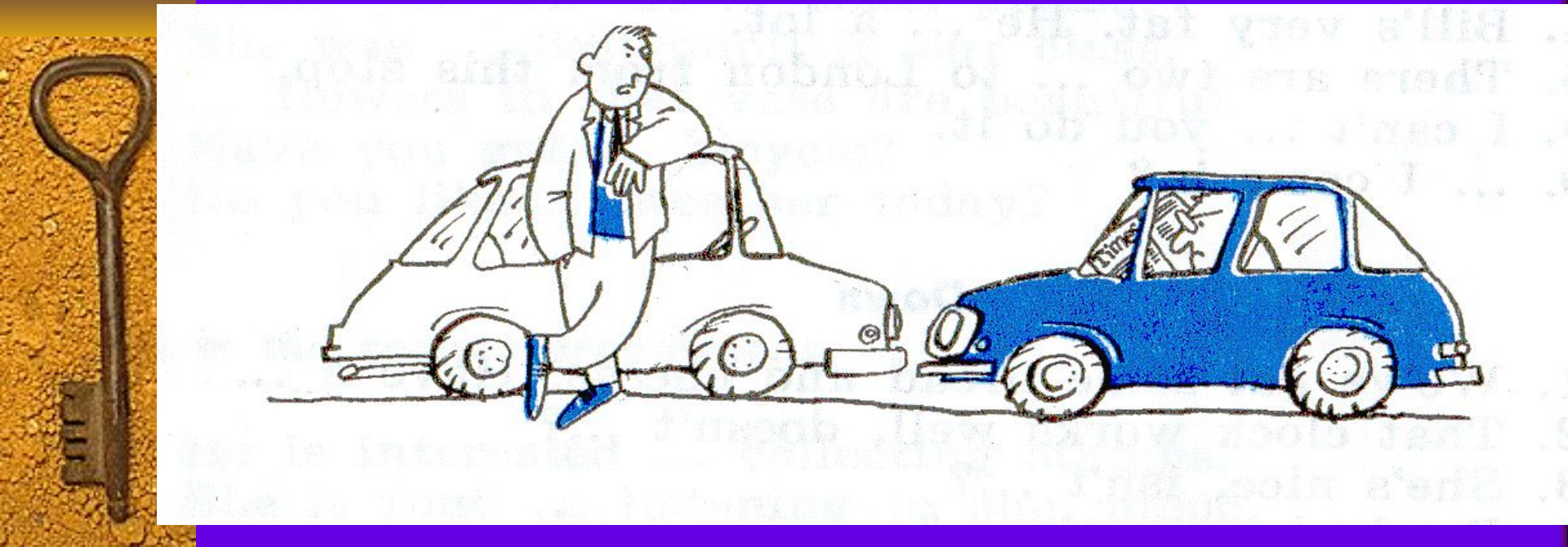




# Stas

The Gerund

Герундий



“When you finish reading , won`t you give the paper to me?”

What do you think what part of speech is it?



# Герундий

- ◆ Неличная форма глагола, КОТОРАЯ ОБЛАДАЕТ СВОЙСТВАМИ КАК ГЛАГОЛА, ТАК И СУЩЕСТВИТЕЛЬНОГО.
- ◆ В русском языке нет соответствия герундию

# Функции герундия в предложении

◆ Подлежащее

Reading books is  
useful.

Чтение книг  
полезно.





# Дополнение

◆ Прямое

А) после глаголов:

to like,  
to love,  
to enjoy,  
to hate,  
to mind,  
to remember,  
to begin,  
to continue,  
to finish:

◆ I like playing tennis.

Я люблю играть в теннис

We began talking.

Мы начали разговаривать.



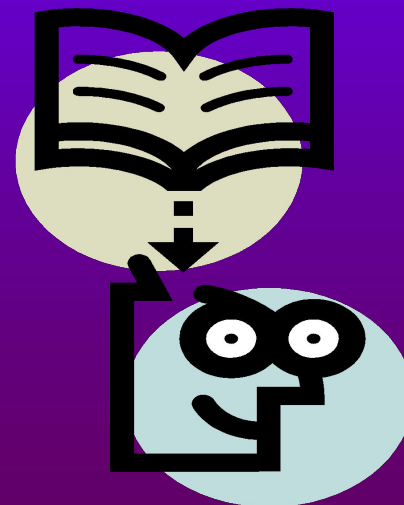
## Б) предложное

- ◆ После глагола с предлогом.

to thank for  
to depend on  
to object to  
to think of  
to hear of

When do you think of  
going there?

Когда вы думаете  
поехать туда?





◆ Прилагательное с предлогом.

◆ I am fond of skating.

Я люблю кататься на коньках.

to be fond of  
to be tired of  
to be interested in  
to be afraid of





## Часть составного глагольного сказуемого

◆ I enjoy listening to music.

Я люблю слушать музыку.

The manager has finished dictating a letter to  
a secretary.

Заведующий закончил диктовать письмо  
секретарю.



# Часть составного именного сказуемого

- ◆ My task was looking  
after my sister.
- ◆ Моей задачей было  
смотреть за младшей  
сестрой.



# Обстоятельство

- ◆ After reading a text, we wrote a dictation.
- ◆ После того как мы прочитали текст (прочитав текст) мы писали диктант.





- ◆ Образуется путём прибавления окончания *-ing* к неопределённой форме глагола (инфинитиву)



# Правила написания

- ◆ Если инфинитив заканчивается на согласную букву, которой предшествует краткий гласный, то согласная буква удваивается:

To run - running

- ◆ Если инфинитив заканчивается на немую букву – e, эта буква опускается:

to come - coming

- В остальных случаях изменений основы не происходит:

To read - reading

To study - studying





## Write Gerund form.


- ◆ To influence,  
to recite, to play,  
to study, to enjoy,  
to run, to begin,  
to put, to conduct,  
to sit, to stay.



# Use the words to make the words combinations.

- ◆ Love
  - Playing games
- ◆ Like
  - Flying by plain
- ◆ Enjoy
  - Reading in bed
- ◆ Hate
  - Going to cafes
- ◆ Don't mind
  - Getting up early
- ◆ Don't like
  - Traveling by bus
  - Doing exercises
  - Washing and ironing
  - Learning English



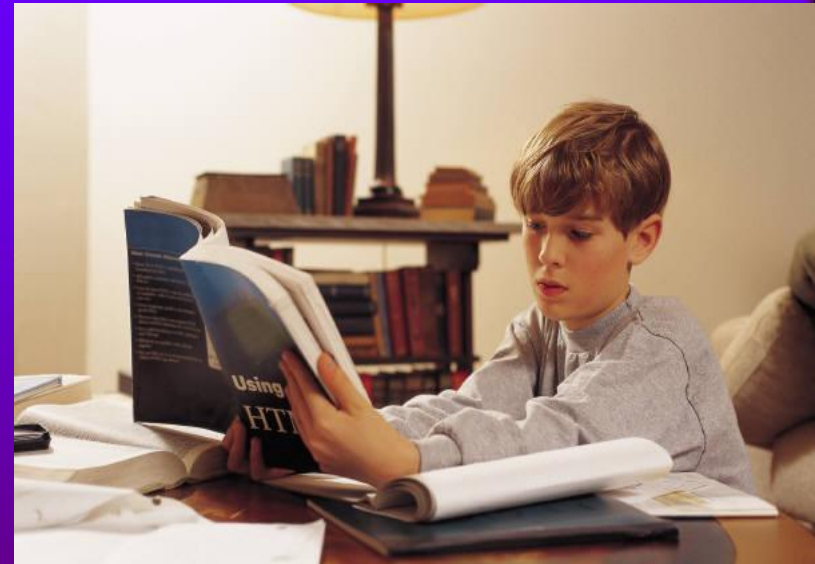


Use gerunds formed of the verbs to complete the sentences.

- ◆ 1. Stop ... so much noise. I am trying to work. ◆ clean
- ◆ 2. What`s that?—It`s a thing for ... cricket. ◆ play
- ◆ 3. When the boy broke his toy, he started .... ◆ rain
- ◆ 4. He tried to give up ..., but it was difficult. ◆ smoke
- ◆ 5. When it stopped ..., we went for a work. ◆ make
- ◆ 6. I like ... new people. ◆ cry
- ◆ 7. She had finished ... the flat by four o`clock. ◆ meet

# Answer the questions.

- ◆ Do you take much interest in learning English ?
- ◆ What do you Enjoy doing in spare time?
- ◆ Are you fond of learning and reciting poems?
- ◆ Do you like dancing quick?
- ◆ When will you begin preparing for your exams?
- ◆ What things do you enjoy doing?







# Translate into English using gerund.

- ◆ Я не люблю рано вставать.
- ◆ Пожалуйста, перестань над ней смеяться.
- ◆ Я боюсь сделать ошибку.
- ◆ Спасибо за то, что ты мне помог.
- ◆ Смотреть футбол по телевизору не очень интересно.
- ◆ Изучение английского языка необходимо всем.



# Find the sentences with gerund.

- ◆ 1 Continue reading, while I am writing these words.
- ◆ 2 While they were talking, I went home.
- ◆ 3 Learning a foreign languages is difficult.
- ◆ 4 The teachers tell us something interesting every day.
- ◆ 5 I am afraid of losing my keys.
- ◆ Keys 1, 3, 5.



# Make up sentences by analogy.

◆ *Example:* I like to read  
– I like reading

1 I like to skate.

2 I hate to read detective stories.

3 They stopped to smoke.

4 I remember to tell you about it.

◆ Keys

◆ I like skating.

◆ I hate reading detective stories.

◆ They stopped smoking.

◆ I remember telling you about it.

# Define the functions gerund

- ◆ 1 What is the reason of going there?
- ◆ 2 She suggested going to the zoo.
- ◆ 3 On seeing her parents, the girl ran towards to them.
- ◆ 4 Traveling is the good kind of rest.
- ◆ 5 I'm tired of reading this text.

- ◆ Keys
- ◆ 1 дополнение
- ◆ 2 дополнение
- ◆ 3 обстоятельство
- ◆ 4 подлежащее
- ◆ 5 дополнение



# Make the sentences using gerund.

1 There are a lot of ways of  
(сделать это) .

2 What is your idea of  
(обсудить этот вопрос  
сейчас ) .

3. Do you have the  
opportunity of (посетить  
галерею ) .

4 It`s no use (плакать ) .

5 He is busy ( подготовкой к  
уроку)

- ◆ 1 making this
- ◆ 2 discussing this question  
now.
- ◆ 3 visiting gallery.
- ◆ 4 crying
- ◆ 5 preparing homework





good-bye





SEE you SOON