

LESSON 2

E-LEARNING

POINT 1. FROM THE HISTORY OF DISTANCE EDUCATION

1840

The United Kingdom
Isaak Pitman

He was the grandfather of the 1.
distance course.

He educated students to do shorthand
by postmail.

POINT 1. FROM THE HISTORY OF DISTANCE EDUCATION

The 50s of the 19. century
Germany

Gustav Langenscheid.

He published his “EDUCATING
LETTERS”.

It was the self-learning course of the
native language.

POINT 1. FROM THE HISTORY OF
DISTANCE EDUCATION

1836

The United Kingdom

London University

The students could get the higher
education by postmail.

POINT 1. FROM THE HISTORY OF DISTANCE EDUCATION

The 70s of the 19 century
America

Ann Eliot Ticnor

She made up a mail education
system for women called “Ticnor
Community”.

POINT 1. FROM THE HISTORY OF
DISTANCE EDUCATION

1911

Australia

Postmail courses at the
Quinsland University.

POINT 1. FROM THE HISTORY OF DISTANCE EDUCATION

1917

Russia

It was worked out the consulting
model of distance education
called “EDUCATION WITHOUT
VISUAL CONTACT”.

POINT 1. FROM THE HISTORY OF
DISTANCE EDUCATION

1969

The United Kingdom

It was founded the UKOU
(United Kingdom Open
University).

POINT 1. FROM THE HISTORY OF DISTANCE EDUCATION

3 generations of DE:

1. First generation
2. Second generation
3. Third generation

POINT 1. FROM THE HISTORY OF DISTANCE EDUCATION

1. The first generation:

The study material is written by
hand or printed by typewriting
machine.

Radio- and TV-courses.

POINT 1. FROM THE HISTORY OF DISTANCE EDUCATION

2. The second generation:

There were worked out many complex courses in the UKOU.

There were used printed material and audio-and video-kassettes.

The communication between students and tutors was face-to-face.

POINT 1. FROM THE HISTORY OF DISTANCE EDUCATION

3. The third generation:

Our days.

It is used the last net-technologies.

The communication between
students and tutors may be in
different formats.

POINT 2. THE LEGAL REGULATION OF E-LEARNING IN RUSSIA

The history of legal
regulation of e-learning
in Russia started in 1993.

POINT 2. THE LEGAL REGULATION OF E-LEARNING IN RUSSIA

In 1995 were adopted :

1. The Concept of building and developing the DE System in Russia.
2. The Federal program of DE developing in Russia.
3. The Federal Centre of DE System in Russia.
4. Developing program of federal legislation oriented to DE developing.

POINT 2. THE LEGAL REGULATION OF E-LEARNING IN RUSSIA

1997 – 2002 took place an experiment of using the Distance Education Technologies in Russia.

The results of the experiment showed the necessity and importance of DE.

POINT 2. THE LEGAL REGULATION OF E-LEARNING IN RUSSIA

The results of experiment defined the main directions of developing the DE and its methods in Russia.

POINT 2. THE LEGAL REGULATION OF E-LEARNING IN RUSSIA

This is stated in:

- The Order from 17.06.1996 № 1062 “About building the information and software centre for DE System”
- The Instruction letter from 3.07.1998 № 41 “About DE in colleges and universities”
- The Instruction from 26.08.2003 №985-2 “About calculating the content volume for DE students”
- The Order from 06.05.2005 № 137 “About using order the DE technologies”