

# Literature and the society.



# Introduction

## First steps

Ancient Greece and its literature . Relations between Gods and people.



# Rome. Laws as the part of art.



Cicero was an accomplished orator and successful lawyer. Cicero introduced the Romans to the chief schools of Greek philosophy and created a Latin philosophical vocabulary with neologisms such as *humanitas*, *qualitas*, *quantitas*, and *essentia*, distinguishing himself as a linguist, translator, and philosopher.



# Middleages.



It was the period of apogee of literature , as it was the first try to structure the world, according to a certain scheme.

# Government and literature.



Problems and difficulties , which  
literature can cause to government.