

# Oak tree as British symbol



# The history

The term Royal Oak:

- is used to denote the escape of King Charles II from the grasps of the parliamentarians after his father's execution
- is a symbol of England, representing strength and endurance



Charles II of England  
when Prince of Wales

# Traditions



- **Oak Apple Day** or **Royal Oak Day** was a holiday celebrated in England on 29 May to commemorate the restoration of the English monarchy, in May 1660. In some parts of the country, the day was also known as **Shick-Shack Day** or **Arbour Day**.

# Traditions

- **"Heart of Oak"** is the official march of the Royal Navy of the United Kingdom. It is also the official march of the Canadian Navy, as well as the Canadian Forces' Naval Operations Branch.



The chorus:

*Heart of oak are our ships, jolly tars are our men,  
we always are ready; Steady, boys, steady!  
We'll fight and we'll conquer again and again.*

- 1987: Oak tree in a coronet, representing England.
- Edge inscription: DECUS ET TUTAMEN.

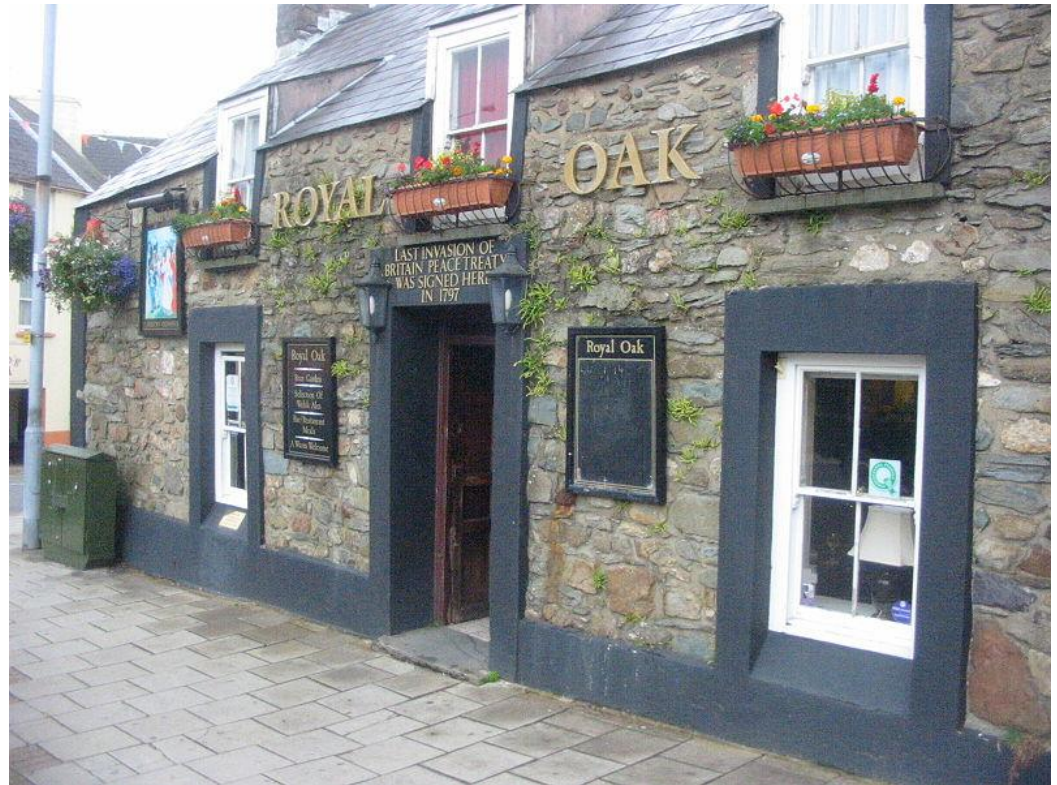


- In 2000, Son of Royal Oak was badly injured during a violent storm and lost many branches. Another oak sapling was planted near the site of the original Royal Oak in 2001 by Prince Charles.
- In commemoration of the tree's significance in British history a number of places and things have been named after the Royal Oak. The Royal Oak is the third most common pub name in Britain.



# Pubs

- Crown (704)
- Red Lion (668)
- **Royal Oak (541)**
- Swan (451)
- White Hart (431)
- Railway (420)
- Plough (413)
- White Horse (379)
- Bell (378)
- New Inn (372)



# Pubs

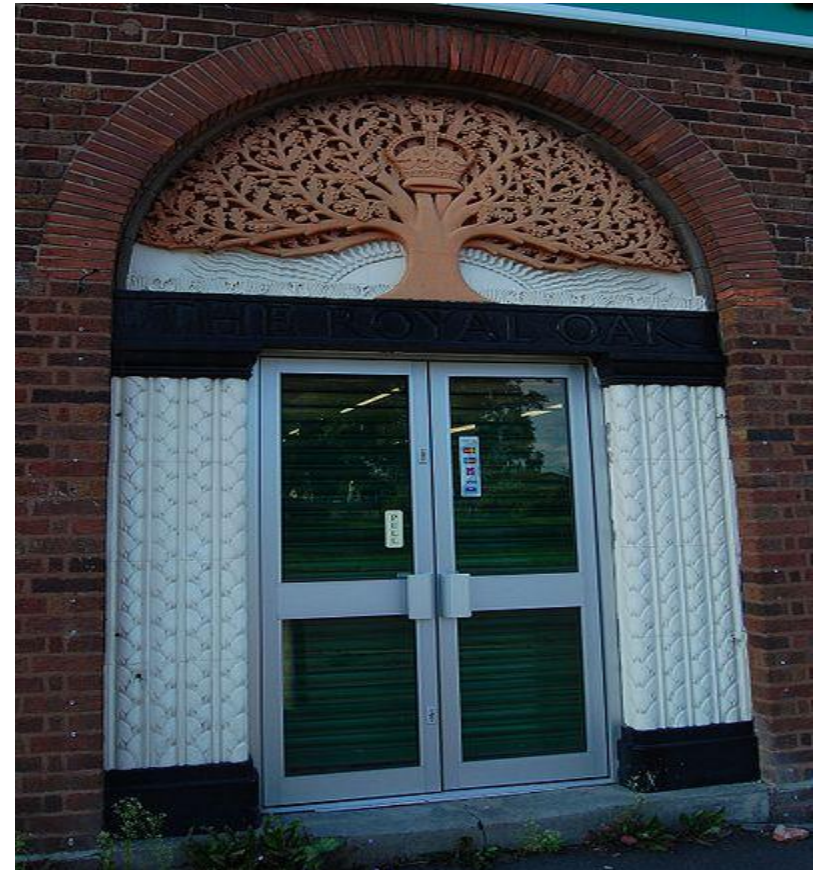


Royal Oak Pub in  
Windsor





- Charles I's son hides in an **oak tree**. Pub sign.



- Doorway of the Royal Oak public House, Lozells Road, Lozells, Birmingham, England.



The End