Words from other parts of the world



17-19 centuries - British imperialism. Borrowings from languages around the world. Development of American English. By 19th century, a standard variety of American English develops, based on the dialect of the Mid-Atlantic states. **Establishment of English in** Australia, South Africa, and India, among other British colonial outposts.

Sanskrit

 avatar, karma, mahatma, swastika, yoga

Avatar

- the incarnation of a Hindu deity (as Vishnu)
- an incarnation in human form
- an embodiment (as of a concept or philosophy) often in a person
- a variant phase or version of a continuing basic entity
- an electronic image that represents and is manipulated by a computer user (as in a computer game)

Origin

Sanskrit *avatāraḥ* descent, from *avatarati* he descends, from *ava-* away + *tarati* he crosses over

Hindi

 bandanna, bangle, bungalow, chintz, cot, cummerbund, dungaree, juggernaut, jungle, loot, maharaja, nabob, pajamas, punch (the drink), shampoo, thug, kedgeree, jamboree

Shampoo

- archaic: massage
- to wash (as the hair) with soap and water or with a special preparation
- to wash the hair of

Origin

Hindi & Urdu *cāpo*, imperative of *cāpnā* to press, massage
First Known Use: 1762

Dravidian

curry, mango, teak, pariah

Mango

- a tropical usually large ovoid or oblong fruit with a firm yellowish-red skin, hard central stone, and juicy aromatic pulp; also: an evergreen tree (Mangifera indica) of the cashew family that bears mangoes
- Sweet pepper

Origin

Portuguese *manga*, probably from Malayalam *māṅṅa*First Known Use: 1582

Persian (Farsi)

check, checkmate, chess

Chess

 a game for 2 players each of whom moves 16 pieces according to fixed rules across a checkerboard and tries to checkmate the opponent's king

Origin

Middle English ches, from Anglo-French escheks, eschés, plural of eschec check at chess

First Known Use: 14th century

Arabic

 bedouin, emir, jakir, gazelle, giraffe, harem, hashish, lute, minaret, mosque, myrrh, salaam, sirocco, sultan, vizier, bazaar, caravan

Bazaar

- a market (as in the Middle East)
 consisting of rows of shops or stalls
 selling miscellaneous goods
- a place for the sale of goods
- department store
- a fair for the sale of articles especially for charitable purposes

Origin

Persian *bāzār* First Known Use: 1612

African languages

banana (via Portuguese),
 banjo, boogie-woogie, chigger,
 goober, gorilla, gumbo, jazz,
 jitterbug, jitters, juke(box),
 voodoo, yam, zebra, zombie

Zombie

- the supernatural power that according to voodoo belief may enter into and reanimate a dead body
- a will-less and speechless human in the West Indies capable only of automatic movement who is held to have died and been supernaturally reanimated
- a person held to resemble the so-called walking dead;
 especially: automaton
- a person markedly strange in appearance or behavior
- a mixed drink made of several kinds of rum, liqueur, and fruit juice

Origin

Louisiana Creole or Haitian Creole *zonbi,* of Bantu origin; akin to Kimbundu *nzúmbe* ghost First Known Use: circa 1871

American Indian languages

 avocado, cacao, cannibal, canoe, chipmunk, chocolate, chili, hammock, hominy, hurricane, maize, moccasin, moose, papoose, pecan, possum, potato, skunk, squaw, succotash, squash, tamale (via Spanish), teepee, terrapin, tobacco, toboggan, tomahawk, tomato, wigwam, woodchuck

 (plus thousands of place names, including Ottawa, Toronto, Saskatchewan and the names of more than half the states of the U.S., including Michigan, Texas, Nebraska, Illinois)

Chocolate

- a beverage made by mixing chocolate with water or milk
- a food prepared from ground roasted cacao beans
- a small candy with a center (as a fondant) and a chocolate coating
- a brownish gray

Origin

Spanish, from Nahuatl chocolātl, probably alteration of eastern Nahuatl dialect chikolātl, from chikolli hook (probably used to refer to the beater used to mix chocolate with water) + ātl water, liquidFirst Known Use: 1604

Chinese

 chop suey, chow mein, dim sum, ketchup, tea, ginseng, kowtow, litchee

Ketchup

 a seasoned pureed condiment usually made from tomatoes

Origin

Malay *kěchap* fish sauce First Known Use: circa 1690

Japanese

 geisha, hara kiri, judo, jujitsu, kamikaze, karaoke, kimono, samurai, soy, sumo, sushi, tsunami

Karaoke

• a device that plays instrumental accompaniments for a selection of songs to which the user sings along and that records the user's singing with the music; also: a form of entertainment involving the use of a karaoke machine

Origin

Japanese, from *kara* empty + *ōke*, short for *ōkesutora* orchestra
First Known Use: 1979

Pacific Islands

 bamboo, gingham, rattan, taboo, tattoo, ukulele, boondocks

Tattoo

- a rapid rhythmic rapping
- a call sounded shortly before taps as notice to go to quarters
- outdoor military exercise given by troops as evening entertainment

Origin

alteration of earlier *taptoo*, from Dutch *taptoe*, from the phrase *tap toe!* taps shut! First Known Use: circa 1627

Australia

 boomerang, budgerigar, didgeridoo, kangaroo (and many more in Australian English)

Boomerang

- a bent or angular throwing club typically flat on one side and rounded on the other so that it soars or curves in flight; especially: one designed to return near the thrower
- an act or utterance that backfires on its originator

Origin

Dharuk (Australian aboriginal language of the Port Jackson area) *bumariny*First Known Use: 1825