Phraseology as a Subsystem of language. Free Word-Groups and Set-Phrases. Phraseological Units and Idioms Classification.

 In linguistics, phraseology is the study of set or fixed expressions, such as idioms, phrasal verbs, and other types of multi-word lexical units, in which the component parts of the expression take on a meaning more specific than or otherwise not predictable from the sum of their meanings when used independently.

Distinctive features of phraseological units: 1. Integrity (or transference) of meaning; 2. Stability (lexical and grammatical) • 3. Separability 4. Expressivity and emotiveness

Phraseological units

On the whole phraseological units, even if they present a certain pattern, do not generate new phrases. They are unique. word-group is the largest two-facet lexical unit comprising more than one word but expressing one global concept.

Set phrases

• A set phrase or fixed phrase is a phrase whose parts are fixed, even if the phrase could be changed without harming the literal meaning.

Idioms

• Idioms are fixed expressions that are usually not clear or obvious. The expression to feel under the weather, which means to feel unwell is a typical idiom. The words do not tell us what it means, but the context usually helps.

Two groups of idioms:

nominalverbal

Classification of idioms

 Grammaticalverb + objecthold someone's hand [to take care of] By meaningverb + preposition phraserise the eyebrows [to wonder] By verb or another key wordHis fingers are all thumbs [clumsy]. Do you mind my smoking? [object to]

The End