

More than five billion people, speaking hundreds of different languages, live in some 200 different countries and territories of the world. They live in a great variety of natural environments.



Topic:

**Foreign languages in our life.
English and English speaking
countries.**

So many languages you know,
so many times you are man.



Objectifs:

Practical:

- 📌 to practise pupil's speaking, listening, writing skills;
- 📌 to create an English – speaking atmosphere;
- 📌 to expand pupil's vocabulary on this theme;
- 📌 to develop student's creativity.

Developing:

- to teach pupils to be tolerant each other, to respect people of different countries.

Equipment: presentations of pupils, emblems, map, flags.

Procedure

1. Introduction

So many languages you know,
so many times you are man.

2. Greeting

3. Warming – up

Proverbs about language:

- Language is the dress of thought.
- Language is fossil poetry.
- Live and learn.

4. Speaking.

Presentation of teacher Language in the world.

5. Presentations of pupils.

6. Quiz

7. Summing – up.

Language in the world

Motivation of learning of English.

Motivation is some kind of internal drive that encourages somebody to pursue a course of action

Harmer

How can people who speak different languages understand each other?

Importance of learning of English.

Learning of foreign languages makes your field of communication bigger.

- 📧 If you speak only English, you can communicate with over 400 million other people.
- 📧 A foreign language can help you develop the knowledge of your own language.
- 📧 Learning a foreign language helps you know more about the world

English – speaking countries

A photograph of the Tower Bridge in London, England, spanning the River Thames. The bridge is a suspension bridge with two prominent towers and a central arch. The sky is overcast with grey clouds, and the water in the foreground is slightly rippled. In the background, some buildings and a chimney are visible on the right side.

UK of Great Britain
and Northern
Ireland

Great Britain

- The British Isles lie in the northwest of Europe. Two large islands, Great Britain and Ireland, and many smaller ones form a group of the British Isles. Great Britain is the largest island in Europe.
- Their total area is over 244 000 square kilometers. The population is over 55 million.
- It consist of England, Scotland and Wales, historical regions of Great Britain. England is situated in the north of the island and Wales in the west.
- Great Britain in washed by the Atlantic Ocean and the Irish Sea in the west and by the English Channel in the south.



ENGLAND

London



- London consists of four main districts which differ from each other. There are the City, Westminster, the West End and the East End.
- The City is small in area, but it is the business of London.
- Westminster is the most important part of the capital. It is the administrative centre.
- To the west of the Westminster is the West End. Here we find most of the big shops, hotels, museums, art galleries and concert halls.
- To the east of the Westminster is the East End, an industrial district of the capital.
- London – it is the city of contrasts.

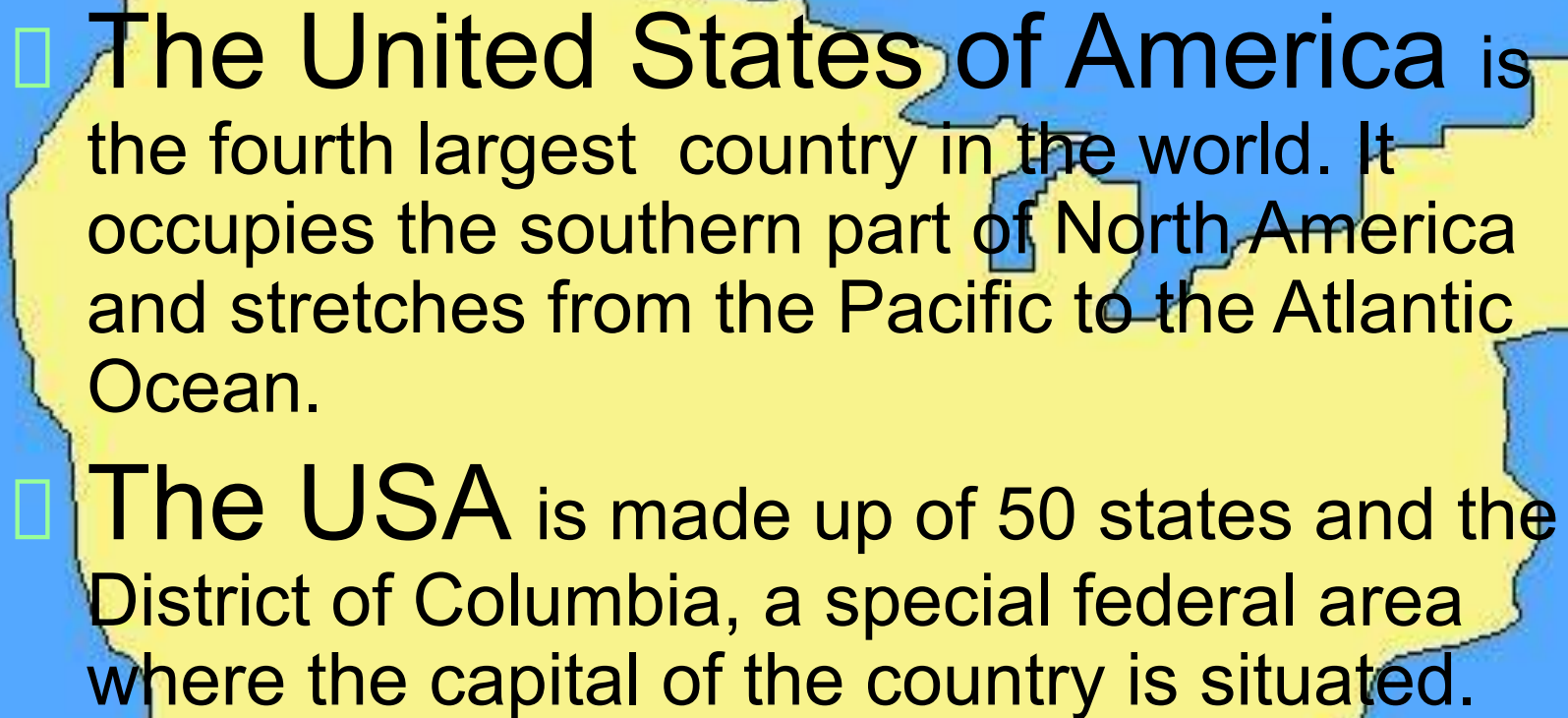
- London is one of the largest cities in the world. About seven million people live here. London is more than two thousand years old. London's most famous sights are Tower Bridge, Big Ben and the Houses of Parliament, Trafalgar Square and St. Paul's Cathedral. You'll see all these places and much more of London from our red double-decker.



The Statue of Liberty stands prominently against a clear blue sky. She is depicted in her iconic green patina, holding a torch aloft in her right hand and a tablet in her left. The statue is mounted on a multi-tiered, classical-style stone pedestal. The background is a solid, vibrant blue, which is accented on the right side by faint, concentric white circles that resemble ripples in water.

The USA

God AMERICA
Land that I love

- 
- **The United States of America** is the fourth largest country in the world. It occupies the southern part of North America and stretches from the Pacific to the Atlantic Ocean.
 - **The USA** is made up of 50 states and the District of Columbia, a special federal area where the capital of the country is situated.

- The highest mountains are the Rocky Mountains, the Cordillera and the Sierra Nevada. The highest peak is Mount McKinley, which is located in Alaska.
- America's largest rivers are the Mississippi, the Missouri, the Rio Grande and the Columbia.





- The capital of the USA is Washington. The United States has own government in each state.
- According to the US Constitution the powers of the government are divided into 3 branches: the executive, headed by the President, the legislative, exercised by the Congress, and the judicial.

The common names of the Flag of the USA are the "Stars and Stripes", "Old Glory" and the "Star-Spangled Banner".

In 1776 new country needed a new flag. There were used three colors: red for courage, white for liberty, and blue for justice. In 1777 the Congress of the USA confirmed this flag as the national flag.

The words of the National anthem were taken from a poem by Francis Scott Key. This poem "The Star-Spangled Banner" was written about a battle between Britain and The USA in 1812.



Northern Ireland

The image shows a tall, cylindrical brick tower on the left, topped with a decorative band and a small dome. To the right is a large, arched gateway with intricate brickwork. The scene is set against a clear blue sky. The text 'Northern Ireland' is overlaid in white at the top.

- Northern Ireland is situated in the northeastern part of Ireland. England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland make the United Kingdom.

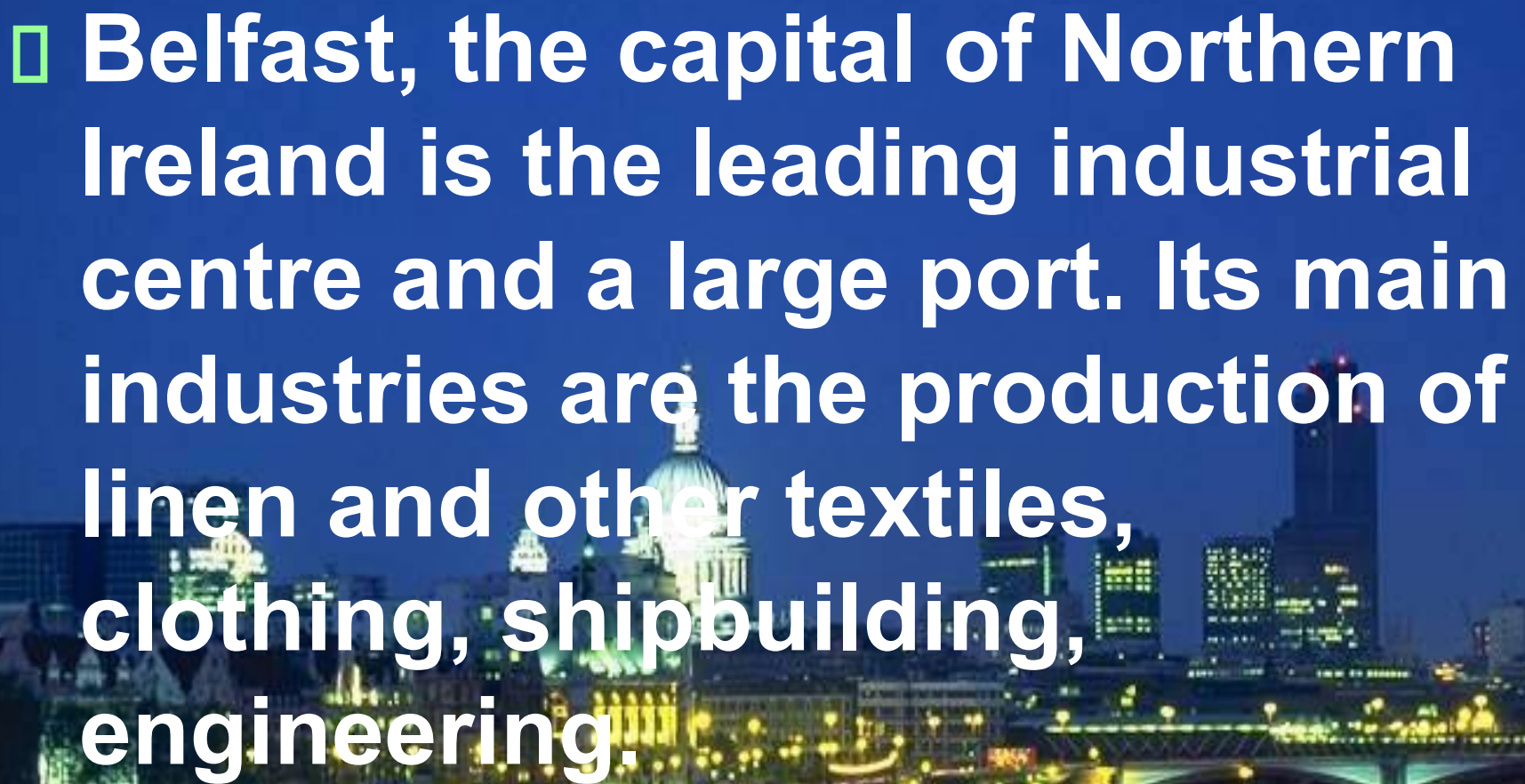
□ Northern Ireland is the smallest part of the United Kingdom. Belfast is the capital of Northern Ireland.

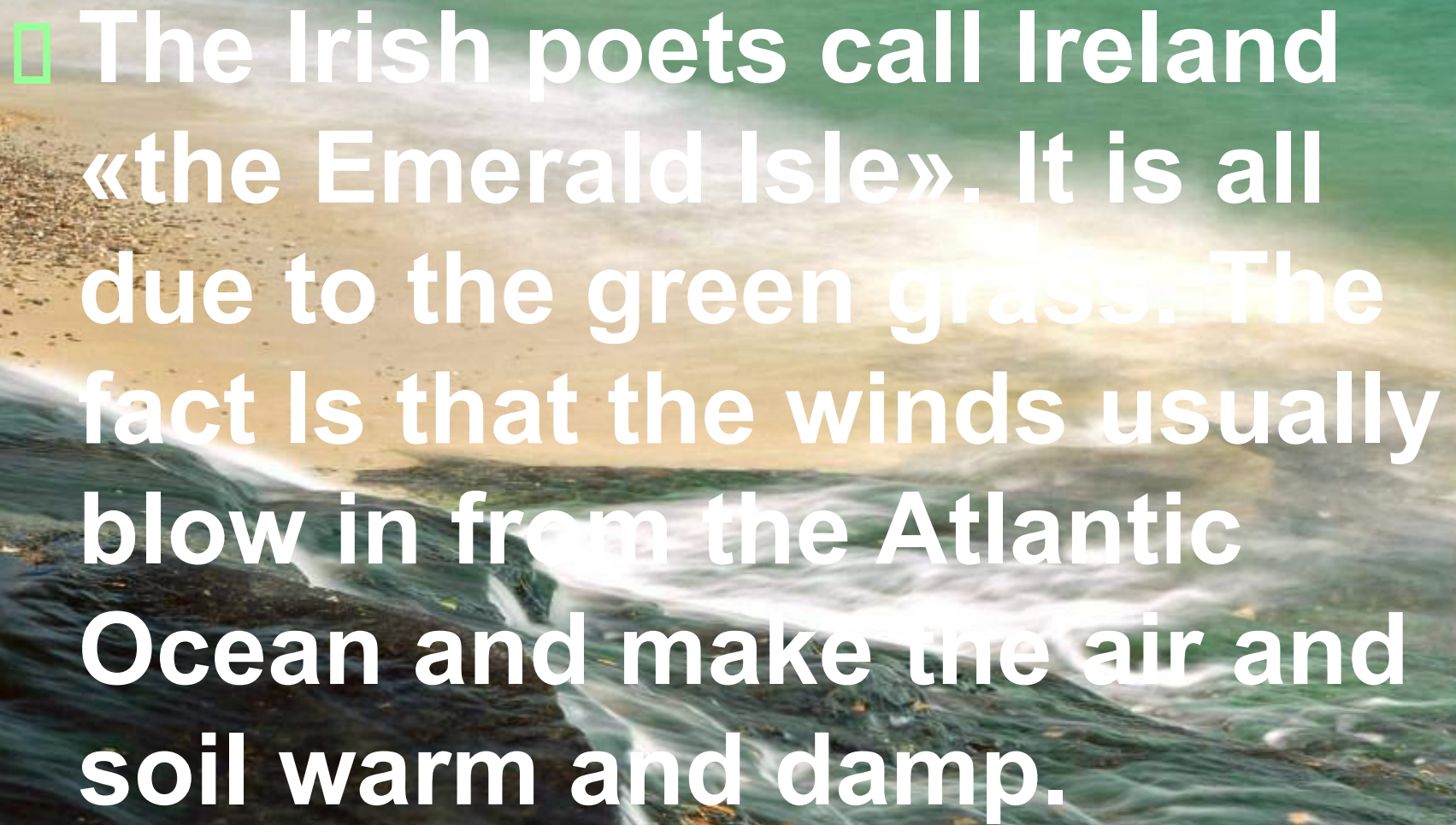




□ The population of Northern Ireland is about 1,5 million people. 53 per cent of the total population live in urban areas. The largest industry

□ **Belfast, the capital of Northern Ireland is the leading industrial centre and a large port. Its main industries are the production of linen and other textiles, clothing, shipbuilding, engineering.**

A nighttime photograph of Belfast, Northern Ireland, showing the city skyline and the River Liffey. The city lights are visible, including the prominent dome of St. Andrew's Cathedral. Several boats are on the river, and a bridge is visible in the background.



□ The Irish poets call Ireland «the Emerald Isle». It is all due to the green grass. The fact is that the winds usually blow in from the Atlantic Ocean and make the air and soil warm and damp.



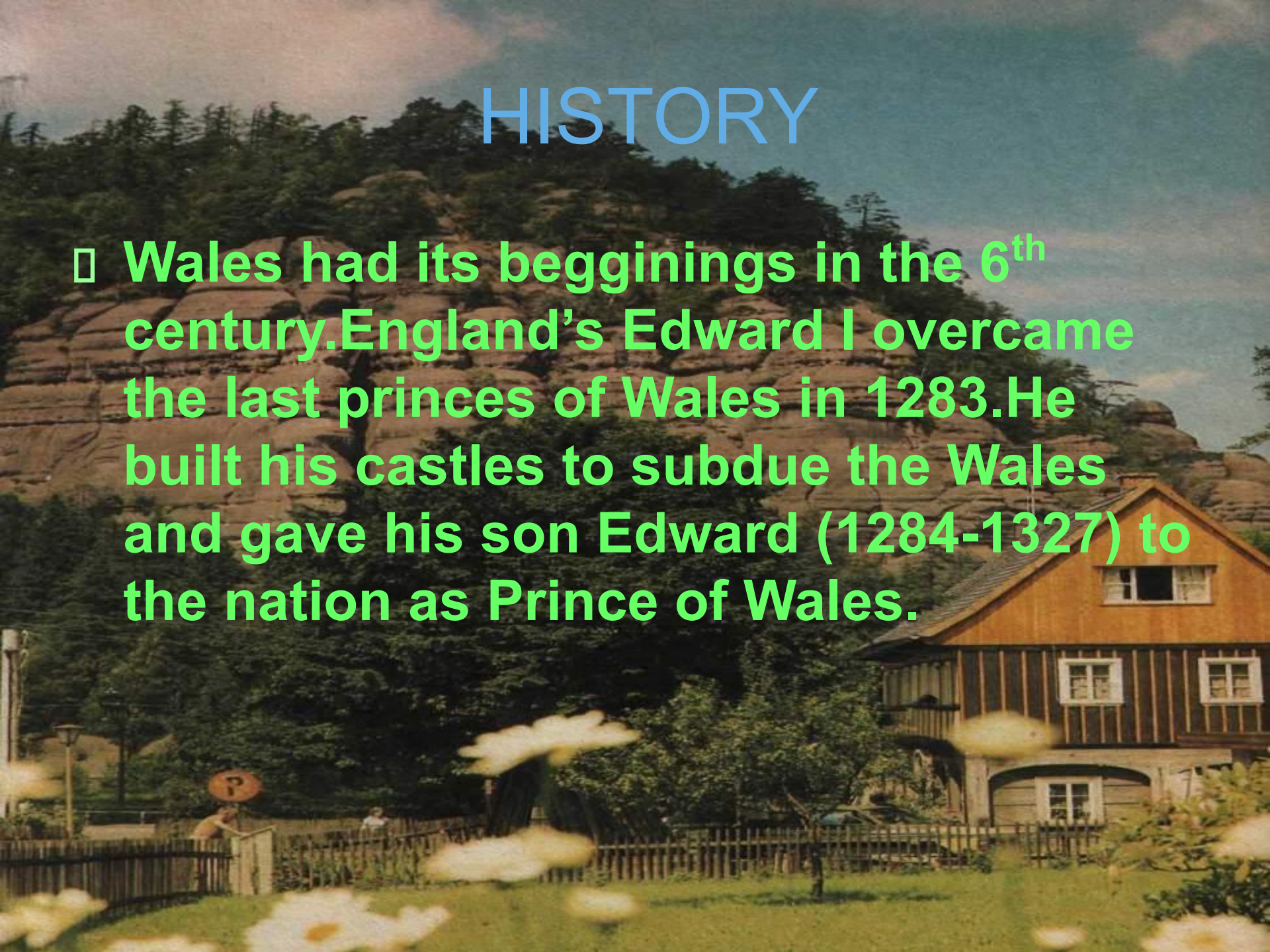
WALES



- **Things to know:**
- **Area:8.016 square miles.**
- **Population:2.857.000**
- **Capital:Cardiff**
- **Language:English,Welsh**
- **Economy:Agriculture, manufacturing, engineering.Beef, sheep**

HISTORY

□ Wales had its beginnings in the 6th century. England's Edward I overcame the last princes of Wales in 1283. He built his castles to subdue the Wales and gave his son Edward (1284-1327) to the nation as Prince of Wales.



Places of interest

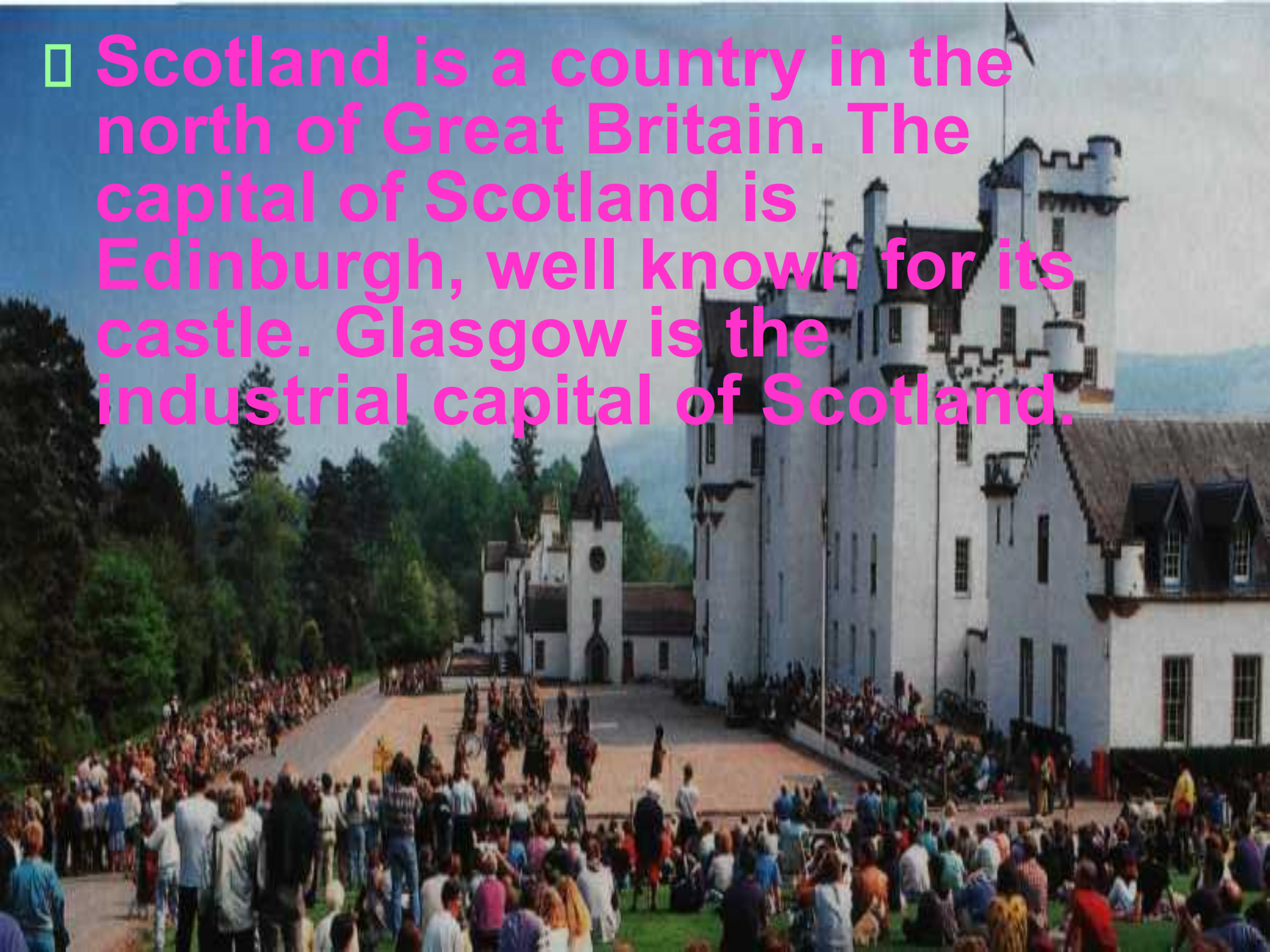
Cardiff has been the country's capital only since 1955. It is a major coal-shipping port and manufacturing center. Visitors enjoy the broad tree-lined streets, National Museum of Wales, Civic Center and City Hall, the Cardiff Market and the New Theatre.



Scotland



□ Scotland is a country in the north of Great Britain. The capital of Scotland is Edinburgh, well known for its castle. Glasgow is the industrial capital of Scotland.

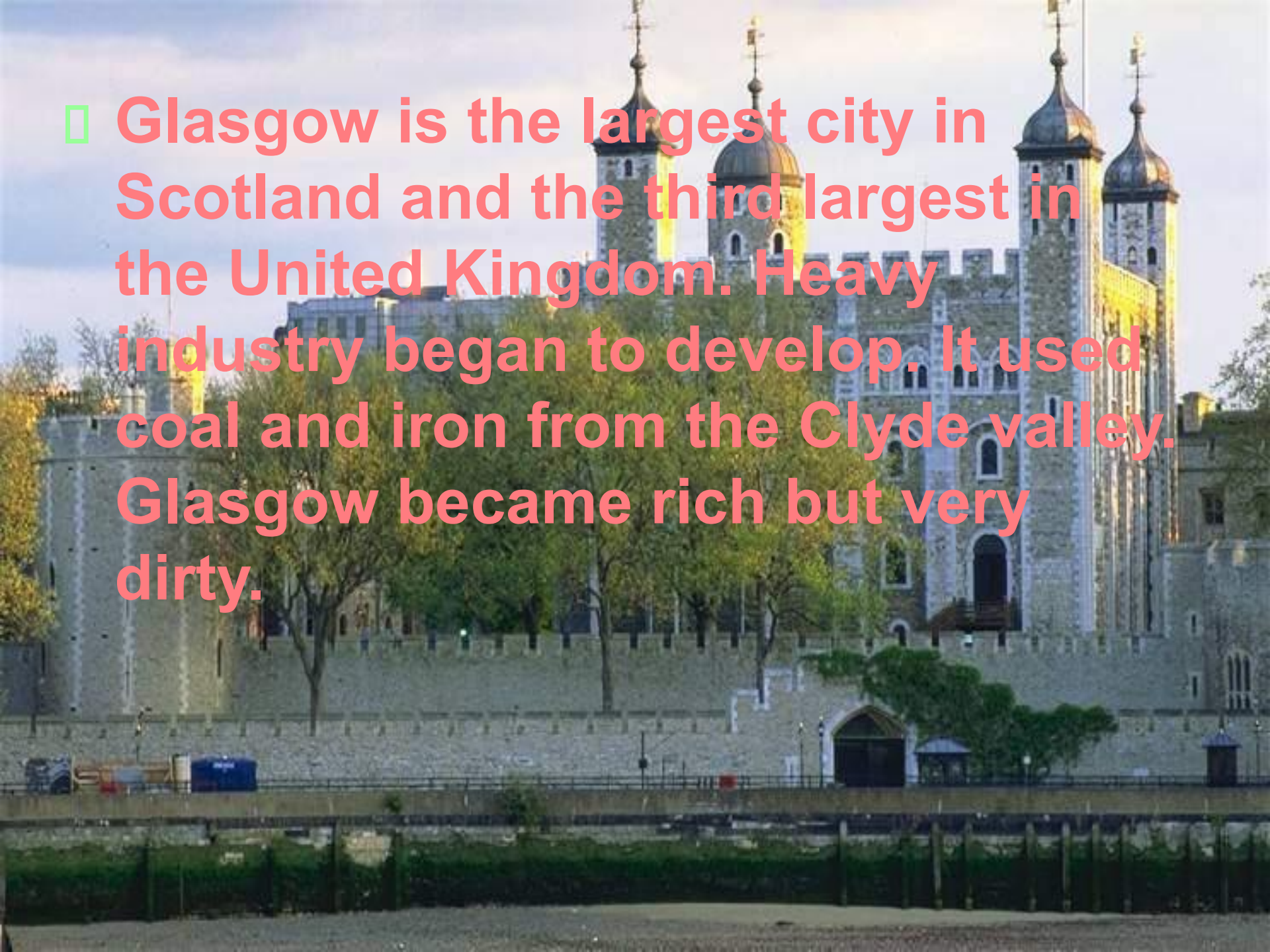




□ Scotland is full of mountains and lakes. The highest mountain is Ben Nevis. There are a lot of rivers. The Scottish flag is a white cross on a blue background. The cross is the cross of Saint Andrew



□ Glasgow is the largest city in Scotland and the third largest in the United Kingdom. Heavy industry began to develop. It used coal and iron from the Clyde valley. Glasgow became rich but very dirty.



□ Glasgow has a busy cultural life . A lot of musicals, actors and singers come to Glasgow to give concerts . It the evenings the opera house , the cinema and the concert halls are full.



Australia



□ Australia, or the Commonwealth of Australia, as it is officially called, is situated on the island continent.



AUSTRALIA



Australia is located south of Asia, between the Pacific and the Indian Oceans. It is a vast continent, made up of mainland Australia and of island Tasmania to the south. The Australian continent is washed in the north by the Timor and Arafura Seas and Torres Strait, in the east by the Tasman and Coral Seas, of the South Pacific Ocean, in the south by Bass Strait and the Indian Ocean. Australia is the flattest of the continents. Its most important chain is the Great Dividing Range running down most of the east coast. Other mountains include the Kimberley and Hamersley Ranges in Western Australia, the Flinders Range in South Australia. The centre of the continent is taken by the deserts: Great Sandy Desert, Great Victoria Desert, and Simpson Desert. There are few rivers in Australia. Its best known river is the Murray. The longest is the Darling.

The capital of the country

- The capital of Australia is Canberra, which became the capital only in 1927. It was founded in the 20th century and now has a population of about 260000 people.

Sydney-the important centre of Australia

- . Sydney is the city of three universities. The official language of Australia is English.





Canada

Canada in the world

- Canada is the second largest country in the world. Only Russia has a greater land area. Canada is situated in North America. Canada is slightly larger than the United States, but has only about a tenth as many people. About 28 million people live in Canada. About 80% of the population live uninhabited or thinly populated because of severe natural conditions.

New Zealand

The background image shows the Angkor Wat temple complex in Cambodia, featuring several prominent towers and a long gallery, surrounded by a body of water and palm trees under a blue sky with light clouds.

- She is an island country in the Southwest Pacific ocean. It lies about 1 600 km southwest of Australia and about 10 500 km southwest of California.
- New Zealand belongs to a large island group called Polynesia.

Situated



- The country is situated on two main islands – the North Island and the South Island – and several dozen smaller islands.
- Most of the smaller islands are hungers of kilometers from the main ones.

Economy



- **New Zealand has one of the highest standards of living in the world.**
- **For many years, the economy of the country depended largely on agriculture.**

Quiz "English speaking countries"

- 1. What is Union Jack?
- 2. What is the national anthem of Great Britain?
- 3. What is the town of Robert Burns?
- What is the hometown of Walter Scott?
- 4. Who is Prince of Wales?
- 5. What is the hometown of Alice in Wonderland?
- 6. What is St. Patrick Day?
- 7. Do you know the national anthem of the USA?
- 8. What is the largest state of the US?
- 9. What is heart of America?
- 10. What is the motto of Canada?
- 11. What animals are symbols of Australia?
- 12. What is the Kiwi?



Different Landscapes - Different Countries



WHAT A WONDERFUL WORLD

I see trees of green,
Red roses too,
I see them bloom for me and you,
And I think to myself
What a wonderful world.
I see skies of blue .
And clouds of white,
The beautiful day
And the beautiful night,
And I think to myself
What a wonderful world. .
The colors of the rainbow

So pretty in the sky
Are also on the faces
Of people going by.
I see friends shaking hands
Saying "How do you do?"
They're really saying "I love you".
I hear babies cry,
I watch them grow,
They learn much more
Than they ever know,
And I think to myself
What a wonderful world.