Presentation Skills

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Giving a Presentation

- Content
- Visual Aids
- Handouts
- Notes
- Time
- Attentiveness to audience
- Language
- Evaluating your Presentation

Content

- The content of the presentation should show your thorough knowledge of the topic.
- In a presentation based on research, the sources of the information should be clearly shown in any visuals and handouts to avoid *plagiarism*.
- Each idea or point mentioned in the presentation should be supported with evidence, examples or explanation.
- It is important that the topics are well prepared and that not too much, or too little content, is attempted in the time given.

Visual Aids

- After the speech content is planned the use of visuals must be carefully considered.
- Visual aids must be useful for the audience to help them understand.
- They should appeal to the visual listener/thinker, not make them distracted or confused.

Visual Aids

- Colour, font size of words, size of diagrams and complexity of information must be considered.
- Visual aids must be introduced into the speech at appropriate times using introductory phrases such as:
 - 'In the following PowerPoint presentation there will be three diagrams that....
 - The first diagram illustrates...
 - The overhead transparency I will show you gives a summary of ...'

Visual Aids

- The speaker should give the audience enough time to look at the visuals and understand them. Visuals must be accurate (spelling, grammar, numbers, and statistics.)
- They must be fully referenced if the information is from a source unfamiliar to the audience.
- You should write full details as they were for a bibliography or reference list at the bottom of the slide.

Handouts

- If handouts are given out to be used during the presentation, it is very important that their use is fully explained.
- Make sure the audience can find, and is looking at, any information that you want to emphasise.
- The handout could be a copy of an article or contain illustration of information written by you that will be discussed during the presentation.
- Always remember to cite your sources in the handouts for information you have researched to avoid plagiarism.

Notes

- You should try to put your notes in point form and use them as reference points to remind you of the structure of your speech.
- They are not read out word for word as it is expected that you will talk naturally about a topic you have prepared and know about.
- Notes are on neat <u>cards</u> and their use is not to be too obvious to the audience.

Time

- Always speak to the time given so practising the speech is important to identify whether timing is correct.
- Remember the average speech rate for a presentation is about 120 150 words per minute so plan your speech content for the number of words that match the time length of the speech.

Attentiveness to audience

- Remain attentive to what the audience is doing and respond to their indications of interest or confusion.
- If they seem inattentive consider rephrasing your information and talk directly to them using comments such as:
 - This next example is interesting because...'
 - 'This next statistic surprises me because...'
 - 'This next slide shows the model I have been talking about in clear detail. You will notice that...'

Language

- Remember the audience must understand you.
- Consider language that is appropriate vocabulary for the topic and language that you are comfortable using and can pronounce.
- Also remember to use signalling language as this helps the audience know what is happening.
- Remember, you are there talking to an audience full of living people not the back wall of a room or the carpet!!!

Introduction

- State what you will do
 - What I'd like to do is to discuss ...
 - What I intend to do is to explain ...
 - In my talk today, ...
 - My topic today is ...
 - Today, I'm going to talk about ...
 - I'm going to talk to you about ...

Introduction

State how you will do it

- I'm going to deal with three aspects of the subject ...
- I'm going to divide my presentation into three sections.
- I thought it would be useful to divide my talk into three sections.
- This subject can be looked at under the following headings:
- I'll take about ... minutes.
- I'll be happy to answer questions at the end
- If you have any questions, I'll try to answer them afterwards.
- If you have any questions, please feel free to interrupt.

- Ordering points
 - Firstly Secondly Next
 - Then Thirdly Lastly
 - Finally
- Giving examples
 - For example, ...
 - For instance, ...
 - Emphasising
 - Furthermore ...
 - What's more, ...
 - This supports my argument that ...

- Putting it in other words
 - In other words, ...
 - That is to say, ...
 - The point I'm making is ...
 - What I'm suggesting is ...,
 - Let me put it another way.

- Using visuals
 - Take a look at this.
 - I'd like to draw your attention to ...
 - Here we can see ...
 - The ... represents ...
 - The graph illustrates ...
 - As you can see, ...
 - If you look closely, you'll see ...

- Moving on
 - I'd like now to move on to ...
 - Turning now to...
 - Having looked at ..., I'd now like to consider ...
 - Another interesting point is ...
 - The next aspect I'd like to consider is ...

Conclusion

Concluding

- **So** ...
- We've seen that ...
- First we looked at ... and we saw that ...
- Then we considered ... and I argued ...
- In short ...
- To sum up ...
- In conclusion, I'd like to emphasise that ...
- That completes my presentation.

Conclusion

Invite questions

- That covers the main points. If you have any comments or questions, I'll be happy to hear them.
- So that explains my main point. Does anyone have any comments or questions?

Discussion/Questions

- Encouraging participation
 - Do you agree with what X has just said?
 - So, Y, what is your opinion of this?
- Dealing with difficult questions
 - We don't have enough evidence to show that ...
 - That's not something I've had time to deal with, but ...
 - I'd prefer to deal with that point later.

Evaluating your Presentation

- Evaluation Checklists
- Use a checklist both as a reminder before you present and as an evaluation when you have finished:
- Organisation
- Content
- Visual Aids
- Delivery
- Audience