United States of America



GENERAL

Area: About 10 million square kilometers

Population: 313,545 million people (in 2012)

The US consists of 50 states and the *District*

The capital of the United States of America: Washington, D.C(formally the District of Columbia.

Official language: None at federal level

National language: American English is a set of dialects of the English language used mostly in US

Flag: The Stars and Stripes; Red, White and Blue(Old Glory) The Star Spangled Banner

Anthem: The Star-Spangled Banner "(since 1931)

Currency :

United States

dollar

The United States : Federal constitutional republic

Geographical Position of the USA



The United States is situated in the central part of the **North American** continent (except for Alaska and Hawaii). It is washed by the **Atlantic Ocean** in the east and by the Pacific Ocean in the west. In the north it borders Canada and in the south it borders Mexico. **The United States** is the fourth largest country in the world after

States and their subdivisions **New Hampshire** Washington Vermont **Massachusetts** Maine Montana North Dakota Minnesota Oregon Wisconsin Idaho South Dakota **New York** Michigan Wyoming Rhode Island Pennsylvania lowa Connecticut Nebraska Nevada Ohio **New Jersey** Illinois Indiana Utah Delaware Colorado Kansas Missouri Virginia^{*} California Maryland Kentucky Washington, D.C. North Carolina West Virginia Tennessee Oklahoma Arizona Arkansas South **New Mexico** Carolina Alabama Georgia Mississippi Texas Louisiana Alaska Florida Hawaii The following is a table of U.S. state nicknames, including officially adopted nicknames, including officially adopted nicknames and other traditional nicknames for individual states, including officially adopted nicknames and other traditional nicknames for individual states and district, including officially adopted nicknames and other traditional nicknames for individual states and district of the Unit Current official state nicknames are highlighted inbold. A state nickname is not to be confused with an official state motto.

History of the United States





by the English on the Adamic coast, starting in 1607. By the 1770s, the Thirteen Colonies contained two and a half million people. They were prospering, and had developed their own political and legal systems. As a result of the French and Indian Wars, Britain began to try to recoup the costs of those wars by instituting a series of additional taxes on the Colonists, and had left parts of their army in the colonies to help provide for their defense. The additional efforts at taxation, and the continuous presence of British troops posed a threat to American self-government. Political action in the early 1770s culminated in the Boston Tea Party in December 1773, and led to all-out war in 1775. After fierce debate among the colonies, it was finally agreed to declare their independence from Britain, and in 1776, the Declaration of Independence was signed, formally and officially breaking all ties with the former mother country. With major military and financial support from France, the Patriots won the American Revolutionary War. During and after the war, the United States were united under a weak federal government established by the Articles of Confederation The United States began as an independent nation with the Declaration of Independence on July 4, 1776. European colonists reached the Gulf and Pacific coasts, but the largest settlements were by the English on the Atlantic coast, starting in 1607. By the 1770s, the Thirteen Colonies contained two and a half million people. They were prospering, and had developed their own political and legal systems. As a result of the French and Indian Wars, Britain began to try to recoup the costs of those wars by instituting a series of additional taxes on the Colonists, and had left parts of their army in the colonies to help provide for their defense. The additional efforts at taxation, and the continuous presence of British troops posed a threat to American self-government. Political action in the early 1770s culminated in the Boston Tea Party in December 1773, and led to all-out war in 1775. After fierce debate among the colonies, it was finally agreed to declare their

Visitor attractions in the United States (Part 1)

Montana

Yellowstone National Park



California

Disneyland Park is a theme park located in Anaheim, California, owned and operated by the Walt Disney Parks and Resorts division of The Walt Disney Company. Known as Disneyland when it was dedicated on July 17, 1955, and still almost universally referred to by that name, it is the only theme park to be designed and built under the direct supervision of Walt Disney. In 1998, the theme park was re-branded Disneyland Park to distinguish it from the larger Disneyland Resort complex.

WISCONSIN



Disneyland Park

Hodag

Yellowstone National Park established by the U.S. Congress and signed into law by President Ulysses S. Grant on March 1, 1872, is a national park located primarily in the U.S. state of Wyoming, although it also extends into Montana and Idaho. Yellowstone, widely held to be the first national park in the world, is known for its wildlife and its many geothermal features, especially Old Faithful Geyser, one of the most popular features in the park. It has many types of ecosystems, but the subalpine forest is

dominant

The **Hodag** is a <u>folkloric animal</u> of the <u>American</u> state of Wisconsin. Its history is focused mainly around the ity of Rhinelander in northern Wisconsin, where it was aid to have been discovered. The Hodag became the official symbol of Rhinelander, Wisconsin, is the mascot of Rhinelander High School, and lends its name to numerous Rhinelander area businesses and rganizations. The city of Rhinelander's web site calls khinelander "The Home of the Hodag. A larger-than-life fiberglass sculpture of the Hodag, created by a local artist, resides on the grounds of the Rhinelander Area Chamber of Commerce where it draws thousands of visitors each year. The Hodag also lends its name and image to the Hodag Country Festival, an annual country music festival that is one of Rhinelander's largest community events. It attracts over 40,000 people per year and features singers such as Neal McCov, Little Big Town, Kellie Pickler, and Reba McEntire. The University of Wisconsin Men's Ultimate team calls itself the

Visitor attractions in the United States (Part 2)

Washington, D.C.

The **Oval Office**

china room

The White House is the official residence is the official residence and principal workplace of the **President** of the United States is the official residence and principal workplace of the President of the United States. Located at 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue is the official residence and principal workplace of the President of the United States. Located at 1600Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest, Washington, D.C. is the official residence and principal workplace of the President of the United States. Located at 1600Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest, Washington, D.C., the house was designed by Irish-born <u>James Hoban</u>, ^[1] and built

The **Oval Office**, located in the <u>West Wing</u>, located in the West Wing of the <u>White House</u>, located in the West Wing of the White House, is the official office of the <u>President of the United States</u>. The room features three large south-facing windows behind the president's desk, and a <u>fireplace</u>The room features three large

and a fireplace at the north end. It has four doors: the east door opens to the Rose Garden; the west door leads to a private smaller study and dining

south-facing windows behind the president's desk,

room; the northwest door opens onto the main corridor of

ens of the

Red office



Visitor attractions in the United States (Part 3)

The **Library of Congress** is the <u>research library</u> is the research library of the **United States** Congress, de facto national library national library of the **United States of America** national library of the United States of America, and the oldest <u>federal</u> cultural institution in the United ates. Located in four buildings in Washington,).C., as well as the Packard Campus^[2] in <u>Culpeper,</u> Virginia in Culpeper, Virginia, it is the largest library in the world by shelf space and number of books. The head of the Library is the Librarian of Congress in Culpeper, Virginia, it is the largest library in the world by shelf space and number of oks. The head of the Library is the Librarian of ngress, currently James H. Billington. e Library of Congress was instituted for Congress 1800, and was housed in the United States pitol The Library of Congress was instituted for ngress in 1800, and was housed in the United ates Capitol for most of the 19th century. After uch of the original collection had been destroyed ring the War of 1812The Library of Congress was tituted for Congress in 1800, and was housed in e United States Capitol for most of the 19th century. After much of the original collection had been destroyed during the War of 1812, Thomas Jefferson sold 6,487 books, his entire personal

Tablection to the library in 1815 $\frac{[3][4]}{[3][4]}$ After a

Library of Congress





Visitor attractions in the United States (Part 4)

Broadway (New York City)

Broadway is a road in the <u>U.S. state</u> is a road in the U.S. state of <u>New York</u>. Perhaps best known for the portion that runs through the <u>borough</u> of <u>Manhattan</u> Manhattan in <u>New York</u> <u>City</u> Manhattan in New York City, it actually runs 15 mi (24 km) through Manhattan and <u>The</u>

Bronx Manhattan in New York City, it actually runs 15 mi (24 km) through Manhattan and The Bronx, exiting north from the city to run an additional 18 mi (29 km) through the municipalities

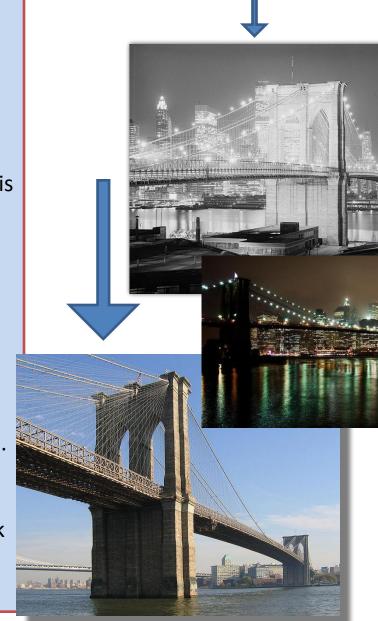
of <u>Yonkers</u> Manhattan in New York City, it actually runs 15 mi (24 km) through Manhattan and The Bronx, exiting north from the city to run an additional 18 mi (29 km) through the municipalities

of Yonkers, <u>Hastings-On-Hudson</u> Man attan in New York City, it actually runs 15 mi (24 km) through Manhattan



Visitor attractions in the United States (Part 5)

The **Brooklyn Bridge** is a **bridge** is a bridge in New York City is a bridge in New York City and is one of the oldest <u>suspension</u> bridges is a bridge in New York City and is one of the oldest suspension bridges in the United States. Completed in 1883, it connects the boroughs is a bridge in New York City and is one of the oldest suspension bridges in the United States. Completed in 1883, it connects the boroughs of Manhattan is a bridge in New York City and is one of the oldest suspension bridges in the United States. Completed in 1883, it connects the boroughs of Manhattan and **Brooklyn** is a bridge in New York City and is one of the oldest suspension bridges in the United States. Completed in 1883, it connects the boroughs of Manhattan and Brooklyn by spanning the **East River** is a bridge in New York City and is one of the oldest suspension bridges in the United States. Completed in

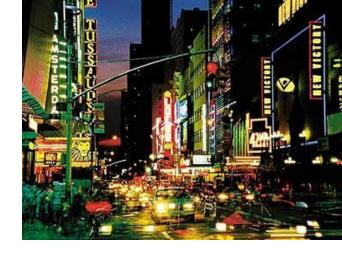


ridge at night

1883, it connects

TIMES SQUARE

Times Square - the busiest area of New York. Located in Manhattan, at the intersection of Seventh Avenue and Broadway, Times Square has become a symbol of New York City and the United States. Times Square - one of the places in New York, by which he is known as "the city that never sleeps"







"Crossroads of the world" - so not very modestly called Times Square. The area between 42th and 47th streets, in an area now called the Theatre District, fenced from the east to the west of the 6th and 8th Avenue, and on the south to the north of the 40th and 53rd street, there are many theaters, shops, cinemas, offices and countless colorful billboards, the number of Times Square can easily compete with Las Vegas.

Empire State Building





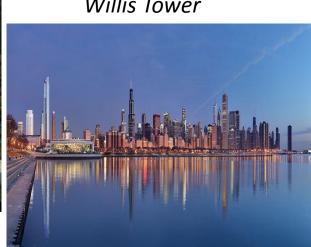
St. Patrick's Cathedral







Willis Tower









The unofficial symbol of America

Mickey Mouse is a <u>funny animal</u> is a funny animal <u>cartoon</u> is a funny animal cartoon character created in 1928 by Walt Disney is a funny animal cartoon character created in 1928 by Walt Disney and Ub Iwerks is a funny animal cartoon character created in 1928 by Walt Disney and Ub Iwerks at The Walt Disney Studio, in New York (USA). Mickey is an anthropomorphic (USA). Mickey is an anthropomorphic mouse and typically wears red shorts, large yellow shoes, and white gloves. He is one of the most recognizable cartoon characters in the world and is the mascot of The Walt Disney Company (USA). Mickey is an anthropomorphic mouse and typically wears red shorts, large yellow shoes, and white gloves. He is one of the most recognizable cartoon characters in the world and is the mascot of The Walt Disney Company, the world's largest media conglomerate in terms of annual revenue.

Mickey debuted in November 1928 in the animated cartoon Steamboat Willie after initially

appearing in a test screening earlier that year. He went on to appear

Uncle Sam

and *Fantasia* (1940). in short films, but a

ie award ii d Walk of

Uncle Sam (initials U.S.) is a common national personification of the American government that according to us were nominated for the Academy Award legend came into use during the War of 1812 and was supposedly named for Samuel Wilson. [2] The first use of Uncle Sam in literature was in the 1816 allegorical book Th Adventures of Uncle Sam in Search After His Lost Honor by Frederick Augustus Fidfaddy, Esg. An Uncle Sam is mentioned as early as 1775, in the original "Yankee Doodle" lyrics of the Revolutionary War.[3] It is not clear whether thi reference is to Uncle Sam as a metaphor for the United States. The lyrics as a whole clearly deride the military efforts of the young nation, besieging the British at Boston The 13th stanza is:

Old Uncle Sam come there to change Some pancakes and some onions. For 'lasses cakes, to carry home To give his wife and young ones.



Marilyn Monroe

Marilyn Monroe (born Norma Jeane Mortenson; June 1, 1926 – August 5, 1962) was an **American**was an American actresswas

