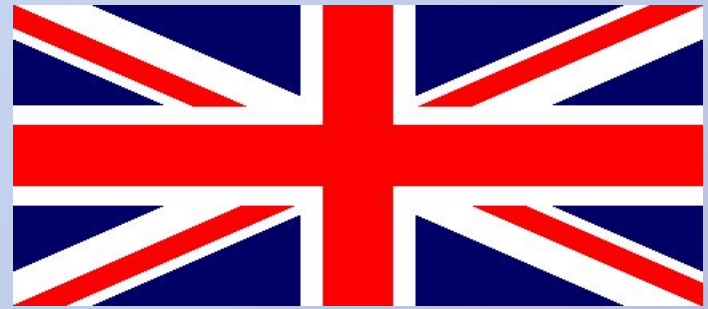


ROYAL LONDON





What “royal” words you know

- Queens and kings are monarchs
- It's the head dress of gold decorated with diamonds, worn by a king or a queen at official ceremonies. A crown.
- It's a seat where monarchs sit during official ceremonies. (a throne)
- It's a place where a king and a queen lives. (palace)
- At the beginning of the 20-th century Britain was a great empire.
- It's the time during which a king or a queen rules.
- The son (of a) monarch is a prince.



Henry VIII

(reigned 1509-1547)

Age 18-56

Second son of Henry VII

Born: 28 June 1491 at Greenwich Palace

Parents: Henry VII and Elizabeth of York

Ascended to the throne: 21 April 1509 aged 17 years

Crowned: 24 June 1509 at Westminster Abbey

Married:

(1) Catherine of Aragon 1509-1533 Divorced

(2) Anne Boleyn 1533-1536 Beheaded

(3) Jane Seymour 1536-1537 Died

(4) Anne of Cleves 1540 Divorced

(5) Catherine Howard 1540-1542 Beheaded

(6) Catherine Parr 1543-1547 Survived

Died: 28 January 1547 at Whitehall Palace, London, aged 55 years

Buried at: Windsor



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Catherine of Aragon



Anne Boleyn



Catherine Howard



Jane Seymour



Anne of Cleves



Catherine Parr

What do you know about Henry VIII

- What hobbies did Henry VIII have?
- How many times did he marry?
- How many children did he have?
- What important events happened during his rein?



QUEEN ELIZABETH I (REIGNED 1558-1603)



Born: 7 September 1533 at Greenwich Palace

Parents: Henry VIII and Anne Boleyn

Ascended to the throne: 17 November 1558 aged 25 years

Crowned: 15 January 1559 at Westminster Abbey

Married: Never Married

Children: None

Died: 24 March 1603 at Richmond Palace, Surrey, aged 69 years

Buried at: Westminster

What do you know about Queen Elizabeth I

- Who was the father of Elizabeth I?
- When did she come to the throne?
- What hobbies did she have?
- Did she marry?
- Why is her rule remembered as the Golden age of English history?



Question: Who ruled between King Henry VIII and Elizabeth I?

**(Mary I- the daughter of Henry VIII and Catherine of Aragon)
(and Edward VI- the son of Henry VIII and Jane Seymour.)**

King Edward VI 1547 - 1553



**Age 10-16.
Son of Henry VIII and Jane
Seymour.
Unmarried.
Died from consumption.
Buried in Westminster Abbey.**

Queen Mary I (Bloody Mary) 1553 - 1558



**Age 37-42.
Daughter of Henry VIII and Catharine of
Aragón.
Married Philip (Spanish).
No Children.
Buried in Westminster.**

QUEEN VICTORIA



QUEEN VICTORIA 1837 - 1901



Age 18-81.

Born: 24 May 1819 at Kensington Palace

Parents: Edward, Duke of Kent
(Crowned: 28 June 1838 at Westminster Abbey)

Married: Albert, son of Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha

Children: Four sons including Edward VII, and five daughters

Died: 22 January 1901



Who did Queen Victoria marry?



At the age of 21, Victoria married her cousin, Albert of Saxe-Coburg Gotha, a German Prince.

Victoria had nine children, 40 grand-children and 37 great-grandchildren, scattered all over Europe.

Royal Albert Hall



Victoria and Albert Museum.





During Queen Victoria's reign:

- **Britain became the most powerful and richest country in the world,**
- **Towns and cities got piped water, gas and, by the end of the century, electricity**
- **Factories and machines were built**
- **Railways, originally built to transport goods, meant people could travel easily around the country for the first time.**
- **Soldiers were at war all over the world especially in 1850 - 1880.**
- **Seaside holidays were 'invented' (became popular).**
- **Police Force 'invented'.**
- **New cookers and gadgets for the home were invented.**

Queen Elizabeth II



Queen Elizabeth II 1952 - present day



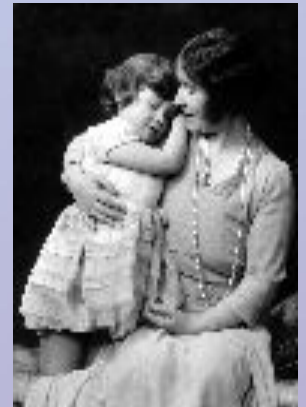
Born: 21 April, 1926.

Queen since 6 February 1952



Queen's early age

- **Father:** the Duke of York ,later King George VI
- **Mother:** Mary , the duchess of York.
 - *Born in Windsor on 21 April 1926*
 - *Full name : Elizabeth-Mary-Alexander Windsor.*
 - *Educated at home*
 - *Knew foreign languages, spoke French well*
 - *Lived in Windsor and Buckingham Palace*



The Queen's working day



- The Queen has many different duties to perform every day.
- Some are public duties, such as ceremonies, receptions and visits within the United Kingdom or abroad.
- Other duties are carried out away from the cameras, but they are no less important. These include reading letters from the public, official papers and briefing notes; audiences with political ministers or ambassadors; and meetings with her Private Secretaries to discuss daily business and her future diary plans.



Royal family





The Queen's sons and daughter



Charles
Prince of Wales

Anne
Princess Royal

Andrew
Duke of York

Edward
Earl of Wessex

The Queen's grandchildren



Prince William of
Wales

Prince Harry of Wales

Peter Phillips

Zara Phillips

Princess Eugenie of York

Princess Beatrice of
York

Lady Louise Windsor

James Viscount
Severns

What do you know about the Royal family?

1. How many children has the queen got?
 2. How many grandchildren has the queen got?
 3. Who is the Queen's eldest child?
 4. Who is the Queen's youngest son?
 5. Who can be the next monarch after Queen Elizabeth II?
1. The Queen has got four children.
 2. The Queen has got 8 grandchildren.
 3. Prince Charles is.
 4. Prince Edward is.
 5. Prince Charles can be the next monarch.

TROOPING THE COLOUR



The official birthday of Queen Elizabeth II is marked each year by a military parade and march-past, known as Trooping the Colour (Carrying of the Flag).



TROOPING THE COLOUR

Trooping
the
Colour
2008

CEREMONY OF THE KEYS



- One of London's most timeless ceremonies, dating back 700 years is the ceremony of the keys which takes place at the Tower of London. At 21:53 each night the Chief Yeoman Warder of the Tower, dressed in Tudor uniform, sets off to meet the Escort of the Key dressed in the well-known Beefeater uniform. Together they tour the various gates ceremonially locking them, on returning to the Bloody Tower archway they are challenged by



THE STATE OPENING OF PARLIAMENT

- State openings usually take place in November, or soon after a General Election.
- On the day of the Opening, the Queen travels from Buckingham Palace to the Houses of Parliament in the Stage Coach (a gold carriage)
- The Queen, wearing her crown and ceremonial robes then goes through the Royal Gallery to take her place on the throne in the House of Lords.
- The Queen sits on a throne in the House of Lords and reads the "Queen's Speech".
- It is tradition for the monarch to open parliament in person, and The Queen has performed the ceremony in every year of her reign.



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Restore the necessary facts about Queen Elizabeth II

- **1.** Queen _____ in 1926, and _____ in 1952.
- **2.** She is the Queen of _____, she is also the Queen of _____.
- **3.** Once a year she opens _____.
- **4.** She wears _____ on her _____.
- **5.** The Queen makes _____ in Parliament.
- **6.** The Queen is the Head of _____ of England.
- **7.** _____ of the Commonwealth.
- **8.** She visits _____, and meets _____



RESTORE THE NECESSARY FACTS ABOUT QUEEN ELIZABETH II

- 1. Queen *was born* in 1926, and *was Queen* in 1952.
- 2. She is the Queen of *England, Scotland Wales and Northern Ireland*, she is also the Queen of *Australia, Canada and New Zealand*.
- 3. Once a year she opens *Parliament*.
- 4. She wears *a beautiful dress and has a crown* on her *head*.
- 5. The Queen makes *the Queen's speech* in Parliament.
- 6. The Queen is the Head of *the Church* of England.
- 7. *The Queen is the Head* of the Commonwealth.
- 8. She visits *a lot of schools and hospitals*, and meets *hundreds of children, teachers, doctors and workers*.



Remember the dates

When were they born?

1509

1926

1558

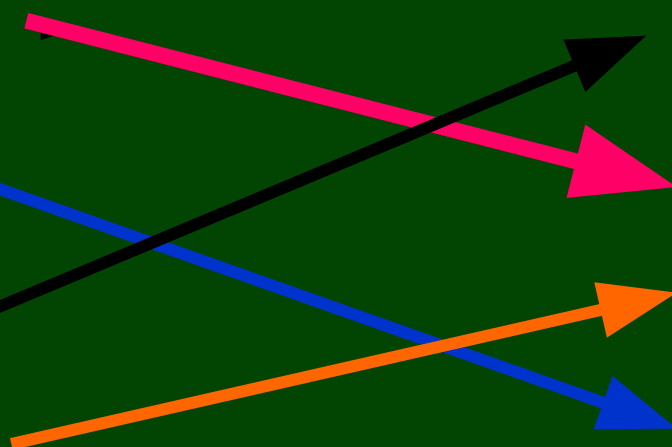
1837

Elizabeth I

Henry VIII

Victoria

Elizabeth II



BUCKINGHAM PALACE



The Palace has around 600 rooms, including 19 State rooms, 52 royal and guest bedrooms, 78 bathrooms, 92 offices, a cinema and a swimming pool. It also has its own post office and police station.

About 400 people work at the Palace, including domestic servants, chefs, footmen, cleaners, plumbers, gardeners, chauffeurs, electricians, and two people who look after the 300 clocks.



Is the Queen at home now?



Other Royal Family Homes



Windsor Castle



Balmoral Castle



The Palace of Holyroodhouse



St. James Palace



Kensington Palace

MOVIE #2

The Changing
of the Guard
at
Buckingham Palace

INSIDE BUCKINGHAM PALACE



[The Grand Staircase](#)

[The White Drawing Room](#)

MOVIE #1





“True” or “false”



- King Henry VIII is one of the most famous of all English kings because of his eight wives. **(F)** *(six wives)*
- Under the reign of Henry VIII Britain became independent of the Roman Catholic Church. **(T)**
- All Henry’s wives were executed.
(F) *(his 2 wives were executed for adultery and he divorced his 2 wives and 2 wives died).*
- The 16th century is marked as the period of Elizabeth I. **(T)**
- Elizabeth I was an extremely weak-willed and silly Queen.
(F) *(She was an extremely strong and clever woman who controlled the difficult political and religious situation of the time with great skill).*

- During the reign of Elizabeth I England became firmly Protestant and confident in world affairs. (T)
- Queen Elizabeth I ruled for the longest period in the English history, for 64 years.
- (F) *(Queen Victoria ruled for the longest period in the English history).*
- The Royal Albert Hall and Royal Opera House are connected with Queen Elizabeth I and Prince Albert (F)
(The Royal Albert Hall and the Victoria and Albert Museum are connected with Queen Victoria and Prince Albert.)
- Queen Victoria's great-great-granddaughter, Elizabeth II, is on the British throne now. (T)
- The real power in Britain belongs to Queen Elizabeth II.
II. (F) *(The real power in Britain belongs to the Parliament and the British Government)*



THE PALACE OF WESTMINSTER



BUCKINGHAM PALACE



TOWER OF LONDON

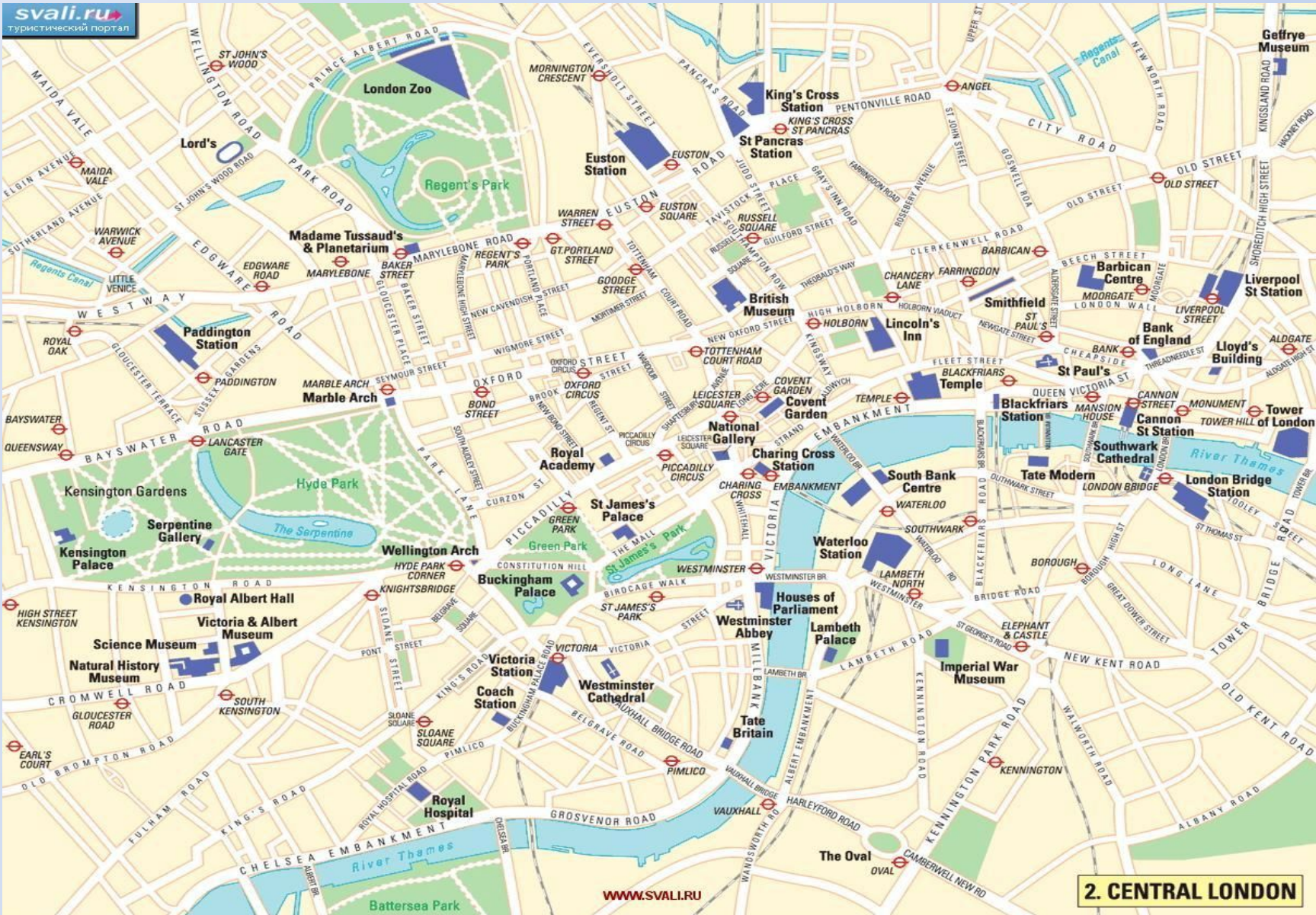


ST PAUL'S CATHEDRAL



WESTMINSTER ABBY





MOVIE #1



MOVIE #2

The Changing
of the Guard
at
Buckingham Palace