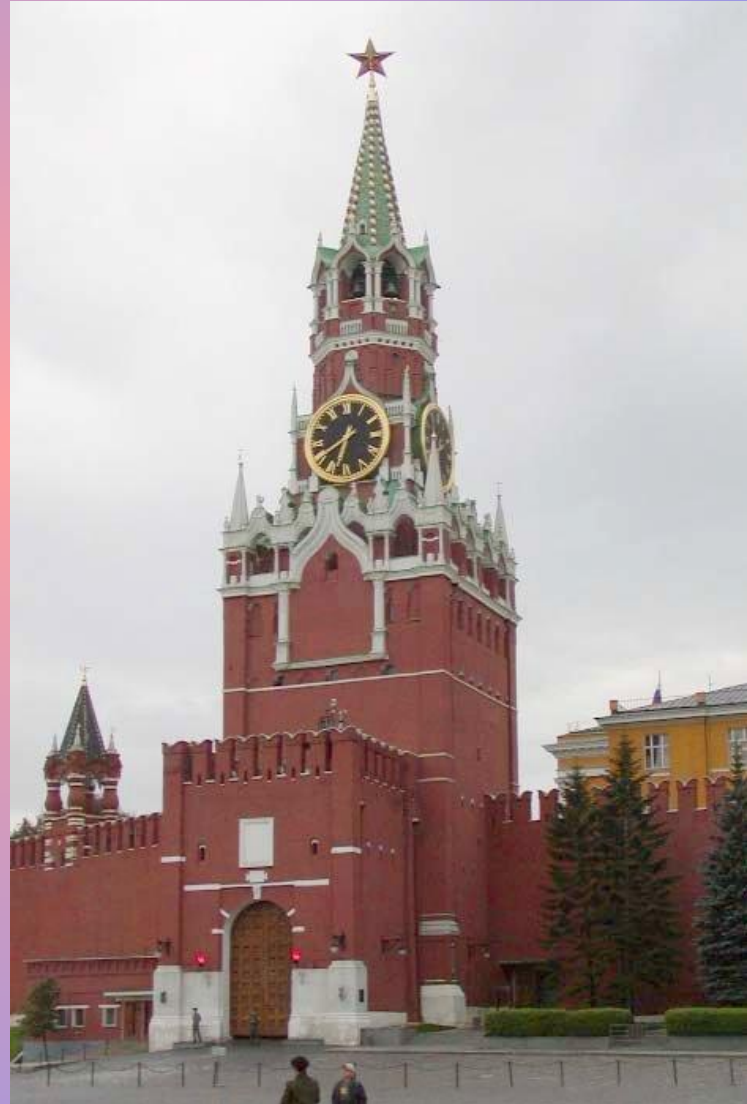
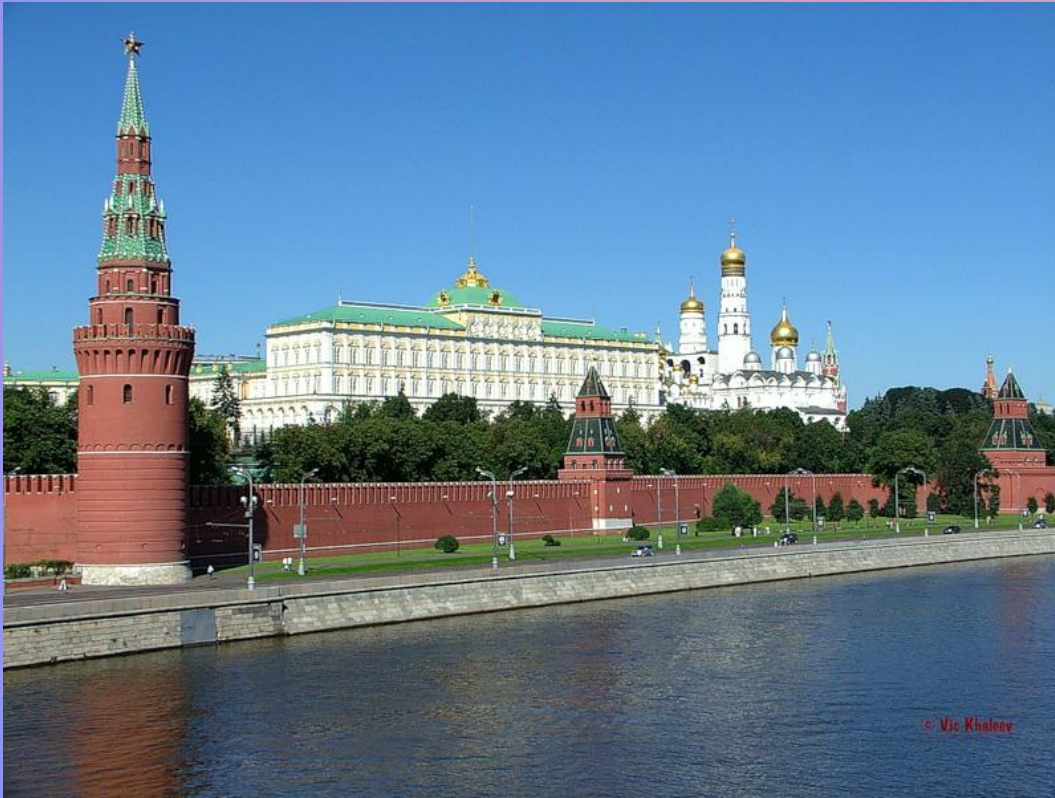


The Kremlin



Moscow

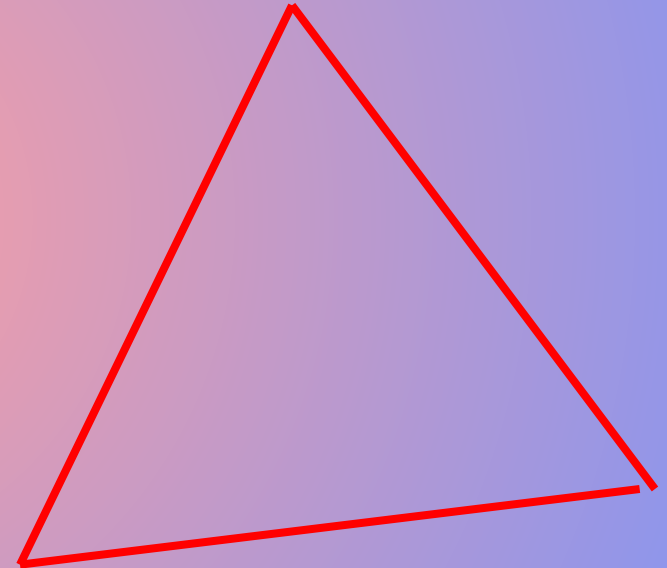
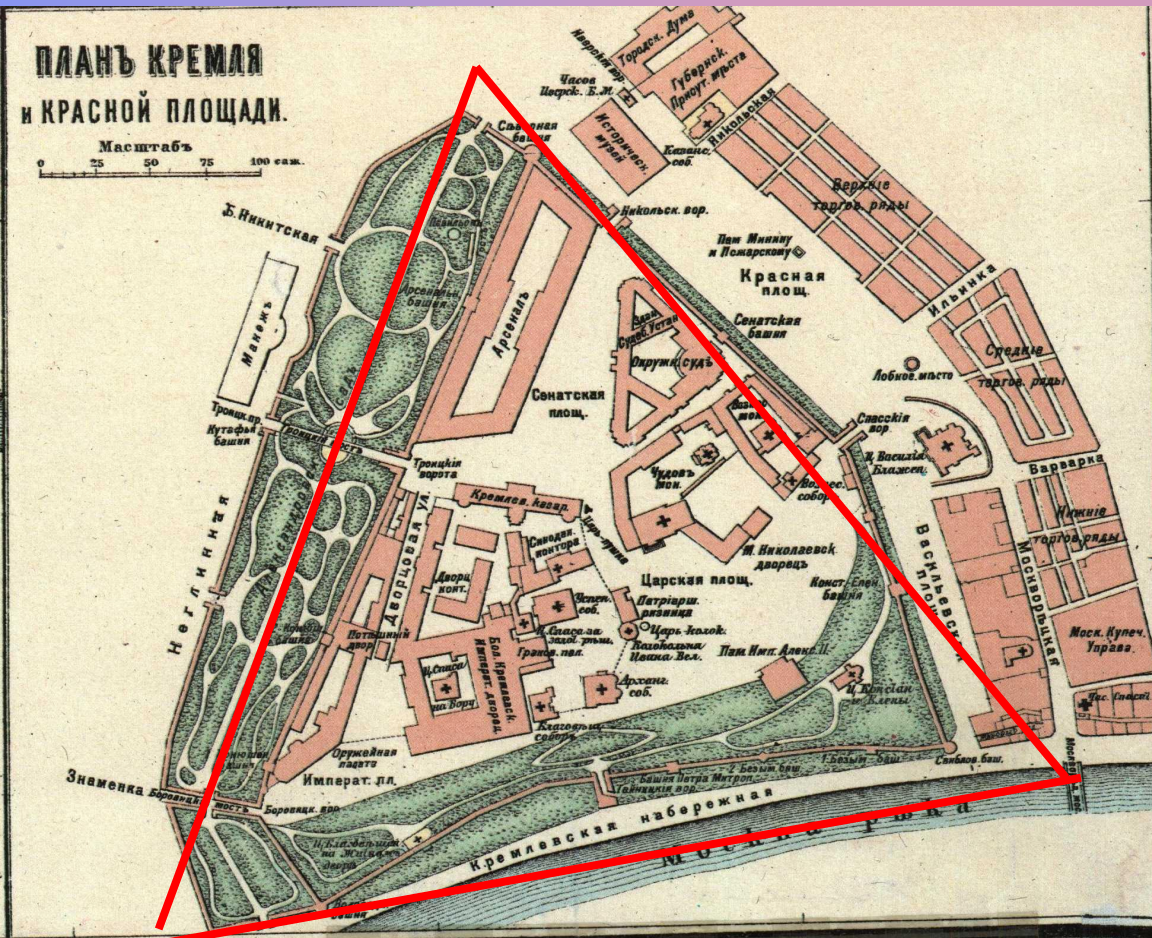


**The heart of
Moscow is
the
Kremlin**

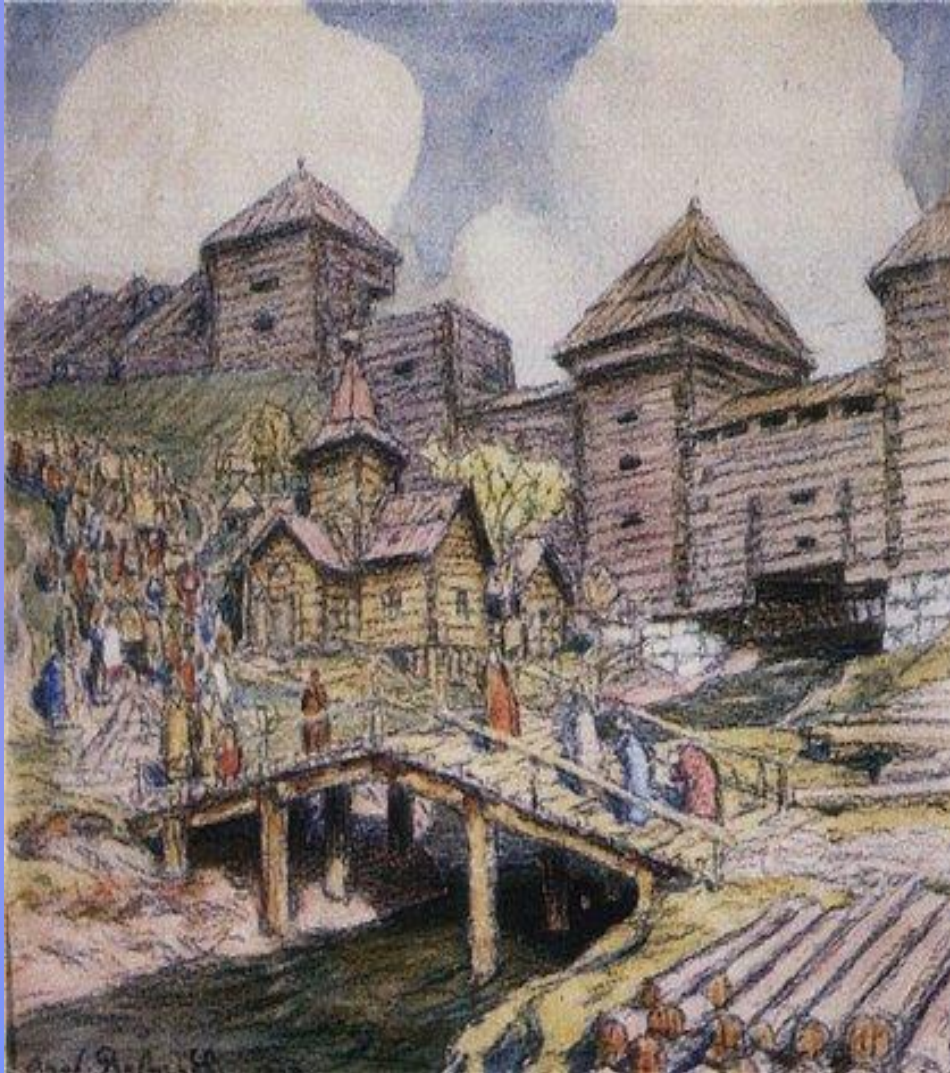
Fortress

The word « **Kremlin** » means « **fortress** » because in ancient times every large town had its Kremlin as the part of a town surrounded by high walls.

Moscow Kremlin is an irregular triangle.
Its walls are 2.4 kilometres in length and
have 20 towers



WOODEN WALLS

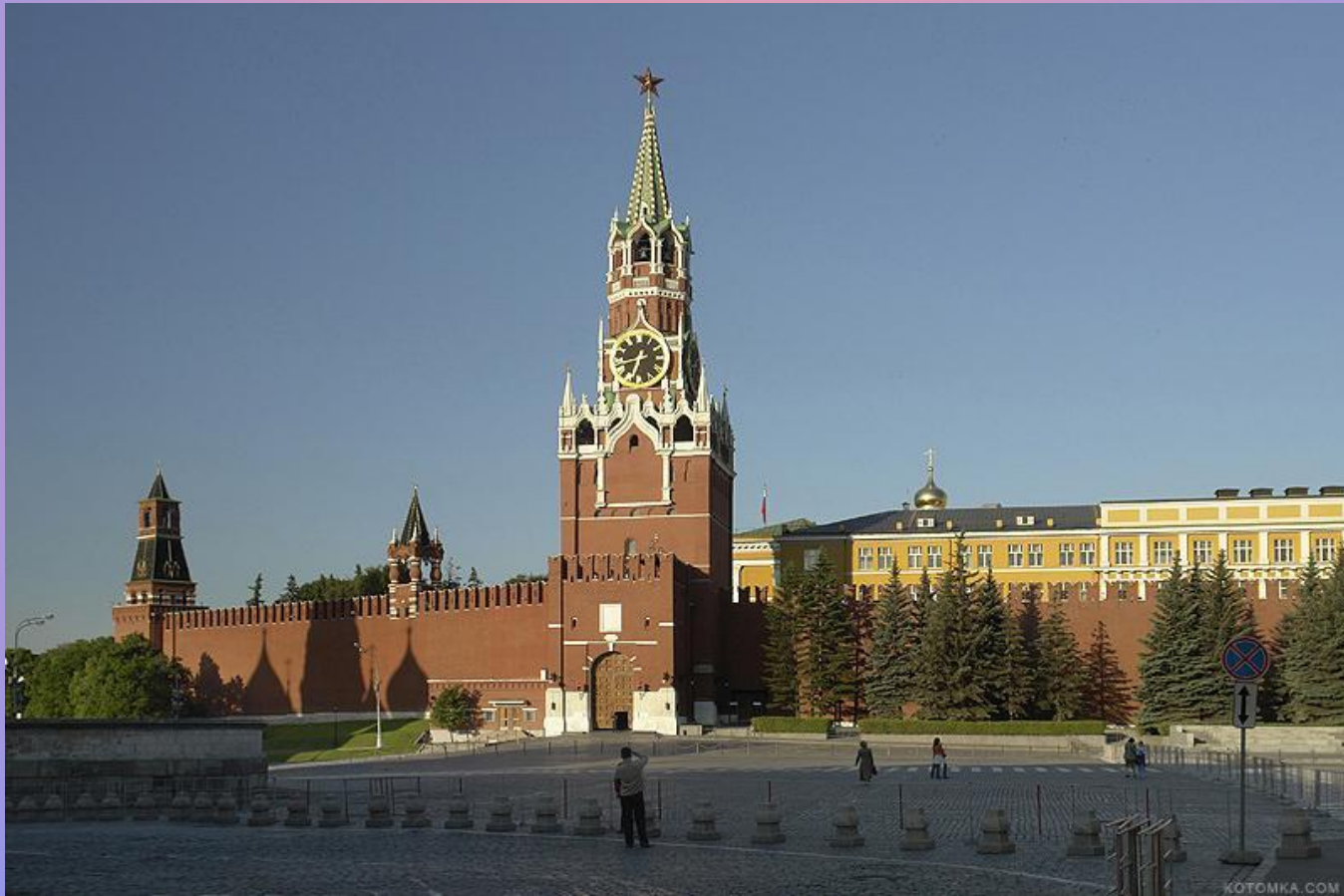


The first walls of the Moscow Kremlin were made of wood eight centuries ago .

**The Kremlin was later
reconstructed with stone during
the XIV century.**



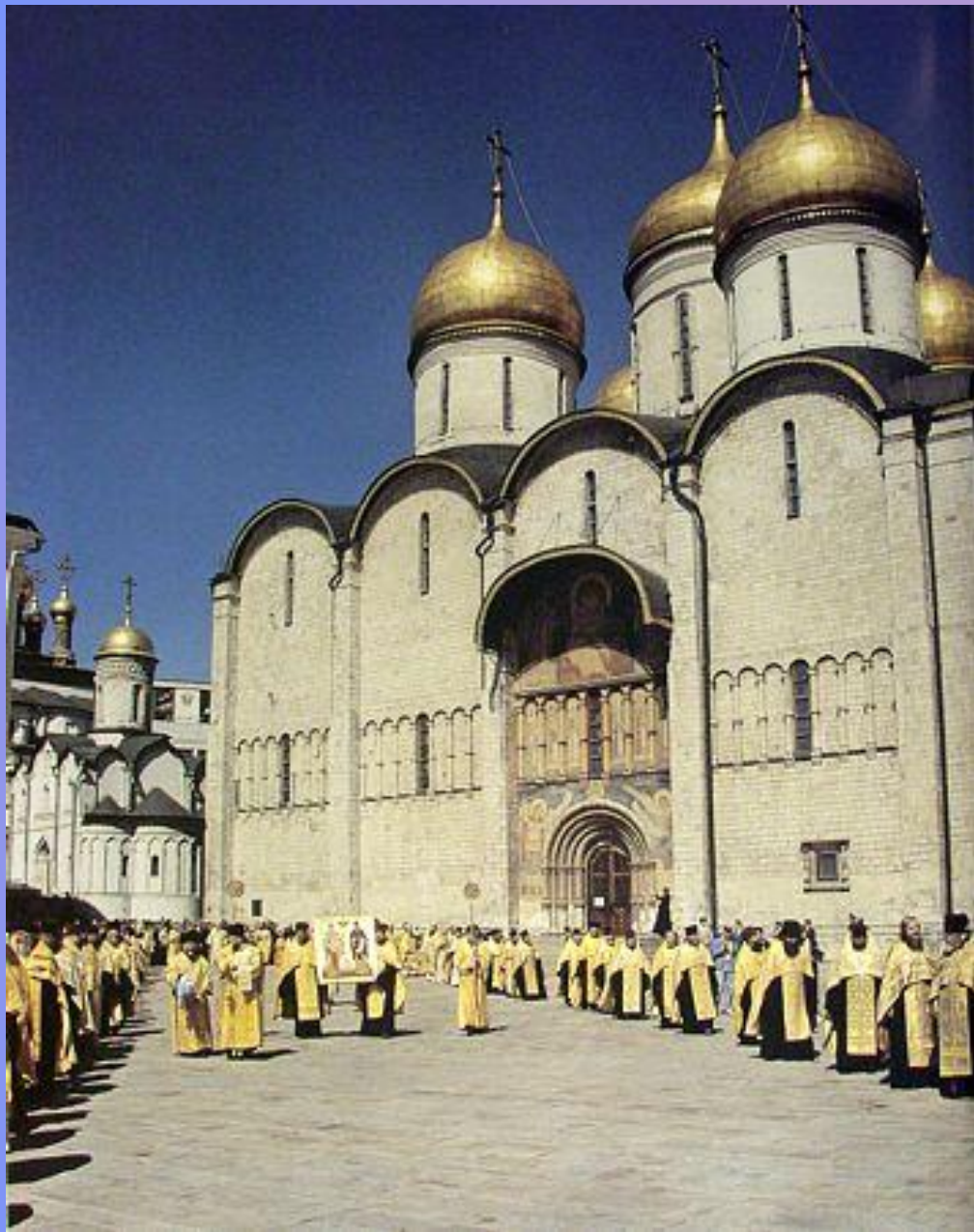
The Moscow Kremlin achieved its present appearance by the end of XV century.



The Cathedral of the Assumption stands(Успенский собор)

**On the northern side
of Cathedral Square
in the Kremlin
is the Cathedral
of the
Assumptionstands.**





It was the main church of the Kremlin built in 1475. It was the place where tzars were crowneed and it was the burial place of metropolitans.

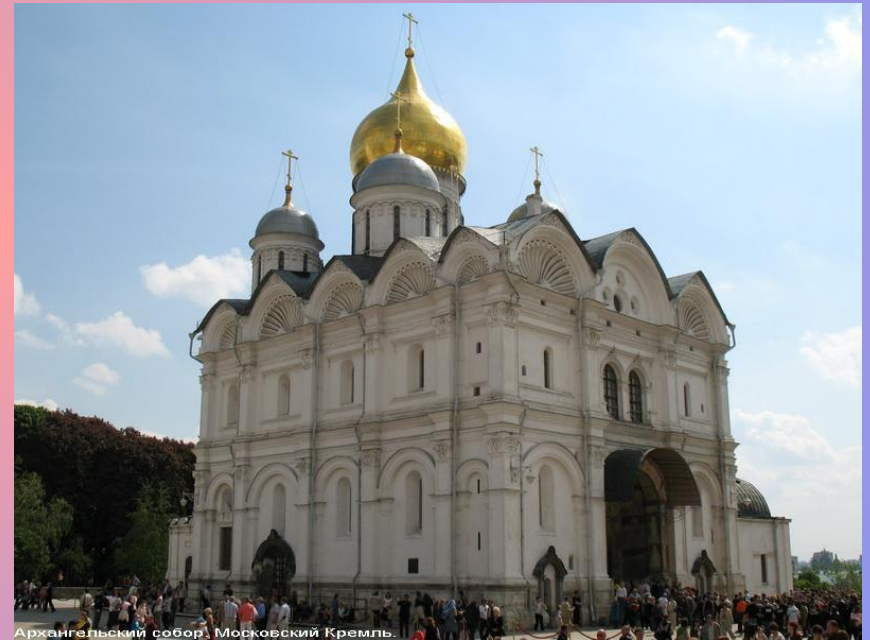
The Cathedral of the Annunciation (Благовещенский собор)

- **Closer to the river there is the Cathedral of the Annunciation .**
- **It was the home chapel of the Russian princes and tzars.**

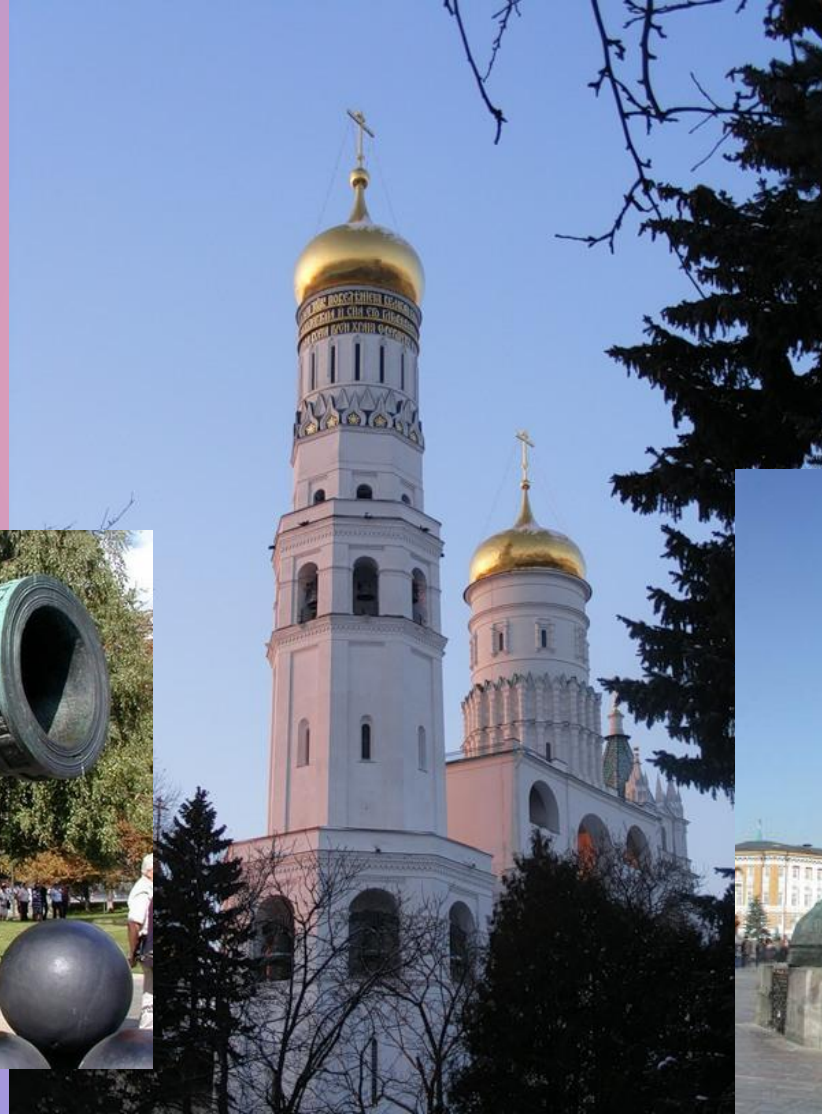


The Arkhangelsky Cathedral (Архангельский собор)

- **The Arkhangelsky Cathedral , another relic of Russian architecture.**
- **It was the burial place of the Moscow grand bukes and tzars.**



At the foot of the Bell-Tower of Ivan the Great there is the Tzar-Bell and the Tzar-Cannon.



The Tzar-Bell

- **The Tzar-Bell weighs 200 tons**
 -
- **It is the largest bell in the world**
 -



The Tzar-Cannon



- The Tzar-Cannon weighs 40 tons .
- It's the largest gun in the world.

The Alexandrovsky Garden

The Alexandrovsky Garden is situated along the western Kremlin wall.



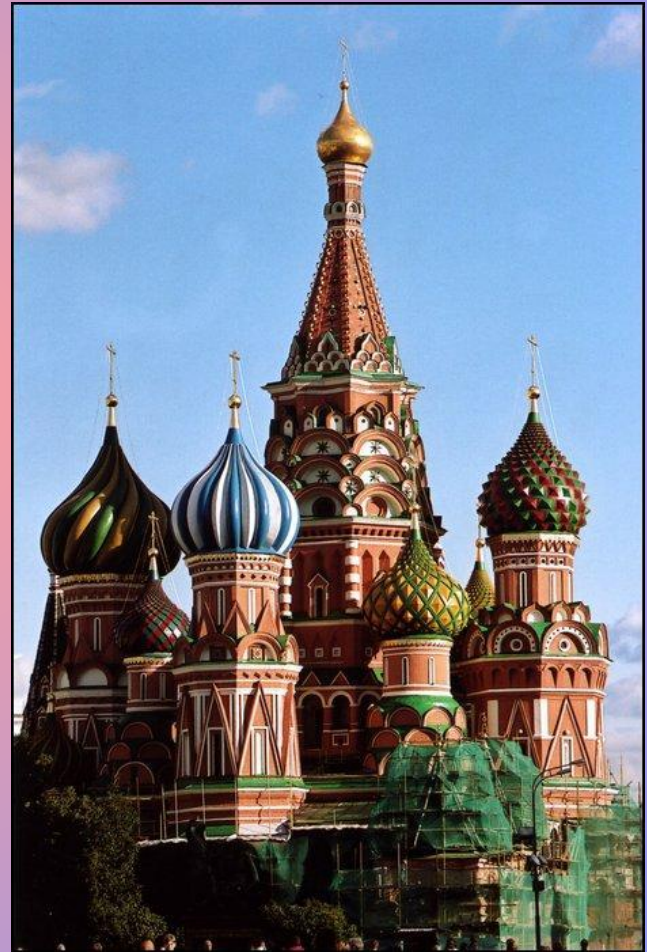
Tomb of the Unknown Soldier



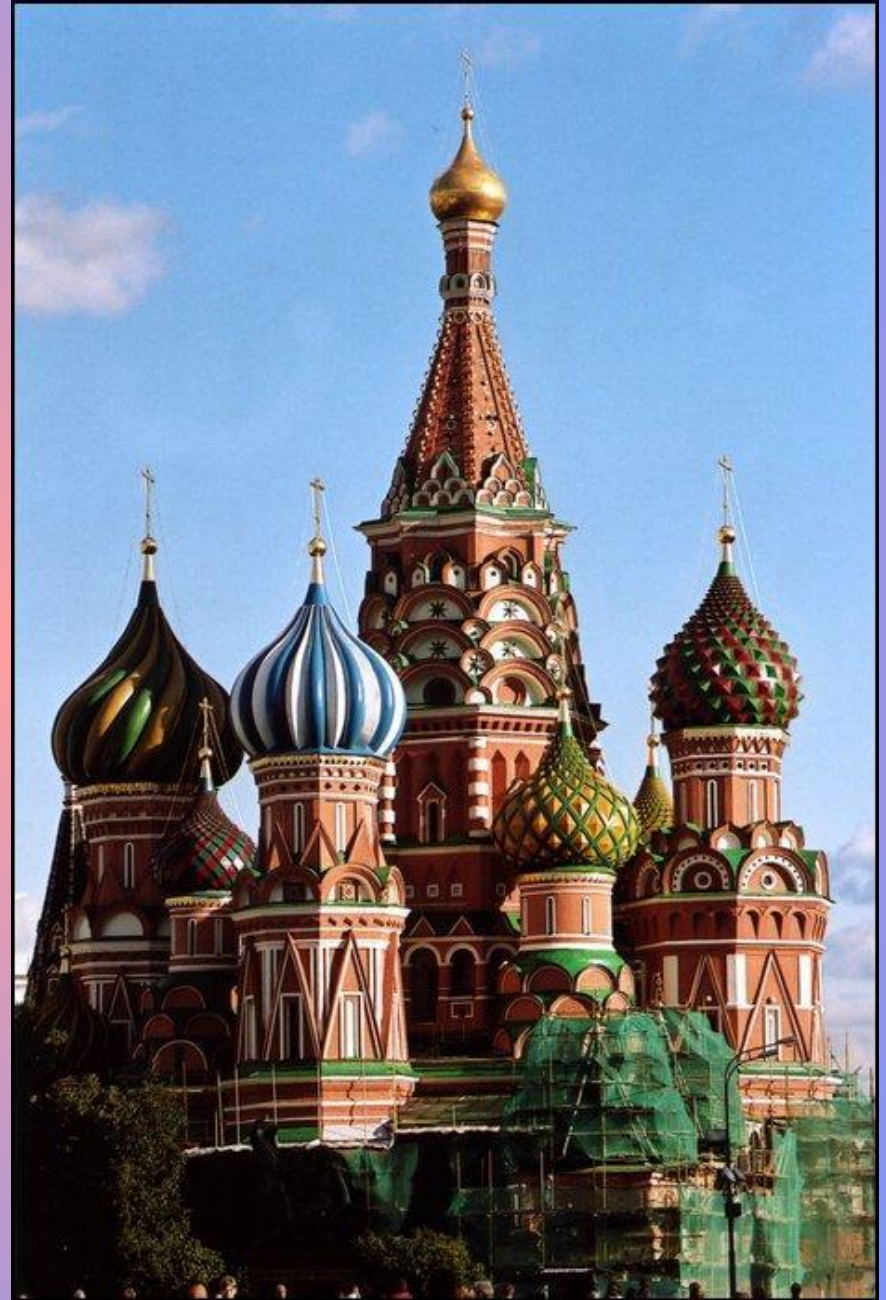
In the garden there is the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier.

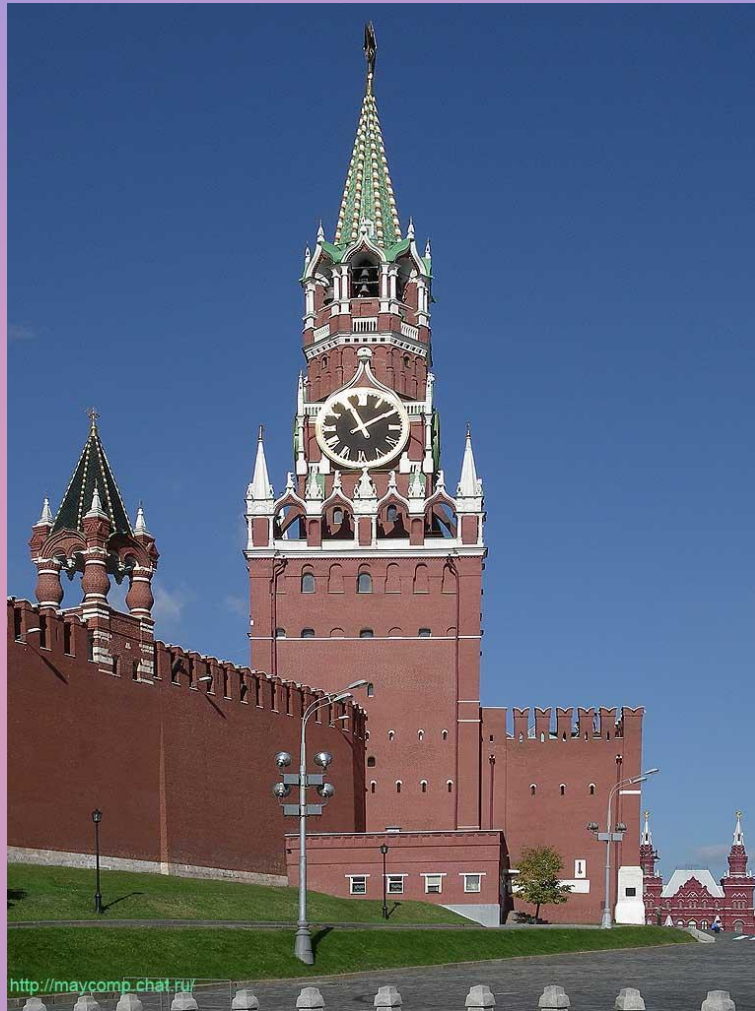
Cathedral of Saint Basil

**Beside the Spasskaya
Tower of the Kremlin
there is the Cathedral
of Saint Basil, built in
1555- 1561 by great
Russia architects
Barma and Postnik .**



**It has nine domes,
each of a different
colour and pattern .
Everybody admires
it's fantastic
beauty.**





The Moscow Kremlin is the best illustration of the history of Russia.

AUTHOR



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